NAVSHIPS 91254

UNCLASSIFIED

INSTRUCTION BOOK

for

TUBE TESTER TV-3/U

Manufactured by

THE HICKOK ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY

10514 DuPont Avenue

Cleveland 8, Ohio

for

U. S. NAVY DEPARTMENT

BUREAU OF SHIPS

LIST OF EFFECTIVE PAGES

PAGE NUMBERS	CHANGE IN EFFECT	PAGE NUMBERS	CHANGE IN EFFECT
Title Page	ORIGINAL	6-0 to 6-0	ORIGINAL
A to C	ORIGINAL	7-1 to 7-15	ORIGINAL
i to v	ORIGINAL	8-0 to 8-26	ORIGINAL
1-0 to 1-4	ORIGINAL		
2-1 to 2-7	ORIGINAL		
3-0 to 3-0	ORIGINAL		
4-1 to 4-26	ORIGINAL		
5-1 to 5-1	ORIGINAL		

ADDRESS NAVY DEPARTMENT BUREAU OF SHIPS

NAVY DEPARTMENT

REFER TO FILE No.

BUREAU OF SHIPS WASHINGTON 25, D.C.



Code 993-100

29 September 1949

To: All Activities Concerned with the Installation, Operation and Maintenance of the Subject Equipment.

Subj: Instruction Book for Tube Tester TV-3/U (NAVSHIPS 91254).

- 1. NAVSHIPS 91254 is the Instruction Book for the subject equipment and is in effect upon receipt.
- 2. When superseded by a later edition, this publication shall be destroyed.
- 3. Extracts from this publication may be made to facilitate the preparation of other Navy instruction books and hand-books.
- 4. All requests for NAVSHIPS Electronics publications should be directed to the nearest District Publications and Printing Office. When changes or revised books are distributed, notice will be included in the applicable maintenance bulletin and the BUSHIPS ELECTRON.

D. H. CLARK Chief of Bureau

RECORD OF CORRECTIONS MADE

CHANGE NO.	DATE	SIGNATURE OF OFFICER MAKING CORRECTION

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	SECTION I-GENERAL DESCRIPTION			SECTION 5-OPERATORS MAINTENANCE	
Parag	raph	Page	Parag	raph	Page
1.	Purpose	1-1	1.	Line Cord and Plug	5-1
	Reference Data	1-1	2.		5-1.
	Equipment Lists—Tables 1-1 and 1-2	1-2	3.		5-1
	Vacuum Tube Complement	1-2		Pilot Lamp	5-1
	Accessories—Table 1-3	1-2		Neon Lamp	5-1
٦.	recessories rable ry	1-2		Tubes	5-1
	SECTION 2-THEORY OF OPERATION				
	Tube Tester Requirements	2-1		SECTION 6-PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	
2.	Theory of Operation of Tube Tester				
	Section	2-1	1.	Precautionary Measures	6-1
	Power Supply	2-2			
4.	Line Voltage Test	2-2			
5.	Short Test	2-2			
6.	Noise Test	2-4		SECTION 7-CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE	
7.	Rectifier Test	2-4	0	Failure Reports	7-1
8.	Mutual Conductance Test	2-4			7-2
9.	Gas Test	2-5		Fuse Lamp	7-2
10.	Analyzer Section	2-5		Pilot Lamp Neon Lamp	-
	a. Volts A.C. and D.C.	2-5		-	7-2
	b. Ohms X1 and X100	2-5	4.	Tubes	7-2
	c. Capacity	2-6	5.	Test Leads	7-2
	d. Milliamperes	2-6		Schematic Wiring Diagram	7-2
	F	_ ,	7.	Voltage and Calibration Check	7-3
				a(1) Switch Settings	7-3
	SECTION 3-INSTALLATION AND			a(2) Plate Voltage Check	7-3
	INITIAL ADJUSTMENTS			a(3) Screen Voltage Check	7-3
		2.1		a(4) Bias Voltage Check	7-3
	Tube Tester Section	3-1		a(5) Signal Voltage Check	7-3
2.	Analyzer Section	3-1		a(6) Filament Voltage Check	7-4
			8.	Resistance Check for Multimeter	
				Section	7-4
	SECTION 4-OPERATION		9.	Copper Oxide Rectifier	7-4
1.	General	4-1			
2.	The Controls	4-1			
3.	Tube Test Data	4-3			
	Operational Procedure	4-3		SECTION 8-PARTS LISTS	
	a. When the Model TV-3/U is used	-	Table		Page
	as a Tube Tester	4-3	8-1	Weights and Dimensions of Spare	
	b. When the TV-3/U is used as a			Parts Boxes	8-1
	Multimeter	4-24	8-2	Shipping Weights and Dimensions	
	(1) Volts D.C.	4-24		of Spare Parts Boxes	8-1
	(2) Volts A.C.	4-24	8-3	List of Major Units	8-1
	(3) Ohms	4-24	8-4	Combined Parts and Repair Parts	
	(4) Capacity	4-24		List	8-2
	(5) To Check Small Capacitors		8-5	Cross Reference Parts List	8-22
	(.0001 to .05 Mfd.)	4-25	8-6	Applicable Color Codes, Resistors	8-24
		4-26	0.7		0.35
	(6) Milliamperes D.C.	4-20	8- 7	Applicable Color Codes, Capacitors	8-25

ORIGINAL

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figure	Title	Page	Figure	Title	Page
1-1	Tube Tester TV-3/U with Cover Removed	1-0	2-14	Basic Block Diagram of Tube Tester TV-3/U	2-7
1-2	Tube Tester TV-3/U with Cover Closed	1-3	4-1	Front View of Tube Tester TV-3/U Showing Controls by Symbol Desig.	4-2
1-3	Tube Tester TV-3/U Test Leads and Lead Compartment	1-3	4-2	Socket Numbering	4-6
2-1	Rectifier Diagram Illustrating Theory	2-1	4-3	Basing Diagrams for Sub-Miniature Tubes	4-7
2-2			4-4	Top View of Socket X-112	4-7
2-3	Illustrating Theory Simplified Power Supply Circuit	2-2 2-3	4-5	Conversion Chart for Capacity Measurements at Frequencies Other	
2-4	Simplified Line Voltage Test Circuit	2-2		Than 60 Cycles	4-25
2-5	Simplified Short Test Circuit	2-2	7-1	Voltage Calibration Check Diagram	7-3
2-6	Simplified Rectifier Test Circuit	2-4	7-2	Internal View of Tube Tester TV- 3/U (Front Left Oblique)	7-6
2-7	Simplified Mutual Conductance Test Circuit	2-4	7-3	Internal View of Tube Tester TV- 3/U (Front Right Oblique)	7-7
2-8	Simplified Gas Test Circuit	2-5	7.6		, ,
2-9	Simplified Voltmeter Circuit	2-5	/-4	Internal View of Tube Tester TV- 3/U (Rear Left Oblique)	7-8
2-10	Simplified Ohmmeter Circuit Ohms X1 Range	2-6	7-5	Internal View of Tube Tester TV- 3/U (Rear Right Oblique)	7-9
2-11	Simplified Ohmmeter Circuit Ohms X100 Range	2-6	7-6	Schematic Wiring Diagram Tube Tester TV-3/U	7-11
2-12	Simplified Capacity Test Circuit	2-6	7-7	Transformer Diagram	7-13
	Simplified Milliammeter Circuit	2-6	7-8	Trouble Shooting Chart	7-15
	LIS	Г ОБ	TABL	ES	
Table	Title	Page	Table	Title	Page
1-1	Equipment Supplied	1-2	7-1	Filament Voltage Chart	7-4
1-2	Equipment Required But Not Supplied	1-2	7-2	Point to Point Resistance Check for Multimeter Section	7-5
1-3	Accessories and Operating Spares Supplied	1-2	8-1	Weights and Dimensions of Spare Parts Boxes	8-1
4-1	Short Test Chart	4-4	8-2	Shipping Weights and Dimensions	
4-2	RMA Socket Numbering Chart	4-7		of Spare Parts Boxes	8-1
4-3	Tube Test Data Chart	4-8		List of Major Units	8-1
4-4	Test Data for Sub-Miniature Tubes	4-19	8-4	Combined Parts and Spare Parts List by Symbol Designation	8-2
4-5	Ballast Tube Test Chart	4-20	8-5	Cross Reference Parts List	8-22
4-6	Capacity to Voltage Conversion	/ 3/	8-6	Applicable Color Codes, Resistors	8-24
/ =	Table for Small Capacitors	4-26	8-7	Applicable Color Codes, Capacitors	8-25
4-7	Conversion from Capacity Reading to Inductance	4-26	8-8	List of Manufacturers	8-26

CONTRACTURAL GUARANTEE

The Contractor guarantees that at the time of delivery thereof the articles provided for under this contract will be free from any defects in material or workmanship and will conform to the requirements of this contract. Notice of any such defect or nonconformance shall be given by the Government to the Contractor within one year of the delivery of the defective or nonconforming article, unless a different period of Guaranty is specified in the schedule. If required by the Government within a reasonable time after such notice, the Contractor shall, with all possible speed, correct or replace the defective or nonconforming article or part thereof. When such correction or replacement requires transportation of the article or part thereof, shipping costs, not exceeding the usual charges, from the delivery point to the Contractor's plant and return, shall be borne by the Contractor; the Government shall bear all other shipping costs. This Guaranty shall then continue as to corrected or replacing articles or, if only parts of such articles are corrected or replaced, to such corrected or replacing parts, until one year after the date of redelivery, unless a different period of Guaranty is specified in the schedule. If the Government does not require a correction or replacement of a defective or nonconforming article, the Contractor, if required by the contracting officer, within a reasonable time after the notice of defect or nonconformance, shall repay such portion of the contract price of the article as is equitable in the circumstances.

INSTALLATION RECORD

Contract Number NObsr 42081 Contract Number NObsr 43282	Date of Contract 27 January 1948 Date of Contract 18 May 1949
Serial Number of Equipment	
Date of Acceptance by the Navy	
Date of Delivery to Contract Destination	
Date of Completion of Installation	
Date Placed in Service	

Blank spaces in this table shall be filled in at time of installation.

REPORT OF FAILURE

Report of failure of any part of this equipment, during its entire service life, shall be made to the Bureau of Ships in accordance with current regulations, using form NAVSHIPS NBS 383 (revised) except for Marine Corps equipment, in which case the "Signal Equipment Failure Report" form shall be used and distributed in accordance with instructions pertaining thereto. The report shall cover all details of the failure and give the date of installation of the equipment. For procedure in reporting failures see Chapter 67 of the BUREAU OF SHIPS MANUAL or superseding instructions.

ORDERING PARTS

All requests or requisitions for replacement material should include the following data:

- 1. Standard Navy stock number or, when ordering from a Marine Corps or Signal Corps supply depot, the Signal Corps stock number.
- 2. Name and short description of part.

If the appropriate stock number is not available the following shall be specified:

- 1. Equipment model or type designation, circuit symbol, and item number.
- 2. Name of part and complete description.
- 3. Manufacturer's designation.
- 4. Contractor's drawing and part number.
- 5. JAN or Navy type number.

SAFETY NOTICE

The attention of officers and operating personnel is directed to Chapter 67 of the BUREAU OF SHIPS MANUAL or superseding instructions on the subject of radio-safety precautions to be observed.

The use of this equipment involves voltages which are dangerous and may be fatal if contacted by operating personnel. Extreme caution should be exercised when working on equipment employing high voltages.

While every practicable safety precaution has been incorporated in ship and shore electronic equipment, the following rules must be strictly observed:

KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS.

Operating personnel must at all times observe all safety regulations. Do not change tubes or make adjustment inside equipment with high voltage supply on. Under certain conditions dangerous potentials may exist in circuits with power controls in the off position due to charges retained by capacitors.

To avoid casualties always remove power and discharge and ground circuits prior to touching them.

DON'T SERVICE OR ADJUST ALONE.

Under no circumstances should any person reach within or enter the enclosure for the purpose of servicing or adjusting the equipment without the immediate presence of assistance of another person capable of rendering aid.

DON'T TAMPER WITH INTERLOCKS.

Do not depend upon door switches or interlocks for protection, but always shut down motor generators or other power equipment. Under no circumstances should any access, gate, door, or safety interlock switch be removed, short-circuited, or tampered with in any way, by other than authorized maintenance personnel, nor should reliance be placed upon the interlock switches for removing voltages from the equipment.

RESUSCITATION

AN APPROVED POSTER ILLUSTRATING THE RULES FOR RESUSCITATION BY THE PRONE PRESSURE METHOD SHALL BE PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED IN EACH RADIO, RADAR, OR SONAR ENCLOSURE. POSTERS MAY BE OBTAINED UPON REQUEST TO THE BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY.

ORIGINAL



Figure 1-1. Tube Tester TV-3/U with Cover Removed

SECTION I

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1. PURPOSE.

This handbook is intended for use with the Tube Tester TV-3/U (see Figure 1-1) described in the following paragraphs and contains information essential to the operation and maintenance of the equipment.

a. GENERAL.—The TV-3 U is a portable Tube Tester of the Dynamic Mutual Conductance type designed to test and measure the mutual conductance values of electron tubes of the receiving types and many of the smaller transmitting types. A Multimeter section, using the same indicator, is also incorporated in the equipment permitting measurements of ac and dc volts, dc mils, resistance and capacity in the ranges listed in paragraph 2j of this section. The entire equipment is enclosed in an aluminum carrying case with a built-in compartment for accessories and operating or running spare parts. The cover of the case is secured by means of two draw bolts. Two slip hinges permit the removal of the cover if desired. Two Instruction Sheets for the Tube Tester section and the Multimeter section are mounted on the inside surface of the cover for ready reference. A suitable carrying handle is provided.

2. REFERENCE DATA.

- a. Nomenclature: Tube Tester TV-3/U.
- b. Contract Number: NObsr-42081 and NObsr-43282.
 - c. Contractor: The Hickok Electrical Instrument Co.
- d. Cognizant Naval Inspector: Inspector of Naval Material, Cleveland, Ohio.
- e. Number of Packages Involved per Complete Shipment of One Equipment Including Equipment Spare Parts: One.
- f. Total Cubical Contents Including Equipment Spares:

Crated: Uncrated:

- g. Total Weight Including Equipment Spares:
 Crated:
 - Uncrated:
- b. Characteristics of Power Supply Required for Operation: 105 to 125 Volts ac at 50 to 1600 Cycles, Single Phase. 50 Watts Min. at 60 cycles.
 - i. Current Drain: 0.33 Amps.
 - j. Meter Ranges:

(1) Micromhos: 0 to 3000, 0 to 6000,

0 to 15,000.

(2) A.C. and D.C. Volts: 0 to 20, 0 to 200,

0 to 500, 0 to 1000.

Sensitivity on all ranges 1000 ohms per volt.

(3) D.C. Milliamperes: 0 to 20, 0 to 200.

) Posistance: 0 to 1 More

(4) Resistance: 0 to 1 Megohm, 0 to 100 Megohms.

(5) Capacity: 0 to 5 Microfarads, 0 to 50 Microfarads.

k. Accuracy:

- (1) D.C. Ranges: Plus-minus 3% of full scale deflection at temperatures between plus 10° and plus 25° C.; Plus-minus 5% of full scale deflection at temperatures between 0 and 50° C.
- (2) A.C. Ranges: Plus-minus 5% of full scale deflection between plus 10° and plus 25° C.; Plus-minus 6% of full scale deflection between 0 and 50° C.
- (3) Resistance Ranges: Plus-minus 5% at mid scale values at normal room temperatures, approx. 20° C.
- (4) Micromhos: Plus or minus 10% on all ranges.

3. EQUIPMENT LISTS.

TABLE 1-1. EQUIPMENT SUPPLIED

QUAN- TITY PER EQUIP- MENT	NAME OF UNIT OR ACCESSORY	Symbol Desig.	NAVY TYPE DESIGNA- TION	DII A-	OVERALI MENSIOI UNCRAT 3-CRATED	NS ED	VOLUME A-UNCR. B-CR.	WEIGHT A-UNCR. B-CR.
				н	w	D		
1	1. TUBE TESTER		TV-3/U	A 678.	1634	1078	A 1125	A 19 lbs.
							cu in	
				(B	— E Х	POR	T PAC	K)
				131/8"	2234"	1912"	5850 cu in	52 lbs.
				(B	D 0	MES	TIC PA	С К)
				1012"	20"	17"	3580 cu in	35 lbs.
		1						

TABLE 1-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED.

QUANTITY	NAME OF UNIT	REQUIRED CHARACTERISTICS
1	A.C. Power Source	Capable of supplying 50 to 1600 cycles, 115 Volts p/m 10% A.C., single phase, 50 watts.

4. VACUUM TUBE COMPLEMENT.

The Tube Tester TV-3/U requires one each of the following type vacuum tubes for operation:

ELECTRON TUBE TYPE	QUANTITY
JAN-5Y3GT	1
JAN-83	1

5. ACCESSORIES.

TABLE 1-3. ACCESSORIES AND OPERATING SPARES SUPPLIED

QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL DESIGNATION
1	LEAD; Grid and Plate, for Lighthouse Tubes	W-101
1	LEAD; Capacity Test	W-102
1	LEAD; Plate Connector	W-103
1	LEAD; Red Test Prod for Multimeter	W-104
1	LEAD; Black Test Prod for Multimeter	W-105
1	LEAD; Grid Connector	W-106
1	PILOT LAMP	E-101
2	FUSE LAMPS	E-102
1	NEON LAMP	E-103

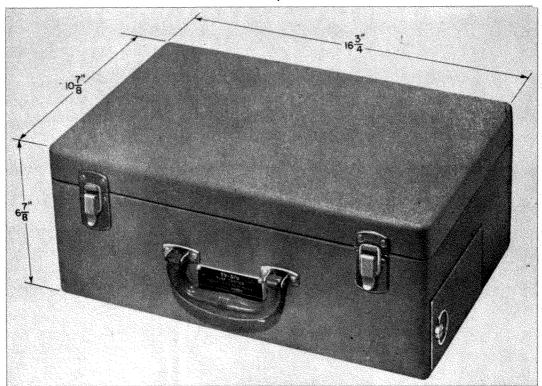


Figure 1-2. Tube Tester TV-3/U with Cover Closed

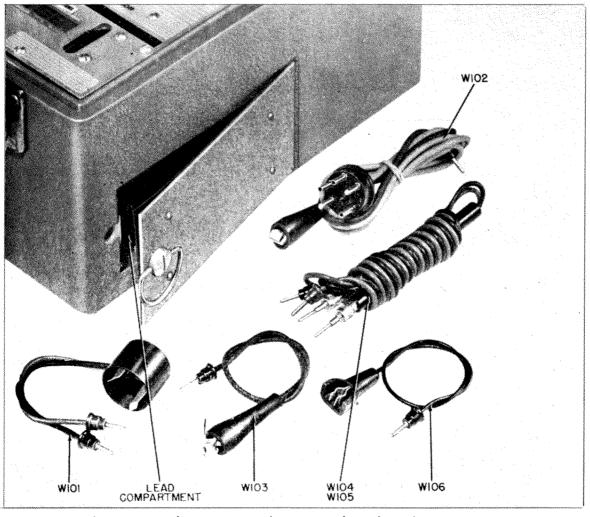


Figure 1-3. Tube Tester TV-3/U Test Leads and Lead Compartment

READ INSTRUCTIONS
CAREFULLY BEFORE
ATTEMPTING TO
OPERATE THIS
EQUIPMENT

SECTION 2 THEORY OF OPERATION

1. TUBE TESTER REQUIREMENTS.

- a. Electron tubes supplied to the Armed Forces are in nearly all cases procured under either JAN Specifications or other military specifications, which impose rigid controls on the processes of manufacturing, handling, and transportation of the tubes to insure delivery of the highest possible quality tubes to the Services.
- b. It is necessary, however, to provide some means of determining the condition of new replacement tubes and also the condition of tubes which have been in service for some time.
- c. Of the several methods employed for testing electron tubes, the Dynamic Mutual Conductance or Transconductance test is recognized as the most accurate means available without resorting to the use of complex and cumbersome laboratory equipment. This tube tester, therefore, employs the Dynamic Mutual Conductance test method, and the mutual conductance of the tube under test is indicated on the meter scale directly in micromhos.

Note

The terms mutual conductance and transconductance are used interchangeably. Either term may be defined as the ratio of a small change in plate current to the corresponding change in control grid voltage which produced it. Values of mutual conductance are expressed in Micromhos. The symbol $G_{\rm m}$ is used to represent mutual conductance or transconductance in various mathematical representations of tube characteristics and their relationships.

- d. In addition to the mutual conductance test it is essential that the tube tester provide adequate means of testing for shorted elements and excessive gas content.
- e. In the case of tubes of the diode type, tubes having no grid, a straight emission test must be employed rather than the mutual conductance test.
- f. Some means of adjusting the voltage input to the Tube tester must be provided to maintain the proper test potentials at all elements under varying conditions of line voltage.

2. THEORY OF OPERATION OF TUBE TESTER SECTION.

(See Figures 2-1 and 2-2)

a. Examine first the simple full-wave rectifier circuit shown in Figure 2-1. The two power transformer secondary windings have their inner ends connected to a direct-current milliammeter. Across the milliammeter is a center-tapped resistor $R_{\rm M}$. The load is shown as a resistance $R_{\rm L}$, connected between the center tap and the rectifier filament as in any full-wave rectifier circuit.

When rectifier plate P_2 is positive, electron flow is through the upper half of R_M , and the meter tends to deflect in one direction. When P_1 is positive, electron flow is through the lower half of R_M , and the meter tends to deflect in the other direction. With the load resistance fixed and equal forces acting on the meter in both cases, the meter stays at zero because it cannot follow variations at the power line frequency.

- b. If the electron tube to be tested is substituted for the fixed load resistance, and a fixed bias E is applied to the tube as in Figure 2-2, the meter will still read zero because an electron tube under steady-state conditions acts like a fixed resistance.
- c. If an ac potential is applied to the grid of the tube under test in addition to the dc bias, the circuit becomes equivalent to that employed for quality and mutual conductance tests in Tube Tester TV-3/U. When this ac potential swings the grid positive, the plate current of the tube is increased, and when the plate-cathode resistance is correspondingly lowered, more current flows through R_M and the deflecting force on the meter is greater than before. When the grid swings negative on the other half-cycle, the resistance of the tube under test is increased and the deflecting force on the meter is less. With unbalanced currents on adjacent half-cycles and consequent unequal forces on the meter, the meter reading becomes proportional to the difference in currents. Since this difference is created by the ac grid potential, the meter indicates the plate-current changes produced by the applied grid voltage change, or in other words, the meter indicates mutual conductance.

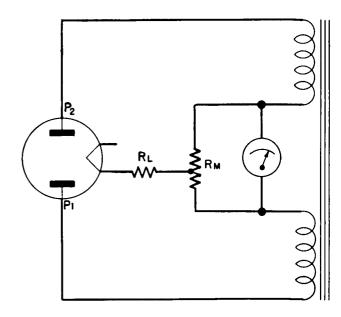


Figure 2-1. Rectifier Diagram
Illustrating Theory

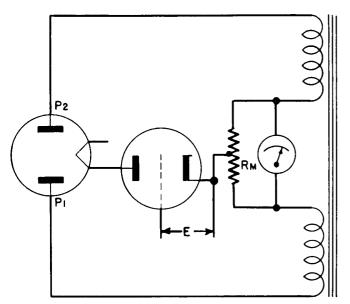


Figure 2-2. Basic Mutual Conductance Circuit
Illustrating Theory

3. POWER SUPPLY.

(See Figure 2-3 opposite page)

- a. The power transformer, T101, is supplied with primary voltage from a 105 to 125 volt 50 to 1600 cycle line through power ON-OFF switch S106, LINE ADJUST control R113, and FUSE lamp E102. The LINE ADJUST control, when operated in conjunction with the line test circuit, standardizes the voltage across the primary of T101 at 93 volts.
- b. Secondary #1 of power transformer T101 consists of a multi-tapped winding designed to supply the various filament or heater voltages for the tubes under test. Voltages shown on Figure 2-3 are measured under load. No load voltages will be somewhat higher. For example; no load voltage measured from point (H) to point (I) will be approximately 124 volts with 93 volts on the primary. Secondary #1 also supplies voltage for rectifier emission tests.
- c. Secondarys #2 and #3 supply approximately 170 volts ac to the plates of the type 83 tube V101, which supplies plate voltage to the tube under test. Secondary #2 is also tapped at 20 volts to supply voltage for diode emission tests.
- d. Secondary #4, a center tapped 5 volt winding, supplies filament voltage for the type 83 rectifier tube V101.
- e. Secondary #5 supplies the signal voltage for mutual conductance tests, 5 volts ac.
- f. Secondary #6, 320 volts center tapped, supplies the plates of the screen voltage rectifier V102, a type 5Y3GT tube, a voltage divider system, R113, R114, R115, BIAS control R116, and adjustable resistor R118 across, the output of V102 provides the bias voltage for mutual conductance tests.
- g. Secondary #7, 5 volts center tapped, supplies the filament of the type 5Y3 tube, V102.

4. LINE VOLTAGE TEST.

(See Figure 2-4)

- a. Pressing the LINE ADJ. push button P7 connects the METER, M101, through resistor R101 and copper oxide rectifier CR 101 to points (H) and (I) of the power supply (Figure 2-3).
- b. The values of R101 in series with the meter and R131 and R133 in shunt are such that 124 volts rms across (H) and (I) of the power supply will cause the METER M101 to read 100 volts or LINE TEST.
- c. The design of the power transformer T101 is such that 93 volts applied to the primary winding will induce 124 volts across the total secondary #2 winding or across points (H) and (I).
- d. Therefore, if, with the LINE ADJ. push button P7 pressed down, the LINE ADJUST CONTROL R113 is turned until the pointer of the METER, M101, is exactly over the LINE TEST mark a standard voltage of 93 volts rms will be established across the primary winding of T101.

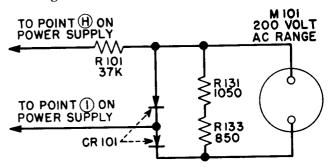


Figure 2-4. Simplified Line Voltage Test Circuit

5. SHORT TEST.

(See Figure 2-5)

- a. An ac potential of 93 volts rms from the primary of T101 is applied to the short test circuit through capacitor C105 and resistor R134. The neon lamp, E103, shunted by resistor R129 is connected in series with R134.
- b. Turning the SHORTS test switch S113 through position 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5 connects the various elements of the tube under test between the neon lamp E103 and capacitor C105. The SELECTORS must, of course, be set correctly for the particular tube. Any shorts between the elements will complete the circuit from capacitor C105 to the neon lamp E103 causing it to glow.

TO TERMINALS OF TUBE

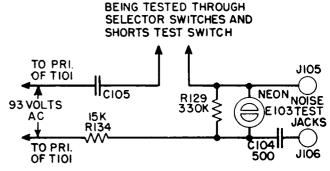


Figure 2-5. Simplified Short Test Circuit

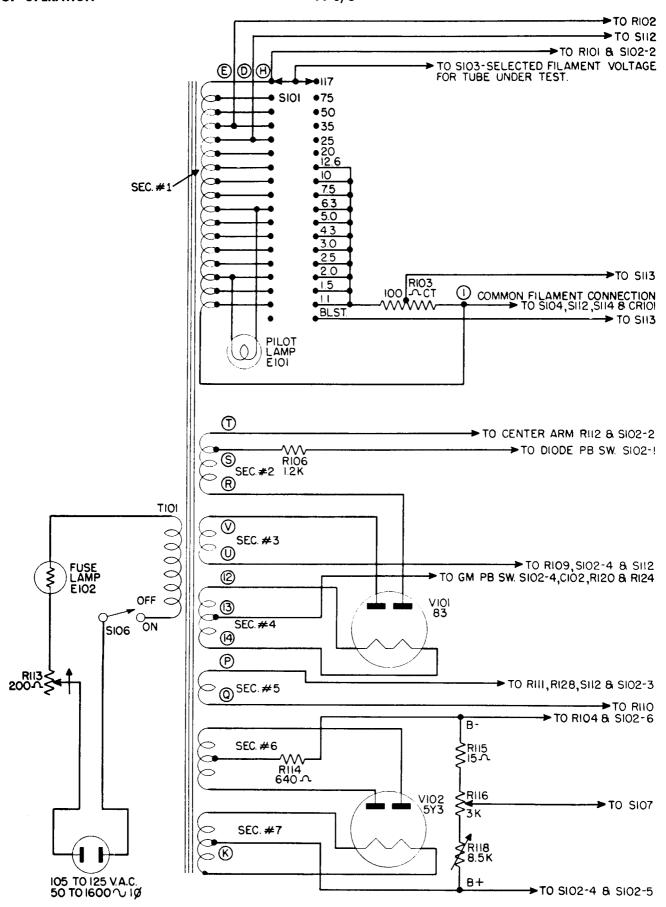


Figure 2-3. Simplified Power Supply Circuit

6. NOISE TEST.

(See Figure 2-5)

- a. The short test circuit may also be used for making a noise test of electron tubes.
- b. Connect the NOISE TEST jacks, J106 and J107, to the antenna and ground posts of any radio receiver.
- c. Turn the SHORTS test switch S113 through positions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, meanwhile tapping the tube under test with a finger, or the eraser on a pencil. Intermittent disturbances between the electrodes too brief to register on the neon lamp will cause a momentary short, permitting the alternating voltage from the power supply to be applied to the neon lamp causing a brief oscillation. This oscillation will be reproduced by the loud speaker or headphones as an audible signal similar to static.

7. RECTIFIER TEST.

(See Figure 2-6)

TO POINT © ON POWER SUPPLY

TO POINT ON POWER SUPPLY

TO POINT ON POWER SUPPLY

MIOI

Figure 2-6. Simplified Rectifier Test Circuit

- a. Rectifier tubes and diode detector tubes can only be tested for emission. The test circuit is therefore quite simple.
- b. Pressing RECTIFIER push button P3 applies an ac potential of 35 volts which is applied between the cathode and plate of the tube under test through resistor R102, and the METER, M101, causing the tube to rectify.
- c. The rectifying action of the tube under test will cause a direct current to flow through the meter. Since the current indicated by the meter is proportional to the electron emission of the tube, the meter reading may be taken as a measure of the tube's efficiency.
- d. A line on the meter scale marked RECTIFIER OK indicates the point above which rectifier tubes are considered satisfactory. Tubes reading below this line should be rejected.
- e. Pressing the OZ4 push button P2 sets up a circuit similar to Figure 2-6, but a higher voltage is applied, 287 volts ac.
- f. Pressing the DIODE push button P1 also establishes a circuit similar to Figure 2-6, but a lower voltage, 20 volts ac, is used to protect the delicate cathodes of these tubes.

8. MUTUAL CONDUCTANCE.

(See Figure 2-7)

a. The mutual conductance (g_m) of an amplifier-type vacuum tube, also called the grid-plate transconductance, is an expression representing the efficiency of

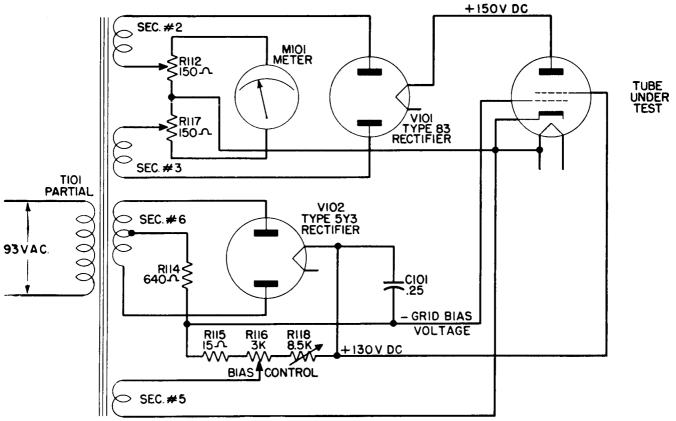


Figure 2-7. Simplified Mutual Conductance Test Circuit

performance of a tube as indicated by the *change in plate current* ($\triangle I_p$) divided by the *change in grid voltage* ($\triangle E_g$). The relation is generally written G_m = $i_p/\triangle e_g$. The value is expressed in micromhos and is a performance indication because it shows how effective a tube is in converting a small change in grid voltage (grid signal) to a large change in plate current.

- b. For the measurement of the mutual conductance value directly, the proper dc grid voltage for the tube under test is supplied by a full-wave rectifier circuit using a 5Y3G, V102 tube. Setting BIAS control potentiometer R116 at the value called for on the test data roll chart adjusts this negative bias voltage to the correct value for the particular tube under test.
- c. Alternating voltages of 5 volts rms from a separate secondary winding on the power transformer, T101, or 1 volt rms from a voltage divider consisting of R110 and R111, act in series with the grid bias as required for this type of test. This voltage alternately swings the grid in positive and negative directions from the dc bias value, thereby producing the grid-voltage ($\triangle E_g$) required for a dynamic test.
- d. The plate voltage for the tube under test is supplied by another full-wave rectifier circuit, using a type 83 tube, V101. The return lead contains the meter circuit which serves to measure the plate-current change ($\triangle I_p$). The meter circuit consists essentially of dual potentiometer R112 and R117 shunted across the METER, M101. Points on the dial I102 of this dual potentiometer serve to adjust the potentiometer for the three ranges of micromhos 3000-6000-15,000 for NORMAL HIGH SIGNAL (5 volts), and two ranges, 6000 and 15,000, for LOW SIGNAL (1 volt).

9. GAS TEST.

(See Figure 2-8)

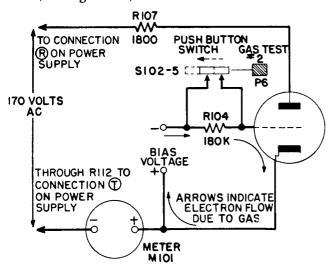


Figure 2-8. Simplified Gas Test Circuit

a. Pressing GAS-1 push button P5 applies definite values of plate voltage and grid bias voltage to the tube under test, causing a definite value of plate current to flow. This current is indicated on the METER, M101.

- b. Pressing GAS-2 push button P6 inserts a 180,000 ohms resistor, R104, in the grid circuit. If grid current is flowing from the bias voltage source through the grid circuit to the cathode due to gas in the tube, this current will develop a voltage drop across resistor R104. This voltage drop will reduce the negative bias on the grid, causing a corresponding increase in the plate current being measured by the METER, M101.
- c. If the tube contains gas the pointer of the meter will move up scale. This increase in meter reading should not exceed one scale division.

10. ANALYZER SECTION.

- a. Volts A.C. and D.C. (See Figure 2-9)
- (1) The voltmeter circuit consists of the METER, M101, shunted by resistors R131 and R133, with a

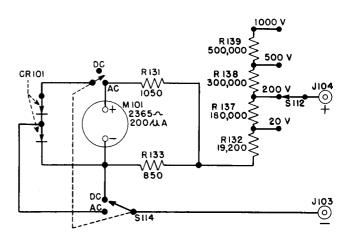


Figure 2-9. Simplified Voltmeter Circuit

network of series resistors R132-R137-R138-R139 connected to the point where R131 and R133 are joined.

- (2) The MASTER switch S112 connects the jack J104 to the proper tap of the series resistors for the voltmeter range selected.
- (3) For ac volts, the copper oxide rectifier CR101 is connected into the voltmeter circuit, by operating the switch S114 to the proper position.
 - b. OHMS X1 and X100. (See Figures 2-10 and 2-11)
- (1) The ohmmeter section consists of two ranges, ohms X1 and ohms X100. Each has a voltage divider network selected by the MASTER SWITCH S112, which also connects the meter across part of the voltage divider, so that it reads INF. or full scale when a standard voltage is applied by setting LINE ADJUST control R113.
- (2) The unknown resistance is connected to the test jacks J103 and J104, which parallels part of the divider network, changing the effective resistance of the divider.
 - (3) The meter scale indicates ohms directly.

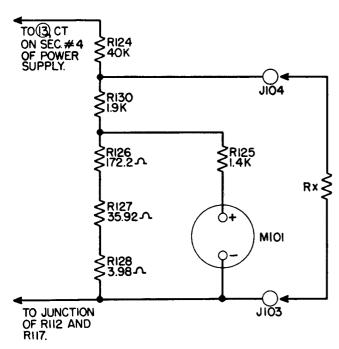


Figure 2-10. Simplified Ohmmeter Circuit for Ohms X1 Range

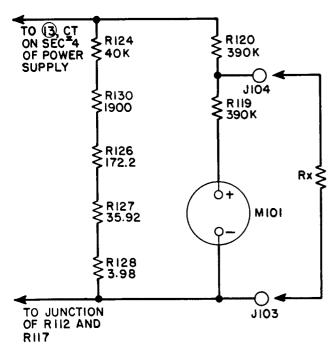


Figure 2-11. Simplified Ohmmeter Circuit for Ohms X100 Range

c. CAPACITY. (See Figure 2-12)

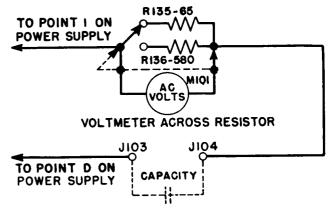


Figure 2-12. Simplified Capacity Test Circuit

- (1) A standard ac voltage is applied across the capacitor connected to J103 and J104, through resistor R135 or R136, depending on the range selected by MASTER switch S112.
- (2) The voltage drop across the series resistor, either R135 or R136, is measured by the meter, which is calibrated directly in microfarads.
 - d. MILLIAMPERES. (See Figure 2-13)

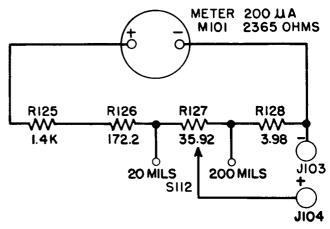
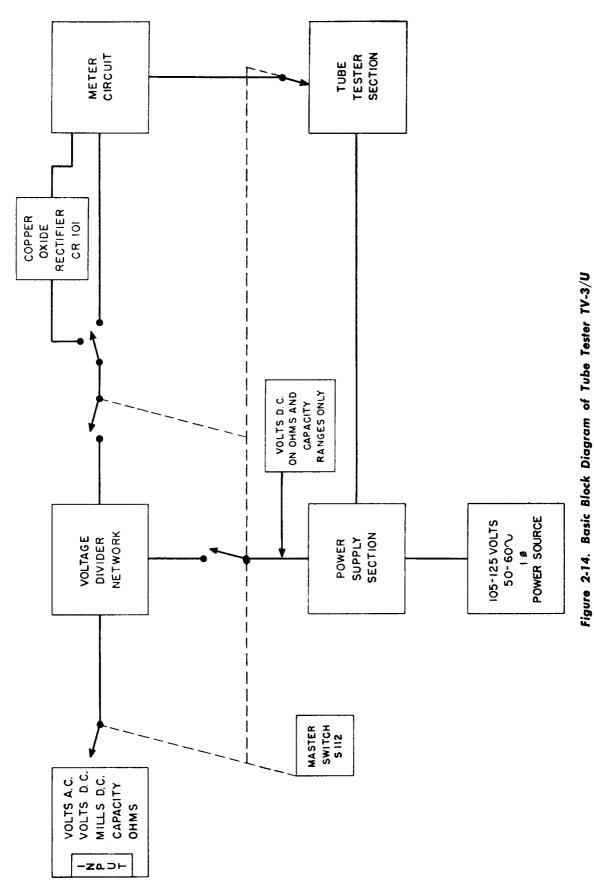


Figure 2-13. Simplified Milliammeter Circuit

- (1) The milliammeter, as shown in Figure 2-13 is of the conventional type and will measure up to 200 mils in two ranges, 0-20 and 0-200.
- (2) To avoid possible damage to the meter always use the highest range first.



SECTION 3 INSTALLATION AND INITIAL ADJUSTMENTS

1. TUBE TESTER SECTION.

- a. After carefully removing the Tube Tester TV-3 U from its shipping container, set the Tester up near a 105 to 125 volt 50-60 cycle ac outlet.
- b. Open the cover and uncoil the line cord. Check the FUSE lamp E102 and the neon lamp E103 to make sure they are properly seated in their sockets.
- c. Open the lead compartment in the end of the case and check the lead complement using Table 1-3 and Figure 1-3. In addition to the leads, a set of operating spares consisting of two FUSE lamps, one neon lamp, and one pilot lamp is also housed in this compartment.
- d. Plug the line cord into a 105 to 125 volt 50-60 cycle ac outlet, and throw the line switch \$106 to the ON position. The red panel indicator I101 should light. If it does not, unscrew the red jewel cover of indicator I101 and make sure that the pilot lamp E102 is properly seated in its socket. Should the indicator still fail to light, check pilot lamp E102 and the FUSE lamp E101 for open filaments; and, if necessary, replace from operating spares which will be found in the lead compartment.
- e. Press the LINE ADJ. button P7 and be sure that the pointer of meter M101 can be set to LINE TEST

by turning the LINE ADJUST knob. If this adjustment can be accomplished, the tube tester section is ready for operation.

2. ANALYZER SECTION.

- a. With the line cord connected to a 105 to 125 volt 50 to 1600 cycle ac source and the line switch S106 in the ON position, turn the master switch S112 to the OHMS X1 position.
- b. The pointer of the meter M101 will move up scale to the right.
- c. Turn LINE ADJUST knob of R113 until the pointer rests exactly over the end of the scale marked INF. (infinity).
- d. Insert the red and black Test leads W104 and W105 in the VOLTS-MILS-OHMS-CAP. jacks at the upper right hand corner of the panel.
- e. Short the ends of the test leads together. This should cause the pointer of the meter to return to zero.
- f. Repeat the steps outlined in paragraphs 2a through 2e above for OHMS X100, CAP. 5 MFD and CAP. 50 MFD settings of master switch S112.
- g. If proper meter indications and adjustments, as in steps "a" through "e" above, are obtained on these four ranges, the analyzer section is ready for operation.

SECTION 4 OPERATION

IMPORTANT: Read these instructions thoroughly before attempting to operate the Tube Tester TV-3/U.

1. GENERAL.

- a. Refer to the photograph of the Model TV-3/U, Figure 4-1, or preferably to the tester itself.
- (1) The tube sockets are grouped along the top edge and in the upper left hand section of the panel as follows. Along the top edge reading from left to right are standard sockets for 4-5-6 pin tubes, a dual socket for large and small radius 7 pin tubes, which also provides a pilot lamp test receptacle, an 8 pin octal socket, and an 8 pin loctal socket. A 7 pin miniature socket and a 9 pin, or noval miniature, are located directly below the 4 and 5 pin standard sockets respectively. An acorn tube socket designed to accommodate all tubes of this type now in use is located directly below the 6 pin socket. An 8 contact subminiature socket is located to the left of the 7 pin miniature socket.
- (2) For tubes having top grid connections, top plate connections, or both, use grid and plate leads, W106 and W103, Figure 1-3. For lighthouse type tubes use W101, Figure 1-3.
- (3) Leads supplied for use with the analyzer section are also illustrated in Figure 1-3. They are red and black test leads 48" long, W104 and W105 for VOLTS-MILS-OHMS and capacity measurements, and W102, a special lead for checking small capacitors from .0001 to .05 M.F.
- (4) All leads referred to in the preceding paragraphs are kept in the lead compartment in the end of the case.
- (5) The FUSE lamp serves both as a protective fuse and an overload indicator. This lamp will flash brightly when an overload is placed on the tube tester or the tube under test. When this occurs turn off the equipment immediately. A continued or excessive overload will, of course, burn out the FUSE lamp, and a replacement will be necessary. The red pilot lamp serves only as an ON-OFF indicator for the equipment.

2. THE CONTROLS.

- a. Power input to the TV-3/U is controlled by the ON-OFF switch, S106.
- b. The master switch S112, located in the upper right hand section of the panel, sets up the proper internal circuit connections for using the TV-3/U equipment for TUBE TEST, or for testing OHMS VOLTS (A.C. or D.C.) CAPACITY or MILS in the ranges provided.

- c. The LINE ADJUST, R113, controls the input voltage to the power transformer, T101, for proper standardization of the tube tester section, and also the ohms and capacity circuits.
- d. The FILAMENT voltage switch, S101, provides a selection of filament or heater voltages from 1.1 through 117 volts ac in seventeen steps. Another position on this switch, marked BLST., also provides for testing ballast tubes.
- e. SELECTORS; FILAMENT S103, FILAMENT S104, GRID S105, PLATE S108, SCREEN S109, CATHODE S110, and SUPPRESSOR S115 provide proper switching of the internal circuits to apply correct test voltages to the various pins of the tube under test.
- f. BIAS control R116 is used to adjust the bias voltage applied to the tube under test to the proper value.
- g. SHUNT control, a dual potentiometer R112 and R117, controls the sensitivity of the meter circuit to the proper level for the tube under test.
- b. SHORTS switch S113 has five short test positions which connect the various elements of the tube under test to the short test circuit containing the neon indicator lamp E103. A sixth switch position TUBE TEST connects the tube to the tube test circuits after short test is completed.
- i. NORMAL—LOW SIGNAL switch S107 provides a selection of either 5 volts or 1 volt ac for exciting the grid of the tube to be tested.
- j. Push button switches located in the center of the panel actuate the final circuit selector switches for the type of test to be made as follows:
- (1) P1 DIODE, test button for low power diodes such as type 6H6.
- (2) P2 OZ4, test button for cold cathode rectifiers such as type OZ4.
- (3) P3 RECT., test button for rectifiers such as types 5Y3, 6X4, 83, etc.
- (4) P4, RED test button. G_m or mutual conductance test button for testing amplifier tubes only. NEVER USE THIS BUTTON WHEN TESTING RECTIFIER TUBES.
 - (5) P5 and P6, No. 1 and No. 2 Gas test buttons.
 - (6) P7, test button for Line Adjust.

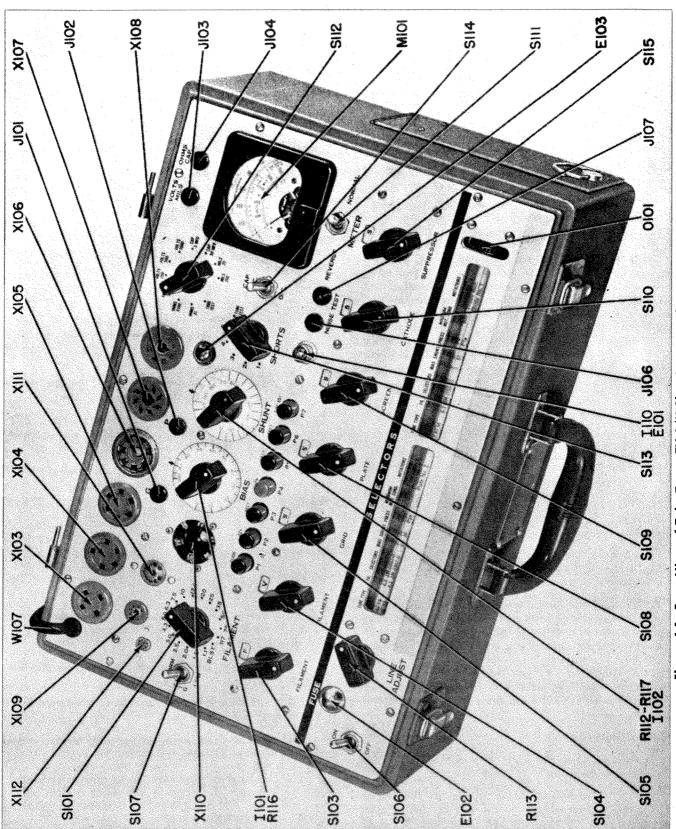


Figure 4-1. Front View of Tube Tester TV-3/U Showing Controls By Symbol Designation

- k. CAP. A.C.-D.C. switch S114 connects copper oxide rectifier in analyzer circuit for A.C. volts and CAPAC-ITY measurements only.
- l. METER—REVERSE—NORMAL switch reverses polarity of voltage applied to meter when testing certain types of tubes.
- m. Roller Index Chart I101, located at the bottom of the panel, is operated by a phenolic gear which protrudes through the panel in the lower right hand corner. Appropriate column headings on the panel just above the index window provide easy reference to tube test data printed on the roll chart.

3. TUBE TEST DATA.

- a. All information necessary for properly setting the tube test controls for the various tube types is tabulated on the roll chart in eight columns under the following headings, reading from left to right:
 - (1) TUBE TYPE: All currently available type numbers which the TV-3/U is designed to test are listed numerically in this column starting with type OOA and continuing through type 38142. Tubes having type letters only instead of numbers, such as XXB, are listed at the end of the numerical listing.
 - (2) FILAMENT: Correct filament or heater voltages for the tube types listed are shown in this column. FILAMENT voltage switch S101 must be adjusted accordingly BEFORE inserting a tube in any of the test sockets.
 - (3) SELECTORS: In this column are listed the correct settings for the two FILAMENT selector switches, \$103 and \$104, GRID selector switch \$105, PLATE selector \$108, SCREEN selector \$109, CATHODE selector \$110, and SUPPRESSOR \$115.

The settings follow the same order in which the switches appear on the panel reading from left to right.

- (4) BIAS: This column lists the proper settings for the BIAS dial 1101.
- (5) SHUNT: This column lists special settings for SHUNT dial 1102, and NORMAL—LOW SIGNAL switch S107. When no numerical setting is listed for this control on the Roll Chart, the dial should be set to the red dot marker for the micromhos range to be used.
- (6) PRESS: Under this heading are listed the correct test PUSH BUTTONS to be used for the various tube types and their individual sections in the case of certain multipurpose tubes.
- (7) MUT. CON.: In this column are the MINI-MUM, not average, mutual conductance values for amplifier tubes and amplifier sections of multipurpose tubes. Any tube showing a G_m or mutual conductance reading less than the value indicated in this column should be discarded.

- (8) NOTATIONS: Under this heading is listed special information pertaining to particular tube types.
- b. The roll chart is divided into left and right hand sections. The left hand section covering the tube type numbers from 00A through 12AT6, and the right hand section covering type numbers from 12AT7 through type XXL.
- c. All data shown on the roll chart is also contained in TABLE 4-2 of this section.

4. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURE.

- a. When the TV-3/U is to be used as a Tube Tester—
- (1) Plug the line cord W107 into an outlet supplying 105 to 125 volts ac at 50 to 1600 cycles.
- (2) Throw the line toggle switch S106 to the ON position. The panel indicator I110 should light.
- (3) Turn the MASTER SWITCH S112 to the position marked TUBE TEST.
- (4) Press the LINE ADJ. Push Button, P7, which will cause the pointer of the METER, M101, to move up scale to the right.
- (5) While still holding down Push Button P7, turn the knob of LINE ADJUST control R113 until the meter pointer rests exactly on the LINE TEST mark at the center of the meter scale. This establishes standard voltages for the tube tester.

Caution

DO NOT INSERT TUBE IN TEST SOCKET UNTIL CORRECT SETTINGS OF ALL CONTROLS HAVE BEEN MADE IN AC-CORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING STEPS:

- (6) Turn SHORTS switch S113 to position No. 1.
- (7) Operate the phenolic gear which turns the roll chart mechanism until the type number of tube to be tested appears just above the red index line.
- (8) Turn the knob of FILAMENT voltage switch S101 to the voltage indicated on the chart under FIL.
- (9) Insert the tube to be tested in the proper test socket, and recheck line voltage adjustment as in paragraph (4) and (5) above.
- (10) The SELECTORS: The operation of setting these seven dials is somewhat similar to dialing a telephone number. On the roll chart, below the word SELECTORS, are listed the dialing numbers. These numbers consist of two letters and five figures. It is only necessary to turn the knobs of the seven SELECTOR switches, FILAMENT, S103; FILAMENT, S104; GRID, S105; PLATE, S108; SCREEN, S109; CATHODE, S110; and SUPPRESSOR, S115, until the letters and numbers appearing in the small windows above the knobs are the same, reading from left to right, as those indicated on the roll chart.

ORIGINAL 4-3

EXAMPLE: The roll chart indicates JR-6237-5 under SELECTORS.

Starting at the left, turn the knob of the first FILAMENT SELECTOR switch \$103 until the letter J appears in the window. Turn the second FILAMENT SELECTOR switch until the letter R appears in the window. Turn the GRID SELECTOR until the number 6 appears, the PLATE SELECTOR to number 2, SCREEN to number 3, CATHODE to number 7, and SUPPRESSOR to number 5.

The sequence of letters and numbers appearing in the windows should now be identical with those indicated on the roll chart. (JR-6237-5)

The seven SELECTORS are electrically interlocked in such a way that it is impossible to connect two different voltages to the same tube pin at the same time. Accidental shorts are thus avoided.

- (11) Set the BIAS dial I101 to the point indicated on the roll chart under BIAS.
- (12) Set the SHUNT dial I102, or the NORMAL-LOW switch S107, to the position indicated on the roll chart under SHUNT. If LOW SIGNAL is not indicated on the roll chart, the switch should be kept in the NORMAL position.
- (13) IF THE TUBE IS OF THE HEATER CATHODE TYPE, ALLOW ENOUGH TIME FOR THE CATHODE TO REACH OPERATING TEMPERATURE BEFORE PROCEEDING.
- (14) Turn the SHORTS switch S113 from position number 1 through position number 5, meanwhile watching the neon short indicator lamp E103 on each switch position. Tubes having shorted elements will cause the lamp to glow. Tubes may be tested either hot or cold. A short is indicated by a steady glow on both plates of the neon lamp. A momentary glow when the switch is turned from one position to another should be disregarded, as this flashing is caused by the charging of a condenser in the short test circuit.

Tubes having more than one section such as the 6]6 should be tested for shorts on each section.

A shorted tube should be discarded without further test.

- (15) LOCATING SHORTED ELEMENTS. In the Table 4-1 (X) under any SHORT switch position indicates that the neon lamp glows in that position.
- (16) If the tube passes the short test, turn the SHORTS switch S113 to the TUBE TEST position.
- (17) Press the test push button indicated on the Roll Chart in the column headed PRESS.
 - P1 for DIODES.
 - P2 for OZ4 and similar rectifiers.
 - P3 for standard RECTIFIERS.
 - P4 for G_m, Mutual conductance, of amplifier tubes.

Table 4-1. Short Test Chart

KIND	OF SHORT	1	2	3	4	5
FIL	CATHODE			X		
FIL	GRID	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}			\mathbf{X}
FIL	PLATE	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}		X	\mathbf{X}
FIL	-SCREEN	\mathbf{X}		\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}
FIL	—SUP		\mathbf{X}			
GRID	CATHODE	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}		\mathbf{X}
GRID	PLATE				\mathbf{X}	
GRID	SCREEN		\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	
GRID	—SUP	\mathbf{X}				\mathbf{X}
PLATE	SCREEN		\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}		
PLATE	—SUP	\mathbf{X}			\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}
SCREEN	—SUP	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}	\mathbf{X}

- (18) With the proper test push switch depressed, the METER M101 will indicate the condition of the tube.
- (19) RECTIFIER TUBE TEST: Rectifier tubes, including diode tubes and diode sections of multipurpose tubes, are tested for emission only since they have no mutual conductance characteristic.

Caution

NEVER press the RED G_m, mutual conductance push button P4 when testing rectifier tubes.

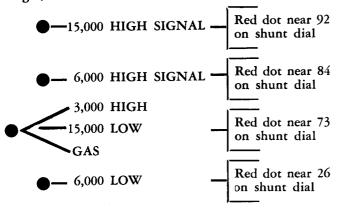
- (a) The push button P1 is used when testing detector DIODES. It applies a low voltage which will not injure the delicate cathode. Good diodes will cause the pointer of METER M101 to indicate above the point marked DIODES OK.
- (b) The push button P2 is used when checking cold cathode rectifiers such as the OZ4. This applies a voltage sufficiently high to ionize the tube and start conduction. Good tubes will cause the pointer of METER M101 to indicate above the point in the center of the scale marked RECTIFIERS OK.
- (c) The push button P3 is used when testing regular power rectifiers such as the 5Y3. Depressing this button applies a medium voltage which is best suited to reveal defects in this type of tube. Good tubes will read above the point at the center of the scale marked RECTIFIERS OK.
- (d) For multi-section tubes having more than one diode section, or for full wave power rectifiers, each section must be tested separately as indicated on the Roll Chart.
- (20) MUTUAL CONDUCTANCE TEST: In the case of amplifier tubes an emission test is not sufficient, and a mutual conductance test must be employed. Be sure that the controls are properly set in accordance with the Roll Chart as outlined in paragraphs 4a (6)

ORIGINAL

4-4

through 4a (12) of this section, and also that the tube has been checked for shorts in accordance with paragraphs 4a (13)-(14) of this section. Then turn the SHORTS switch S113 to the TUBE TEST position.

- (a) The mutual conductance is measured in micromhos in five ranges:
 - 0 to 3,000 with NORMAL HIGH SIGNAL voltage
 - 0 to 6,000 with NORMAL HIGH SIGNAL voltage
 - 0 to 15,000 with NORMAL HIGH SIGNAL voltage
 - 0 to 6,000 with LOW SIGNAL voltage
 - 0 to 15,000 with LOW SIGNAL voltage
- (b) Four small red dots on the edge of the SHUNT dial indicate the proper setting for this dial to obtain proper readings in micromhos for the various ranges, also shown on the dial.



- (c) The column headed SHUNT on the Roll Chart indicates the tubes for which the SIGNAL switch \$107 should be set to the LOW position. On all other tubes it should be set to the NORMAL HIGH position.
- (d) The LOW SIGNAL voltage is used with certain tubes having low bias and sharp cutoff characteristics to prevent swinging the grid from positive to cutoff. This results in a more accurate test.
- (e) With the NORMAL-LOW SIGNAL switch in the proper position, determined as above, set the SHUNT dial I102 to the range which most closely agrees with the minimum mutual conductance value shown under $G_{\rm m}$ on the Roll Chart for the tube under test. Correct settings for the ranges are indicated by four red marker dots.
- (f) Check the line adjustment as in paragraph 4a (4) and 4a (5) of this section, and reset LINE ADJUST R113 if necessary.
- (g) Press $G_{\rm m}$ push button P4. The METER M101 will indicate the mutual conductance or $G_{\rm m}$ of the tube directly in micromhos on the scale corresponding to the range selected when setting the SHUNT dial I102. That is, 0 to 3,000, 0 to 6,000, or 0 to 15,000 for

NORMAL HIGH SIGNAL; and 0 to 6,000, or 0 to 15,000 for LOW SIGNAL.

- (h) Check the mutual conductance in micromhos as indicated on the METER M101 with the value shown on the Roll Chart. Since the chart values are MINIMUM any tube which reads below this value should be discarded or replaced.
- (21) GAS TEST. The push switches P5 and P6 are used to test an amplifier tube for gas content.
- (a) Set the SHUNT dial at RED DOT, NEAR 73 MARKED GAS.
- (b) The push button P5 is pressed and held down while the BIAS dial is turned to cause the pointer of the meter to indicate 100 micromhos on the 0-3000 scale.
 - (c) Hold down the P5 and press P6.
- (d) If the tube contains gas the pointer of the meter will move UP the scale. If the pointer movement is not more than one division of the scale, the gas content is satisfactory.

Note

With some tubes, such as the type 45, the micromhos reading cannot be brought down to 100 mhos by turning the BIAS dial. In such case turn the BIAS dial to 100 and test for gas.

- (e) Some tubes develop gas after being heated for a period of time. If a tube is suspected, allow it to heat for a few minutes.
- (22) METER REVERSE. Directly below the indicating meter is a switch S111 marked REVERSE-NORMAL. With certain tubes, such as the 117N7, the meter, when this switch is set on NORMAL, will deflect backwards (to the left) when push switch P3 is pressed for rectifier test. In such case turn the meter switch to REVERSE, which will cause the pointer of the meter to move up the scale. The TUBE TEST DATA CHART indicates when S111 should be set in reverse by a note "REVERSE METER" in the column headed "NOTATIONS." After the test has been made return the switch to NORMAL.
- (23) TOP CAPS. There are two jacks in the upper center of the control panel marked G(grid) J101 and P(plate) J102. These are used when making connection to the top cap of the tube being tested. On the data chart in the NOTATIONS columns, opposite tube types having top caps, is the notation CAP = G or CAP = P. G means that the top cap is connected to the G jack, and P that it is connected to the P jack. Test leads W103 and W106 are used in making these connections.
- (24) NOISE TEST. The short test circuit is also used in making noise tests on electron tubes. Connections are made from the noise test jacks J105 and J106 to the antenna and ground posts of any radio receiver. The tube under test is tapped with the finger as the

SHORTS switch S113 is turned through positions 1-2-3-4-5. Intermittent disturbances, which are too brief to register on the neon lamp, will be reproduced by the loud speaker as static.

- (25) PILOT LAMP TEST. The center of the large 7-pin socket is used to check pilot lamps. Set the filament selector switches on JR. Set the filament voltage switch to the proper voltage for the lamp being tested.
- (26) SOCKET NUMBERING. In order to reduce dialing to a minimum the socket contacts are numbered as shown on Figure 4-2 which shows the bottom views. The numerical values of the lettered dials are as shown in Table 4-2.

The letter I was omitted because of its resemblance to the figure 1. The letter Q was omitted because of its resemblance to the figure 0.

Note

This numbering system is for use in simplifying the operation of the selector switches of the TV-3/U, and should not be confused with the RMA tube and socket numbering system.

(27) SPECIAL NOTES. Power line voltage varies in different localities, and may also vary somewhat aboard ship.

While a national survey indicates that the average voltage for the U. S. A. is about 117 volts, it does not

mean that every locality maintains a constant voltage at that level.

Occasionally there is the complaint that a used tube will test GOOD, but will not work in the radio receiver; but when a NEW tube is substituted, the receiver will operate correctly. The answer may be this: Tubes are built to specifications. Tube Tester TV-3/U is designed to test tubes in conformity with these specifications. The used tube that would not perform in a certain receiver may not be receiving its specified filament voltage. The new tube performed because of its initial reserve capacity. The used tube may have performed if it had received its specified filament voltage. Also the tube may be depending on characteristics other than its mutual conductance for satisfactory operation.

Tube failure frequently occurs in ac-dc sets where several tubes are connected with their heaters or filaments in series. Sometimes, even though the power line voltage is normal, a series tube with abnormally high filament resistance will rob its companion tube of its normal filament voltage. The robbed tube apparently fails; but when tested under specified conditions, the tube will test GOOD.

(28) TESTING SUB-MINIATURE TUBES.

(a) Sub-miniature tubes having wire leads in place of pins are tested in the TV-3/U by means of a special socket X112.

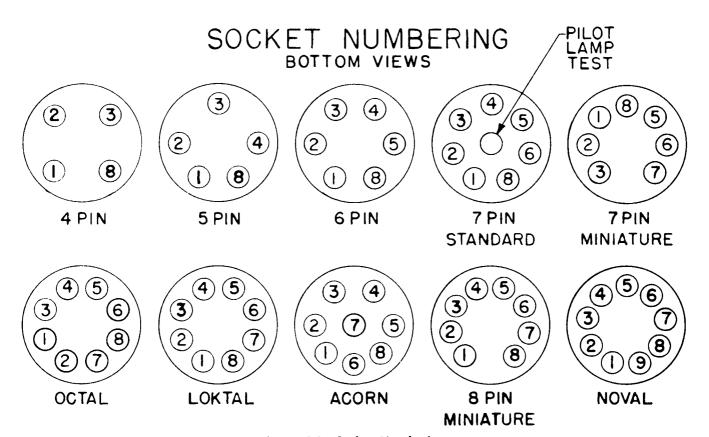


Figure 4-2. Socket Numbering

4-6 ORIGINAL

- (b) There are several basings used for sub-miniature tubes and they are shown in Figure 4-3, and are all bottom views of the tubes, with leads numbered.
- (c) A small 8 contact socket X112 is mounted on the panel for testing sub-miniature tubes. A top view is shown in Figure 4-4, with contacts numbered.
- (d) The numbered leads of the tubes are inserted in the corresponding contacts of the socket. A good way to handle the leads is to grasp each lead about 1/8" from its end with the tips of a pair of long nose pliers, and insert the leads in their proper socket contact.
- (e) Table 4-4 shows the proper tube test data for these sub-miniature types.

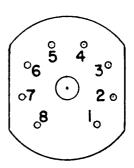
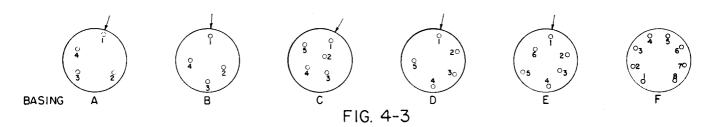


Figure 4-4. Top View of Socket X112

BASING DIAGRAMS FOR SUB MINIATURE TUBES

TUBES HAVING LESS THAN 8 LEADS HAVE AN ARROW ON THE SIDE OF TUBE INDICATING NO.1 LEAD



RMA NUMBERING

BOTTOM VIEW OF TUBES

VAL [NUMERICA UE OF LET DIAL TV-3/	L TERED /U	NIG 4	S PIN	NIA 9	7 PIN	OCTAL	LOKTAL	7 PIN MINIA- TURE	9 PIN MINIA- TURE	SUB MINIA- TURE	ACORN
0	A	P										
1	В	R	1	1	1	1	2	1	3	1	1	1
2	С	S	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
3	D	Т	3	3	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	3
4	E	U		4	4	4	4	4		4	4	4
5	F	V			5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	G	W				6	6	6	6	6	6	
7	Н	X					8	7	7	7	7	7
8	J	Y	4	5	6	7	7	8	4	8	8	6
9	K	Z								9		

TABLE 4-2

ORIGINAL 4-7

4) Sec	HON										147	A V	TV.	-3/I	U	4 3 4	•												/ F L	~~	101	14
	Notations	Pent. Sect. Cap=G Diode No. 1,	Diode No. 2,	Pent. Sect. Cap= 6	Diode No. 1 Diode No. 2		Plate No.1	Plate No. 2	Triode Sect. Cap= G Diode Sect.	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1 Diode No. 2		Triode No. 1			Pent. Sect.	030.000	Heptode Sect.	Osc. sect.	Pent. Sect.	Osc. Sect.	Pent. sect. Diode Sect.		Triode Sect.	Diode Sect.	Can=G	Pent. Sect.	Diode Sect.	D I de O	Diode	No. 1 Grid	NO. 2 CITE	Pent. Sect.
	Mur. Cond.	410	:	410	.; ;	520	950 420	420 570	175	365	:	009	630	650 650	500	200	580	250	98 98 98	630	320	380	820	960 175		480 480	200	003	1320		380	950 950	330
	Press	P4 P1	<u>F</u>	P4	<u> </u>	4 6	7 Q	7 4 4	<u> 2</u> 2	P4	<u> </u>	Ъ	<u>4</u>	7 Q	P 6	7. g	- P	Д ;	7 Q	P 4	7	7 T	4.	7 Z	2	7 d	.	<u> </u>	T 4	2	<u>4</u>	<u>7</u>	P 4
	Shunt	0	0	;	00	;	: :		0	Low Sig.	00	· ;	:	: :		i	: :	:	i		i	-	•	1	0	;	: :	0	:	0	į		
	Bias	26	0	26	00	49	3/ 16	16 40	0		00	45	5 ;	<u> </u>	43	47 7	51	0 8	2 6	30	ဓ္ဗ	8, c	0	22 19	0	= =	43	43	- 2	50			34
	Fil Selectors Volts	2.0 JR-0230-0 2.0 JR-0530-0	2.0 JR -0430-0		2.0 JR-0463-0 2.0 JR-0563-0	-		1.5 JR -4300-0 2.0 JR -5300-0		-	2.0 JR -6500-0 2.0 JR -6400-0	-	-	2.0 JR -4300-0 1.5 HT -6210-0		1.5 JK -6253-4		-	1.5 JR-635/-4 1.5 JR-6234-0	-	-	1.5 JR-6230-0 1.5 JR-6430-0	-	1.5 JR-6234-0 1.5 JR-6200-0		1.5 JR -6234-0		-	1.5 JR-5340-0		1.5 DX -8216-0	ŠŠ	
	Tube	1F6 1F6	1F6	1 <u>F</u> 7	1F7 1F7	164	1 G5	1G6 1H4	1H5	1H6	1H6	-	<u> </u>	3 1 4	-	1LA6	11.B4	1LB6	1 L B6	<u> </u>	1LC6				_		1N6	1N6	173	1 P4	185	184 184	185
	Notations					,	Short on 1-2 (Hold button down	for 5 seconds. Plate No. 1				3	Pent. Sect. Cap=G	Pent, Sect, Cap= G	Osc. Sect.	٥	Cap=1	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 2	Pent. Sect. Cap= G		Ampl Sect Can G		Pent. Sect. Cap= G	Cap=G	Pent. Sect. Cap=G	Pent. Sect.	Triode Sect. Cap=G	Diode Sect.	Cap=G	- 0	No. 2 Plate	
	Mut. Cond.	420 460							•		470	200	470	100 250	200	900	400	360	:	200	200	1000 410	200	410 200	470	470	280	360	520	400	006	980 880	880
	Press	4 4 4 4	. G 4	P5	გე	P5	Ž	P2	P 2		P 1	Ъ.	۳ ر	7 <u>7</u>	4	ፓ <u>ሮ</u>	. Q	4	<u> </u>	Ъ4	P4	ፓ	4	7 G	Ь <u>4</u>	7 4	P	4.5	- 4	Ъ.	4	7 Z	7
	Shunt	37	37.	S 2 3	37 37	37	04	09	09		0	: :	:		;		3 :	Low Sig.	0	• ;	į	:		;		i	1 1	19	>	: :	Low Sig.	¥ 01K.	
	Bias	48	0 5	30	00	0	5	0	0		0 0	43	35	ဗ္ဗ ဇ္ဗ	46	> c			-	24	46	4 6 4 0	20	20.03	53	35 25	20	= 9	3,0	35			23
	Fil Selectors Volts	5.0 JR-3200-0 5.0 JR-3200-0 JP-0502-0	JP-0501-0 KS-0581-0	JP-0502-0	JP-0501-0 JP-0501-0	ŀ	BLS1 JX-3502-0	JR-0507-0	JR-0307-0		1.5 HT -0201-0 2.0 . IR -0230-0	5	5	2.0 JR -4350-2 1.5 JR -5340-0	5	ב מ		<u> </u>	5 5	5	÷		J. H.	5 5	J. R	ج ت ت	4	بر ز	10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1		ج ت ت	2 Z	0 JR-5340
	Tube Type	00A 01A 0A2	0A3	0B2	083 0C3	0D3	0 Y 4	0Z4	024		1A3 1A4	1A5	1 A 6	1A5 1A7G	1A7G	1AB5	185	1 B 5	2 E	187	187		106	167	1D5	107	200	108 108	2 1	<u>1</u> 6	1E7	구 1 1 1 1 1	1F5

						TABLE 4-3	(Continued)	d)					
Tube Type	Fil Selectors Volts	Bias	Shunt	Press	Mut. Cond.	Notations	Tube Type	Fil Selectors	Bias	Shunt	Press	Mut. Cond.	Notations
1S5	Ϋ́	0	0	<u>P</u>		Diode Sect.	3A4	2.5 DX -8210-0	33	i	P4	1260	
1SA6	JR-4	23	į	P4	900		3A5	3.0 DX-5600-0	35	:		1260	Triode No. 1
1SB6		27	;	P 4	410	Pent. Sect.	3A5	_	25	:		1260	
1586		27	0	<u>ت</u> و	: !	Diode Sect.	3A8	ב ב	2.5	i	Ţ.	4/0	Pent. Sect. Cap= G
 	ביל מ	χ 4 π	:	7.0	470		3A8	2.5 JR-5640-0	20		<u>7</u> 0	315	I riode Sect.
- -	2 5	î +	:	ťδ	67/		384 384	ξ ≥	ת סית	>	- 0	1070	Charton 3
2 = 1	א א ב	- 2	į	<u> </u>	200	Dont Cort	3B5		9	;	1 d	950	2010110113
105	1.5 DX -6810-0	3.5	C	7 6	2	Diode Sect	387	2.5 JR-6700-0		Low Sig.		1200	Triode No. 1
> !	ָר ה	50	64		:	:	387			LOW Sig.		1200	Triode No. 2
122	5.0	0	2	P5		Can=P	3829	3.0 JR-0000-0		87	P5		Cap=P
2A3	5 JR	29	į	P4	1900	_	3C6	2.5 BY- 5600-0	10	;	P4		Š.
2A4	5.5	61	73	P3	:		306		10	:	P4		Triode No. 2
2 A 5	5.5	29	į	P4	1260		3D6		37	;			
2 A 6	5. C	11	Low Sig.	P4	200	Triode Sect. Cap=G	3E6		15	Low Sig.		1100	
2A6	ان ا	Ξ;	0	Ε.	:	Diode No. 1	3LE4		22	;	7.0	200	Short on 3
2A6	ج ا	- 6	9	Ξ.		~	3LF4		200	i	7.0	1200	
247 247	o r	22	!	Ţ 0	630	Pent. Sect. Cap= G	5. 2. 7.	3.0 TI-1280-0	200			1340	
/47 0B0) r	200	0	† 0	007	Osc. sect.	5.5.5 5.7.5 5.7.5	_	9 6	:	- D	000	
2B6	בי בי בי	7 T	-	2 2	050		37.4		2 5	:	- Pd	070	
2B2	ָ בַּבְּי	- C	i	- 6	930	Pont Sort Can-	406		500	low Cig	D4	630	Triode No. 1
2B7		90	- C	<u> </u>	200	1	4A6	3.0 JR-4300-0	200	Low Sign	P4	630	Triode No. 2
2B7	5 JR-(0	0	<u>.</u>		Diode No. 2	5AZ4	5.0 JS -0400-6	0	18	P3		
2C21	3 JR -450	17) ;	Р4	860	Triode No. 1	5AZ4		0	22	P3		
2C21	3 JR-030	17	:	P4	860	Triode No. 2, Cap = G	5R4	5.0 HR -0600-0	0	24	P3	:	So.
90.00	-000	13		ρĄ	1000	/Upper Cap=G,	5R4		0	18	P3	:	No.
7707		2	;	r -	200	Lower Cap=P	5T4		0	55	P3	:	ė.
2C26	6.3 JR-0007-0	48	i	P4	950	(Upper Cap=P	5T4	5.0 HR -0400-0	0	49	P3	:	Plate No. 2
	0000	,		č		Lower Cap= G	504		-	32	Z 6	:	2 2
2043 2013	6.2 LD 2400-0	77	Our Cia	<u>,</u>	1380	T.:.A. No. 1	5004	5.0 HR -0400-0	> <	200		:	Plate No. 2
2031 2051		171	LOW Sign	- A	3300	Triode No. 2	57/4	5.0 HB-0400-0	0	3 6	. E	:	Plate No. 2
202 2052	7-X		OW Sig	P4	950	Trinde No. 1	5W4	5.0 HR-0600-0	o	88	. c	:	Š
2C52	X 9	6	LOW Sig.	Ь4	950	Triode No. 2	5W4	5.0 HR -0400-0	0	15	P3		Plate No. 2
2C53	3 JR-E	0	:	P4	250	Cap=P	5X4		0	43	P3	:	Š.
2D21	3 JR-3	#	80	Р3	:	Strikes at approx. 75	5X4		0	39	P3	:	Plate No.2
2E5	5 JR -5	į	;	P4	:	Eye Open	5 Y 3	5.0 HR-0600-0	0	25	P3	;	Plate No. 1
2E5	5 JR -5	1	:	P4	: 0	Eye Closed	5 Y 3	_	0	8 9	P3	:	Plate No. 2
2E22) c	ی د	į	<u>7</u> 2			5 Y 4		0	9 9	Z 6	:	
2E24	ان د 1	က္ခ	:	7 0	5000	Short on 3, Cap= P	5γ4 572	5.0 JX -0300-0	>	2 2	Z 6	:	Plate No. 2
2E25	ن <u>-</u> و	, ,	:	t		Cap=r	573		>	1 t	2 6	:	Plate No. 1
2F30	ייי פייי פיייי	3 6	i	P 4		Cap=I	574	_	-	۲ ۲	2 2	:	
2V3	ي ر	90	50	P5		Can=P	524		0	73	. E	:	Plate No. 2
2W3	5 HF	0	30	P3			6A3	က	67) : : ;	P4	1900	
2X2A	2.5 JR-0000-0	0	73	P5		Cap=P	6A4	6.3 JR-3240-0	28	;	P4	1260	
777	7- 4		6	2			0A0		۵		4	200	

																		ı	۷-	3/	U																			
	Notations	Bias Controls	ingual angul)	Tuisde Coot	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2				Triode No. 1	I riode No. 2	Friode Sect.	Diode No.2		Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Diode No 1	Diode No. 2		ć	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Pent. Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	•	Ampl. Sect.	Osc. Sect.	Amn Sort	Osc. Sect.	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Cap= r
	Mut: Cond.	:	5000	2320	677		630	:	:	1000	3400	1540	1800	1800	06/		2050	800	:	750	2		1900	950	00/		630	:	790	7		2700	470	470	000	1000	1200	:	2000	1260
	Press	P4	P4	Д с 4	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	P4	L	<u>F</u>	P4	7 0 4 2			ፓ (4 ,	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>			Ξà	<u>T</u> Q		<u>.</u> E	Д 7		4 E	<u>r</u>	P 4	Ξà	Z 9	<u> </u>	7	P4	Д 4	ፓ 0 4 2		Ф	P4	<u> 2</u>	Z 2	P4 P4
	Shunt	100	:	:		0		0	0	;	:	Low Sig.	:	:	-	0	Low Sig.	;)	ow Cia	200	20	;		LOW SIG.	0	; •	0)	<u></u>	0	:	:	Low Cin	FOW SIE	:	:	0	0	
	Bias	Vary	11	21	o	0	13	0	0	34	34	10	100	3;	<u> </u>	0	10	12	0	⊃ «	o	0	29	0	20	0	30 30	O	0 7	7	0	6	17	25	<u> </u>		18	0	O 6	15
	Selectors	JR -4357-0	-	-	JR-3702-0			JX-4201-6	JX-4301-6	JR-3562-0	GX-8352-0			JX- 2103-5	JR-3702-0 JR-3602-0	JR-3502-0	JR -3567-2	JR-3702-5	JR-3602-5	JK-3502-7	JX-1 305-0	JX-1402-0	JR-5300-0	JR-4235-0	JR-0307-0 JR-0507-0	JR -0407-0	JR-0236-0	0-929- 1	JR-0436-0	JR-0567-2	JR-0467-2	JR-3567-2	EV -7913-2	EV -2913-7	JR-7569-3	JR-3562-7	JR-3702-0	JR-3602-0	JR-3502-0	JR-30/3-0 JR-3562-7
_	Fil	6.3	6.3	6.3	0 0 0 0	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	5.0	6.3	6.3	5.3	0 0 0 0	6.3	6.3	6.3	9 0	5. G	9 6	6.3	6.3	6.3	0 0 0	6.3	6.3	9 0	ۍ در س در	9 6	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3) (6.3	6.3	6.0 0.0	6.3
Continued	Tube	6AL7	G 6AN5		6AQ6	6A 06	6A07	6AÕ7	6AQ7	6AR5	6AR6	6AS6	6AS7	0 A 0 /	6A16 6AT6	6AT6	6AU6	64V6	64 V6	6AV6 6AW7	6AW7	6AW7	6B4	685	9 B 9	6B6	687	6B/	6B/ 6B8	688	6B8	6BA6	6BA7	6BA/ 6BD6	6BF6	6BE6	6BF6	6BF6	6BF6 cBC6	6BH6
IABLE 4-3	Notations	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2 Pent Sect Can=		Pent. Sect., Cap= G	Osc. Sect.	0000	Eye Open Eve Closed	Lyc Olosca				∫Eye 1 Open	Eye 2 Closed	Eye 2 Open	Pent Sect	Triode Sect.		Triode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 1		/Eye 1 Open,	Eye 2 Closed	Eye 2 Open, Eye 1 Closed				t oN or or or	Triode No. 1	1 11000 INO. 2				No. 4	Diode No. 2	Cab = P	Bias Controls	Left Pattern	Bias Controls Both Patterns
	Mut. Cond.	950	950	190	630	190	0002	:	060	2200	530	1500	3900	:	į	1260	380	750	540	470	920	950		:	:	2500	3800	3150	3800	1510	1730	3800	2780	1320	3800	:	3150			
	Press	P4	7 4 4	P4	Д.			Р4 Р4	P4	P4	P4				P4	Ь4	P4	P4	P4	С 0	<u>,</u>	- Д 4	P 4	-	P4	P4	P4	P4	Ф 4		Т Д 4	P4	. P4			<u> </u>	- P	P4	•	P4
	Shunt	į	:	: :	į	I pur Cia	LUW SIB.	i	:	; ;	:	ow Cig	10 TO 10 S		į		: :	:	į	i	:	: :		!	;	Low Sig.	Low Sig.		Low Sig.	FUN 5		Low Sig			LOW VIG	- F	5	100) -	100
	Bias	12	12 22 23	30	22			:	C	0	0	0 5	2		;	66	0	68	0	0 0	, , ,	5.5		:	:	10		23	2					23	2 0	-	23	Varv	Š	Vary
	Fil Selectors Volts	.3 JR-5604	6.3 JR-3204-0 6.3 JR-0236-5	.3 JR-5436	3 JR -0347	.3 JR-504/	3 18-5307	3 JR-5423	3 JR-5347	3 JR -4765	3 JR-5307	3 JR -5347 3 IB -4765	3 JR-4357-		6.3 JR-3457-0	JR	ر ا	.3 JR-E	.3 JR -5407	ω. .	3 JR -0307	R-5307-	6.3 JR -4357-0		6.3 JR -3457-0	.3 JR-	.3 JR-	.3 JR-	6.3 JR -3567-2	, c	3. C.	.3 JR-4	3 JR-	ال جاراً :	ار ا ا	יות המי	3 JR-5047-	6.3 JR -6357-0		6.3 JR -5347-0
	Tube Type	6A6	6A6 6A7	6A7	6A8	0 A 0 6 A B 4	64R5	6AB5	6AB6	6AB7	6AC5	6AC6	6AD6		6AD6	6AD7		النا	ıΙ	ப ப	يا لـ	6AF5	6AF6	:	6 AF 6	6AG5	6AG7	6AH5	6AH6	7HV9	6AJ5	6AJ7	6AK5	6AK6	DAN/	6AL3	6AL6	6AL 7		6AL7

														Ţ١	/-3 ,	/U															36	CHO		T
	Notations	Cap Grid, Cap = G	Pin Grid	Eye Open Eve Closed	Lyc Closed	Triode No. 2	Dont Cort Can		Strikes at Approx. 60 Triode Sect Cap = G		Diode No. 2	ور ا	2	Triode Sect., Cap = G	Diode No. 2	į	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Diode No. 3	Ampl. sect. Osc. Sect.	Ampl. Sect.	Osc. Sect.	Triode No. 2		Pont Sect	Diode Sect.				Triode No. 1	Triode No.2	Triode No. 2	Triode Sect.	Cloud Ivo. 1
	Mut. Cond.	950 3150 410	410 3800	!	950	950 950	910	700 315	630	} ;		000		1200		1100	0/6		7	470 470	470	190	830	1900	950	2	2100	2150	1260	1000	1000	1650	200	
	Press	P P P		P 4	- 6	7 Q 4 4	P 0	7 Q	P5 P4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5	Д 4	Ξ.	P4	Ţ <u>C</u>	7	Σ δ	Т О 4 4	P4	ے 10 م	Sig. P4		Sig. P4 D4	<u> </u>	P4	ت 10 ج	Sig. P4		ة وتة 7 - 7 4 - 2		Sig. P4	
	Bias Shunt	27 23	٥		0	12	53		50 91 17	0	0 0	0 0		18		27	0L 0		0	27	16	40	§ 6 1	Ę	10 Low S	0	0	ì	20 COW S	<u>~</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	11 Low Si	
	Selectors	JR-5307-0 JR-5347-2 JR-0347-5	JR-5347-2 JR-3502-0	JR-5403-0 JR-5403-0	JR-5347-0	JR-5607-3 JR-4307-6	JR-5307-0	BT -0457-6 BT -8607-4	JR-5307-0 JR-0307-0	JR-0507-0		JR-0507-2	JR-0407-3	JR-0307-2 JR-0507-3	JR-0407-3	JR-0347-5	JX -0601-0		JX-0305-0	JR-7346-5 JR-5346-7	JR -7346-5	JR-5346-7	JX- 4506-1	JR-4765-3	JX-3501-2		H	JR-4765-2	JR-4765-3	JX-4506-1	JX-2103-5	JX-4506-1 JX-2103-5	JX-1603-2	
(collinged)	Fil	5 6.3	7 6.3 4 6.3	9	် လ် (5 6.3								ဖြ	9.0		6.3		47 6.3 47 6.3					F5 6.3			H7 6.3		-7 6.3				٥٠٥ / ک
2	Tube	6L5 6L6 6L7	6L7 6N4	6N5	9N9	N N 9	6 G	9 6	6Q5 6Q6	Š Š	Ô	9	<u>6</u>	6 R G	6R	687		889	989	6SA7	681	89	000	189 	6SF5	68	6867	6SH7	65K7	esr ₇	98 189	SSN7		
- 1100	Notations		Cap = G Triode Sect., $Cap = G$	Diode No. 1	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2 Tube Strikes at	(approx.75	Cap=G	Cap= G Pent. Sect Can = G	Triode Sect., Cap = G	Eye Open	Triode No.1	Triode No. 2	Cap = G	Cap = G	100 1000	Fent. Sect., Cap = G		Triode No. 2, Cap = G	Eye Open Eve Closed	3)	Diode	Eye Open Eve closed	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2		Triode No. 1	Friode No. 2	Heptode Sect. Cap = \mathbf{G}	Triode Sect.	Cap = G	Cap = G	Hexode Sect. Cap = G	I HOUG OCCE.
	Mut. Cond.	2400 1380 1260	770 780		630	630	1060		770 630		;	880	880	950 3800	9	1260	700 315	1260	1260		1450	;			5700	1640	ω̈́,	2800	630	315	840 1000	910	630	2
	Press	P P P P	P4 P4	<u> </u>	<u>4</u>	7 g	2 6	7 A	Р Ф Ф	P 4	P 4	ъ Т Т	P4	Д 4	Ъ	Д 6	7 Q	Ъ.	P	7 Q	Д-	<u>T</u> 2	т Д 4	<u>T</u>					7 4			7 <u>4</u>	P 4	r -
	Shunt		; ;	00	•		3	: :	}		:		;	:	Low Sig.	:	:		:	:	Low Sig.	61	;	61	- -	Low Sig.	Low Sig		: ;		Low Sig.		;	
	Bias	0 24 21	21 29	00	170	100	2 6	21	24 22 22	30	;	28	28	24 30	10	29	% % %	23	23	;	12	0	į	0	0 t	22	5	ا د	18	30	17	+ 6 - 0	==	>
	Fil Selectors Volts	6.3 JR-3562-7 6.3 JR-6307-0 6.3 JR-5307-0	.3 JR-0235 .3 JR-0206	3 JR -0506	.3 JR-5607	2. G. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8. 8.		.3 JR-023	6.3 JR -0236-4 6.3 JR -0347-5	.3 JR-5647	.3 JR-5403-	.3 JR -5604 .3 JR -5604	.3 JR-3204	8.5 2. 6 6.5	.3 JR-0407	.3 JR -5347	.3 JR -0236 3 JR -5436	.3 JR -5607	.3 JR -0304	.3 JR -540 .3 JR -542	.3 JR-5347	.3 JR-0407	.3 JR-540	.3 JR-0507	.3 JR -030	3 JR -530	.3 JR-520	.3 JR -63(.3 JR -534	.3 JR -564	.3 JR -030 2 JB 524	.3 JR-034	JR -5	-00- un c
	Tube Type	6 BJ6 6C4 6C5	6C6 6C7	6C7 6C7	608 608	608 604	- u	6D6 6D6	6D7 6D8	6D8	6E5	0E6 6E6	6E6	6E7 6F4	6F5	6F6	6F7 6F7	6F8	6F8	6G5	959	6H4	6H2	9H9	6H6 6.14	6J5	6J6	6J6 6.17	6J8	6,18	も大い ドド	6K7	678 678	0110

																	, v.	·3/ (,																		1
	Notations	Plate No. 2 Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2	Triode No. 2	Plate No. 1	Flate No. 2		Diode No. 1	2	Ampl. Sect.	Osc. Sect.		Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2					Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Pent. Sect.	Osc. Sect.		Triode Sect.	- -	Diode No. 2		Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Pent. Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	
	Mut. Cond.		000	760	:	1640	3800	:	1100	630	315	3900	1640	1640	1900	1430	2500	950	2002	200	1070	950	410	: 0	380	:	000	1900	1200	:	820		0	028	3150	3150	, ,
	Bias Shunt Press	0 35 P3 0 49 P3		: :	30	30 Low Sig.		0 49 P1	t :		26 P4	Low Sig		i	 T. 0	O Low Sig. P4	:		Low Sig.			;		0 30 P1	30 74	0	0 0 0 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	15 P4			> ;	0	22 0 P1	;	Low Sig.	Low Sig.	
	Fil Selectors 1	6.3 JR -0204-0 6.3 JS -0504-0		6.3 JR-4307-0			6.3 JR-6237-0		6.3 JR -6237-4		6.3 JR -4357-6			6.3 JR -4302-0	6.3 JR -6237-4 6.3 JR -6237-4	-		6.3 JR -6207-0 6.3 JR -6237-0			6.3 JR-0507-2 6.3 JR-6937-4									6.3 JR-0607-2	3 JR-6257-0	JR -0407-2		JR-5507-3	HS-8605-0	m m	
-s (Continued)	Tube	6Z4 6Z5	625	62.7 62.7	62Y5	7A4	7A5	7A6 7A6	7A7	7A8	7A8 7AR7		- (5	7AG/	7AJ7	7AK7	7B4 7B5	7B6	7B6	/B0	7B8		_	90 <u>/</u>	7C6	7C9	7E5	7 <u>E</u> 6	/E6 7F6	7E7	7 <u>E</u> 7	7E7	767	7F8	7F8 7G7	
IADLE 4-3	Notations	Diode No. 2 Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Ologe No. 2	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Diode Sect.	Triode Sect.	Diode No.1	Eve Open	Eye Closed	Triode Sect., Cap=	Diode No. 1	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2 Diode No. 3	Eye open	Eye Closed	Can	٥	,	Triode Sect., Cap =	Diode No. 2		Plate No. 1		Cap = G	Plate No. 1	į.	Š:	Plate No. 1	5	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2 Plate No. 1	
	Mut. Cond.	1200	:	1160	1200		000	1000	0261	260	i			630	:	209	:	;			3900	2600	2320	610		į		1900	770	:				3800	630	630	
	Press	P 4	2.5	- 4	Z 2	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	P4	<u>r</u> 2	P4	P4	<u>7</u> 2	<u>.</u> 2	P4	<u>F</u>	<u> </u>	Ъ4	P 0	T Q	4	P4						P4		<u>P3</u>	P3		7 A	Ъ	P P 2	
	Bias Shunt	0 0	0	;	;	00	_ [0 	<u></u> 8	0 0	:	00	;		٠				0 20		:	 	3.5	21		39 0 86								0 30		15	15 0 35	1
	Fil Selectors E	თ თ ი ი	? €	ე ლ	? €	` `	3 8	3 1) C	() (2)	<u> </u>	300	3 .	۳: د	ر م	3 E	3 E	დ (<u>.</u>	300	3	7 m	7	3	ار د	, -	<u>ე</u> :	5 T	ار د	ე: ლ	5 =	. ე	3	უ =	ე (რ	ე ო	55	
	Tube	6SQ7 6SR7	6SR7	6SS7	6ST7	6ST7	2NS9	2NS9	2AS9	6827	6827	6T5	6T5	6T7	617 6T7	6T8	6T8	6T8 6T8	6U5	6U5	909 6117	6V5	9/9	6.77	/^9	6W4	6W5 6W5	9M9	6W7	6 X 4	6X5	6X5	6Y5	6 / 9 6 / 9	6Y7	6Y7 6Z4	

Notations		I riode Sec Diode No.	Diode No. 2	Triode No.1	Triode	Triode No.	Triode No. 2	Pent Sect Can G	Triode Sect.		Ampl. Sect.		Ampl. Sect.			Diode No. 1	Pont Cort	Diode No. 1		Cap = G	Diode No. 1	Dione No.	_			Cap = G			,	Diode No. 1		If independent of the section of th	Diode No. 2	Diode No. 3			Triode No.	I riode No. 2
Mut. Codd	1400	06/	0000	950	950	1100	1100	1140	1260	2700	470	1260	006	1000	1200		705	27.	;	950		1640	770	920	630	4	1340	1340	200		1	0/6		:	470	470	840	950
nt Press	P4 4	7 T	.5	Sie	<u>ي</u> م	<u>S</u>	Sig. P4 P4 P4	D		P4	д 4 д	P.4	- b	P4	д 4	<u>.</u> 2				Sig.	 	Sig		. P4	P4	Õ	7 4	- P4	P4		- -	: c						Low Sig. P4 Low Sig. P4
Bias Shunt	24	:	0	8 Low	_		15 Low	25		6	17 25	67	=	0	 	00		:			0 0			19	=======================================	c		102	17	_	_	;			;			10 Low
Fil Selectors Volts			2.6 JR -3502-6				2.6 EV- 2103-0 2.6 JR- 6237-4			•	2.6 EV -7913-2 2 6 EV -2913-7	י מי	-	۳.		2.6 JR-3602-0 2.6 JR-3502-0				٦.	2.6 JR-0507-2	ר כ		2.6 JR-0347-5	.6 JR -5347-6	C 4773 Q1 3	2.0 JR-3047-3	2.6 JW-3451-2				0-1090-XP 9.	2.6 JX -0303-0			5	X	2.6 JX-3106-5 2.6 JX-3501-0
					_	_	12A Y		_	_			_	- 1		12BF6 12	-		_	12F5 12				-	12K8 12	101/0	121.8	_	_	-	- 1		12.88		_	_	12SC7 12	
Notations	Tetrode No. 1 Tetrode No. 2	Heptode Sect.	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2		Triode No. 1	Amni Sect	Osc. Sect.	Pent. Sect.	Diode No. 1	Hentode Sect	Triode Sect.			Triode Sect	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Plate No. 1	Plate No.2	Plate No. 1	r 1916 140. 2				Don't Cook Dan	Bort Sort	Pent. Sect.,	Cap=G	Osc. Sect.	Triode No. 1	I riode No. 2	Plate No. 1	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Triode No. 1	l riode No. 2
Mut. Cond.	1320 1320	2400 500	630	0001		1260	1260	2002	200	1900	:	950	950	1900	2500	2200				:	:	790	950	1040	1130	006	010	630		190	1260	1260	:	750		:	2500	2500
Shunt Press		Low Sig.		10% SIB.	0	:	:	:		;	0	>	:		;	Low Sig.		61	33	33	24	+ 7	: ;	:	:	:		2		:	:	13	<u> </u>	5	0	0	Low Sig.	4 Low Sig. P4) Low Sig. P4
ors Bias	36-2 10 36-7 10	37-4 57-4	9-29	0.5-0 0.2-0	0-20	37-4	7-3	0-20	9-78	57-0	27-2	7 4	857-6	237-4	237-4	237-5	0-+01	304-0 307-0	307-0						235-0 5.													2103-0 14 3567-2 10
Fil Selectors	6.3 JR-57, 6.3 JR-42	3 LR -6 3 LR -6	3 JR -4	2 C	الا الا	3 JR	3 JR-5		3 LR -4	.3 JR-(3 LR-(יים מיים מיים	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3 JR-(3 JR-(3. CR-(יי בים	2.5 2.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	3 JR-(.3 JR-(6.5 C	יי ה היק היק	5 CB -8	O. JR-0.	6 JR-4	ָם ביר ביר	7- 2			6 JR-5	3-X7 9	۲-۲- ۲-۲:	בים מפים	יים פיים פיים	9	6 JR-	.e EV-7	12.6 EV- 27 12.6 JR- 35
Tube Type	7G8 7G8	7H7 7J7	7,17	/ X 7 X	7K7	7.1.7	7N7 7N7	707	707	7Å7	7R7	787	787	7T7	7.7	7W7 7X7	, ×,	7X7	7 Y 4	7 Y 4	724	10	10 Y	12A	12A5	12A0	10A7	12A8		8 Y	Į.	I.	٦ <u>-</u> > ۲	۷ \ ک ک	\ \ \	H	ΑT	12AT7 12AU6

																			1 V	-3/	U																			
	Notations	Hootodo Sector	Triode Sect.	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Osc. Sect	Pent Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Heptode Sect.	Triode Sect.		Trinde Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2	5	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Cap = P	Plate No. 1	Flate No. z Triode Sect	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Diode No. 3	Cap=1	Cap = G		1000	Pent. Sect. Rect. Sect.			1	Pent. Sect., Cap = G	I Hone ocor.	Pent. Sect., Cap = G	Triode Sect.	Diode Sect.	
	Mut. Cond.	2400	630	1640	1640	200	1900	9	:	950	950	0000	570	5		:	:	000	530 630	630	3800	3350	3350	2 :	1		215	630	1260	1450	1130	950	1570	2500	1260	4400	1200	200		4100 1570
	ant Press	Low Sig. P4		Low Sig. P4		P4				P4	4. c	Low Cia DA							. 4	P4		Low Sig. P4	LOW SIG. T4				: 4 Q	P4	Р	<u>7</u> 2	P.4		P4	Ъ	7 0	† 0	- A-		_	7 A
	Bias Shunt	10 Low					10	:		18	0			0			0 33		15	15			12 LOW			0 20	 7. C	12	30	 5	002		0	52	22	27	 18		0	0 20
	Fil Selectors Volts	2.6 JR -6237-4 2.6 JR -6257-4	J.R.	<u>ج</u> :			6 JR-6257-0				2.6 JR -4357-6		.0 JR -8237-3 6 JR -3204-0			.6 JR-0607-0	2.6 JR-0307-0	•			-		.0 JK-6307-5 0 FV-8907-6					2.5 JR-0234-0		-		0 JR-5307-0		-	.0 JR-0342-0	-		-	-	0 JR-5347-2 0 JR-5347-0
(Continued)	Tube F Type V(14H7 12		14N7 12		- •	- 1	_	_	14 <u>S</u> 7 12				· -	_		· ·	-	2 2 2		9!	1916 20.0			19 <u>T8</u> 20.0	1918 20		⋖	•		25A7 25.0 25A7 25.0	5								25L6 25.0 25N6 25.0
IABLE 4-3 (Notations	Pent. Sect.				Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Triode Sect	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Ampl. Sect.	Osc. Sect.		Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2	•			Triode Sect			ent. Sect.			Triode Sect.							Triode No. 2
	Mut. Cond.	1260	2100	2150	1050	1000		1640	1640	200	:	1000	0071		1200	:	0.40	1640	470	470	:	:	1650	1900	1200	1570	2002	2		630	315	066	1130	:		070		1000	1000	3150 3150
	Shunt Press	P4		į	Low Sig. P4			Sig.	Sig.	Sig.	0 7		17			0 P1		LOW Sig. P4	e			40 P3	40 P3	P4	P4	P4	 70	0		 P4	 P4	Low Sig. P4		0 P1	0					Low Sig. P4 Low Sig. P4
	Bias	2 0 0														0 9			27	10			0 0					2 0		α,	-0 -0	10	-	_	-2 12	N C	24,4	1 62 1	9	0 0 0 0 0
	Fil Selectors Volts	2.6 JX-1643-2	5 JR -4765-	5 JR-4765-	6 JR -4765-	6 -1X -4506-	6 .1X-2103-	6 JX-4506	6 JX-2103	6 JX-1603	6 X -05	5 4 -0403	5 3X -1503	6 JX-0403	6 JX-1603	6 JX-0503	5 JX -0403	5 JX -4506-	6 JX-7346-	6 JX -5346-	6 JR- 0203	6 JR -0605-	6 JR-0203- 6 JB-6207-	6 JR -6237	6 JR-6237	6 JR-560	7- 1 -1	6 JR-0607	6 JR-0507	6 JR -6257	6 JR- 435/ 6 JR- 6237	6 JR-6237	6 JR-3207	6 JR -0607	6 JR -0507	/679- 11 9	6 JR -0307	6 JR -5607	6 JR-4302	2.6 HS -8605-0
	Tube]	12SF7 12	SG7 1	SH7 1	SJ7 1	<u> </u>		SN7	SN7 1	SQ7 1	SQ7 1	700	72	SB7	SW7 1	-	_ ,		- 1-	- +-	-				_	· 1		9	B6 1	B8	. r	32	E6 1	E6 1	· ·	1. 1.		F7	F7 1	14F8 13

																TV-	-3/	U		_		_												•
	Notations	Cap = G $Cap = G$	Short on 1-2-3-4-5	Hect. Sect.			7 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	Short on 1-2-3-4-5 Rect. Sect.								Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2	Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2	Plate No. 1	No. 2	Short on 1-2-3-4-5	Plate No. 2		Cap = G	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	ł	OK over 500	Diode No. 2 OK over 500		Cap = G Cap = G	Cap = G	Cap=G
	Mut. Cond.	630	125	1000	1260	1170	:	: :	1260	1260	710	950	4750	4750	4400	4100		:	:	:					640	950	950	2	:		920	770 770	900	900 1260
	Press	24.2	Ţ ¦	Z 4	<u>4</u> 2	7 Z	Ъ3	 B3	Р4	7 Z	Ь4	P4	7 2	- 4 - 4	P4	Γ. 4 κ	P3	Р3	13	۲ <u>۳</u> ۲ ۲	P3	2	E	P2	Д 4	P4	P 2	_ 5	<u>-</u>	Д	P.	ፓ	Ъ4	P 4
	Shunt	; ;		09 ::	;		20	:09	1	į	! !	:	;	: :	:	7.	55	55	22	55	55	. 4	22	0	į		:	: <	>	0	;			
	Bias	39 28	35	34 0	23	5 19	0	0	30	25 28 28	49	61	ى ئ	32	44	20	0	0	0	; C	0		0	0	24	15	12	500	3	39	29	21	54	24
a)	Fil Selectors Volts	-	_		6.3 JR -4235-0	2.5 JR-3200-0	50.0	50.0 JR-0537-0 50.0 JR-0507-0		2.5 JR -3240-0 25.0 JR -4235-0	2.0 JR-3240-0	7.5 JR-3200-0	50.0 JR-5237-0		50.0 JR -5347-2	50.0 JR-5347-0 50.0 JR-0607-5		7	50.0 JR -0304-0	50.0 50.0	50.0 J		50.0 JR-0304-0	_	2.5 JR -0234-0	7	2.5 JR -3204-6	; <u>a</u>)	2.5 JR-0305-0	2.5 JR -3204-0		2.5	S 6.3 JR-0235-4 2.5 JR-4236-5
Continuea	Tube Type	38 39-44	40Z5	4025 41	42	45		45Z5 1	46	47	49	50	50A5	50C5	50C6	50 L6	50X6 50X6	50 Y 6	50 Y6			5027	5027 5027	HD-51	51/518		53		3	55		57A	58	58A/58AS 59
Apre 4-3	Notations	۵ :	Plate No. 1 Plate No. 2	8 8 8	Plate No. 1	į	Š.		Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2 Triode Sect	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Ampl.sect.	Ost. Jaci:	Pentode No. 1	Pentode No. 2		Cap = G	Ampl. Sect.	nect. Sect.		Triode No. 2	Cap=G	-			Short on 1-2-3-4-5	Short On 1-2-3-4-5	Rect. Sect.		Short on 1-2-3-4-5	Hect. Sect. Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2	Cap=G
	Mur. Cond.	630			;	: :	1	725 2500		1200	, ;		000	630	2150	0212	580	400	3000	006	860	860	500 650	~	2830	၁ တ			:	: :				660 570
	Press	P4	rr:	2 2 2	23	. E	13	7 Z	P5	P5 P4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	7 9 4 2	- <u>4</u>	P 2	7 Q	- 4	P4	P 4	5 7	P4	P 7	7 A	Р4	ጥ 0	Ф	2	2 :	<u>2</u>	5 2 3	í	Z Z	33	P4 P4
	Shunt	72	5 6 5	4 0 4 0	5 5	5 4	40	; ;	29	29	0	0		; ;	Low Sig.	LOW SE	: :	;		20	: :	;	1	: ;			: 14	3 :	55	0 0 0 0		99	99	
	Bias		00					გ ნ დ	10	<u> </u>	<u>~</u>	8;	_ <	4			65	37	22	35.0	17	17	2 2 2 3	33	34 24	39	: <	>	0	00	0	00	0	441
	Selectors	۳. X	JR-0504 JR-0203	JR-0504 JR-0203		JR-0507	JR-0304		JW-2701	%- ₩-	JR-3602	JR-3502-		, A		֡֝֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֡֓֡	- H	JR.	40	בי מבי בי מבי	JR-4		2 4 2 4 2 6	JR-6		JR-5347	JR-036	JR-0247	JR-0207	2 2 2 0 - 0	JR-0537	JR-050 JR-050	JR-0304	2R-0
	Fil Volts	6.3		25.0 25.0	0.0	25.0	5.0	5.0	5.0		5.0	5.0	0. K	2.5		000		2.0		0.0				5.0	0. r	35.0	ST	STS	5.0		ST	5.0	5.0	
	Tube Type	25T 25W4	25 Y 5	72 72	Z5M Z5M	26 Z6	Ŋ.	্≪	⋖・	26A7 26G6	ပ	Q	ם כ	ַנ	28D7	30	31	32	32L7	32L/ 33	RK33	RK33	35	35A5	35B5 35C5	35L6	35W4 35W4	35 Y 4	35 Y 4	3523 3524	3525	3525 3526	3526	36

ਰ
۵
∍
_
-=
-
-
=
o
O
_
_
က
4
ч
ш
_
8
TABI
Q
_

																								•	•	٠,	•																							
	Notations	Pent. Sect.	Rect. Sect.	Pent. Sect.	Rect. Sect.	Pent. Sect.	Rect. Sect.	Reverse Weter	Pent. Sect.	Hect. Sect.	Reverse Meter			Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2									Cap= G	-	Pent. Sect.	Hect. Sect.	Cap= G	ш	Cap= G				Plate No. 1	Plate No 2	1 20 1 20 1	Can= G	Cap C	Cap= G		Cap=r	Caped	Cap=G	Capil G	Can:- G	Can=G		Cap=G	Cap=P	
	Mut. Cond.	2500		2500	:	3150	:	000	0062	:		:	:	:	:	630	950	950	920	000	076	010	0/6	460	280	1140		340	1000	1000	365	2000	0067	3	:	1700	630	520	0000	7300	1600	370	130	0001	1130	1550	1950	1070	2000	
	Press	P4	B3	Р 4	Р3	P 4	ЬЗ	2	T C	Z.	ć	£ (Б3	<u>B</u> 3	P 3	P4	Р4	Ь4	7	2	2 0	<u>.</u> .	T (Ţ.	ፓ ር 4 .	ፓ (4 (<u>.</u>	Ţ.	T C	ļ 0	1 0	<u>, 0</u>	- 0	3.1	2 6	P 2	р <u>4</u>	<u> </u>	1 0	į	7 0 4 2		Ţ.ç	T 0	. d	P4	Р4	Ъ4	Р4	
	Shunt		61	į	61	;	75		17	-0	Ċ	20	29	09	09	;	į	:	:	i	:	:	;	į	;	1	20	:	:	:	:	į	:	20	200	3	:	:	;	;	:		LOW SIG.		l ow Sig	9.0	Low Sig.	Low Sig.	:	
	Bias	37	37	37	37	37	37	7	37	3/	(0	0	0	0	46	29	φ (0 0		r c	1 ·	2,5	ລີວ	33	သို့	٥,	4 c	ر در	بر م	4 5	0 0 0 0	5 T	5 =) C	8	200	2 6	2	200	32		1 60	9 0						
	Fil Selectors Volts	117,0 JR-4357-0			117.0 JR-0602-0	117.0 JR-4356-0	117.0 JR-0700-0	117 0 1 D 4256 0	117.0 JR- 4336-0	0-00/0- 47 0://		117.0 JR -0506-0		117.0 JR-0507-0	117.0 JR -0304-0	5.0 JR -3200-0	-			5.0 JR -3200-0		0.0 20-0-0 0.0 2004 0	2.0 JR-3204-0	2.0 JR -0234-0	2.0 JR-3204-0	50.0 JR -5347-6	50.0 JR-0602-3	3.0 JR-0200-0	2.0 CR- 0234-0	0.030-M-0203-0	0-0028- KJ 6:1	1.3 JR-3200-0	10.0 50. 3204.0	5.0 HR -0600-0	5.0 HB-0400-0	5.0 . IB -3200-0	2.0 JR-0234-0			0.025.42 0.000 41			10.0 JR -0235-4	-			10.0 JR -4235-0	_	5.0 JR-3024-0	
	Tube	117L7	117L7	117M7	117M7	117N7	117N7	11707	11/1/	/	1170	11/23	11724	11726	117Z6	C182	C182A	182R	182	205 205 E		2.50	7 + + 7 • 1 • 1	245A	247A	15251	18251	Z2/A	7000 0000	9292	2040	2040	A 0.7.0	274R	274B	075A	283 A	285A	2008 3008	2000	300 A	3104	310A	2127	328A	329A	336A	337A	339A	
	Notations	Cap=P		Cap=P	Pent. Sect.	Hect. Sect.	Reverse Weter Pent Sect	Bect Sect		Trinde Sect Can = G	- -	Diode No. 1		Irrode Sect., Cap = G	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2		Cap = G	Cap = G	Triode No. 1. Can = G		Plate No. 1	Plate No. 9	1 1910 140. 2	Dista No. 1	Disto No o	Plate No. 2	Plate No. 2		; 2	Plate No. 1		Triode Sect Can = G		Diode No. 2	Triode Sect., Cap = G	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Cap = G) }									Right Cap = P Lower Cap = G	1
	Mut. Cond.	1900	570		•		3150	5	1040	470	2	:	: 0	470	:	:	006)	:	:		:	:	:				:	620		:	200	:	:	980	920	200	2007	315	365	700	770	1040	1130	200	
	Press	P4	P4	P4	P4	Р3	D 4	- E	2 0	P4	5 6	_ 5	_ a	J (<u>.</u>	<u>T</u>	Ρ4	. P4	Ъ4	P4	Ъ4	6	2 6	5 2	_ 6	2 6	2 2	2 2	2.6	2 6	2 6		P4	P1	<u>P</u>	Ъ4	<u>T</u>	<u>7</u>	Ъ.	Ъ4	- A	D 0	P4	Ъ4	P 4	5. P4		P4	Ъ4	
	Shunt	:	;	:	;	55			5	:	: 0	> <	>	:	0	0	:	Low Sig	,				7 t	2 (4	2 7	2 7	9 6	י טע	8	9	ر در	3 6)	0	0	:	0	0	, ;	:	:	i	:	•		Low Sig.	:	i	i	
	Bias	0	40	0	20	50	41	. 4	- 2				= ;	_ ;		-	29		4	15	7.	<u> </u>	0 0	o	> <	> <	> C	> C	0	0 0	o C	0	39	39	39	28	28	28	37	. ער	יי ני	2 6	ر در	25	75	21	44	48	19	
	Fil Selectors Volts	بر	7	6.3	7	75.0 JR-0200-0	5.0 JR-5346-	75.0 JR-0702-3	5.0 JR -3200-	- <u>L</u>	5 =	7 -	, .	÷:	۳ ۳	3 JR-0607	3 JR-3	3 JR-C	~	3 JR-C		<u> </u>) I) L) -	- u	, -	- L	, ~	6.3 JR-0204-0	. C	3 J.F.	3 4	3 JR-0	3 JF	3 JR-0305-	3 L E		יר מי		200		.3 JR-3	JR-0235	OJR-3	.0 JR-5	1.5 JR-0000-0	
-		2	-67	69-YH									,	· F /	٠٦.	כיז																							76		101D		_		_	CK108	⋖	CK113	114	

	1																			•	V-3	,,,	J																			
	Notations	Cap=P	-			Can=P	Cap≈ P	Cap=P	Strikes at approx. 72		,	Cap=G	Cap = P		Cap= F		Cap=P	No. 1 Grid	No. 2 Grid	Upper Cap= P						Cap = P				Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2			Can=G	Oap -	Cap Grid, Cap = G	Pin Grid		(Cap = P	Cab = G	_
	Mut. Cond.	2500	630	750	1050	340			;	:	009	400	700	1200	000	750	380	950	920	1386	1900	į	1150	1600	1250	2500	1450	1050	3650	950	950	820	1200	770	450	410	410	1400	3150	0110	770	1250 3150
	Press	P4	P 4	7 5	<u>7</u> 2	<u>Б</u>	B3	P5	P5	P5	դ 4	ъ.	Ţ.	Ţ 5	7 Q	<u> 4</u>	Ъ4	ъ ф	P4	P4	P4	<u>P</u>	Р 4	Д 4	Д 1	4	Ţ ç	г <u>Ф</u>	- 4 - 4	Ъ.	P 4	Д 1	<u>.</u> 2	- 4d	P 4	Р4	Ъ	ъ 4	4 6	<u> </u>	7 d.	7 Z
	Shunt	į	į	¥ S <u>1</u> 6	:	1	75	73	91	91	:	;	;	į	:	: :			;	į	Low Sig.	30 30	Low Sig.	;	;	i	;	;	:		į		0	:		: :	;	1	; (9	: :	;
	Bias S	0		61 Low	- 7 7	5 45				72	45	32	5.5	77	- αc	24	28	12	12	4				0 ;	18	0;	= =	- &	3 88	12	52	င္တ	ئ 0 د	3 5	22	23	27	O ;	წ	ے د	52	23.23
	Selectors	JR -4036-5	JR-3200-0	JR-3200-0	JR-3204-0							JR-0230-0	JR-/036-4	JR-4306-0	-		_	-	JR-6453-2	JR-0007-0	JS -1304-0		HS	-	-			JR-6237-4		-		-			_			JR-5347-0	JR-5347-2	JR-0000-0	JR-0347-5	
_	Fil Volts	12.6	7.5	7.5	6.7	7.5	2.5	2.5	6.3				φ. Ω. (ە ئەر	. .	1.5	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	•		5.0	12.6	25.0	2.5	2.5	رن دن ر	ر. تن تر	6.3	:-	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	2, C	6.3	6.3
(Continued)	Tube	837	841	842	043 864		866A	879	884	885	950	951	954	955	930	958	959	FM-1000	FM-1000	E1148	1201	1203	1204	1231	1232	HY-1269	12/3	1284	1285	1291	1291	1293	1294	1603	1609	1612	1612	1613	1617	1616	1620	1621 1622
						5																																				
IABLE 4-3	Notations	Cap = G		Dista No. 1	Plate No. 2	Cap	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2						Cap	Cap - P	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2		Pent. Sect.	Osc. Sect.		Plate No. 1	Plate No. 2							Strikes at approx. 70	Strikes at approx. 73		Can- P	Cap=P	Cap=P	Cap= P	Cap= P	Cap = P	Left Cap = P	Right Cap = P	Near Cap=G	Near Cap= G Far Cap= P
5-3	Mut. Notations Cond.	130 Cap=		900	Plate No 2	_ Cab_	Diode No.		3800	850	1/00	2330	7770			3300 Triode No. 1	Triode No.		Pent.	315 260		Plate No. 1		950	950	850	0220	820	280	Strikes at approx.	Strikes at approx.	2200	950 260		020			006		റ്റ	1140 Near Cap=G	1140 Near Cap= G Far Cap= P
5-3		P4 1130 Cap=	P4 2500	3900 DIA+0 NIA	:	410 Triode Sect., Cap =	Diode No.	1	P4 3	Б	ጉ (2	<u>.</u> 6	74 1/70 1/80	P4 2000	P4 3300	P4 3300 Triode No.	P4 3350	315 Pent.	315 260	P4 2750	P3	,							Strikes at approx.	Strikes at approx.	2	950 1260	2400	1050	006	1400	1900	2500	0062	1140	1140
5-3		Sig. P4 1130 Cap=	P4 2500	2 P4 3900 Distable	:	P4 410 Triode Sect Cap =	Diode No.	1 P1	P4 3	Sig. P4	ጉ (P4	_ i	74 1/70 1/80	sig. P4 1480	Sig. P4 3300	P4 3300 Triode No.	. P4 3350	315 Pent.	315	Sig. P4 2750	P3	0 P3						: P4	Strikes at approx.	5 P3 Strikes at approx.	2	950 1260	2400	1050	006	1400	1900	2500	0062	P4 1140	1140
5-3	Press Mut. Cond.	9 Low Sig. P4 1130 Cap=	Low Sig. P4 2500	5 P4 3900	50 F3	P4 410 Triode Sect Cap =	21 P1 Diode No.	0 21 P1	4 P4 3	Low Sig. P4	C LOW SIG. P4	3 P4 2	0 00 PI	5 LOW SIG. F4 1/70	5 Low sig. P 4 2000	7 Low Sig. P4 3300	7 Low Sig. P4 3300 Triode No.	7 P4 3350	5 P4 315 Pent.	315	0 Low Sig. P4 2750	0 70 P3	0 70 P3	9 	7 P4	9	7. 7.0	 P4	3	# 55 P3 Strikes at approx.	25 P3 Strikes at approx.	P4	0 P4 950	P4 2400	0 P4 1050	P4 900	P4 1400	0 P4 1900	P4 2500	75 P2 2500	P4 1140	1140
5-3	ias Shunt Press Cond.	.3 JR-0347-5 19 Low Sig. P4 1130 Cap=	JR-5347-0 10 Low Sig. P4 2500	3 JR-5347-U 25 P4 3900	3 JR-0307-2 0 30 F3	0 JR-0205-0 36 P4 410 Triode Sect Cap =	.0 JR-0405-0 0 21 P1 Diode No.	.0 JR-0305-0 0 21 P1	.3 JV- 6147-0 24 P4 3	.0 JR-4760-3 17 Low Sig. P4	3.0 J.K-4/60-2 40 LOW SIG. F4 1	.0 JR-5347-0 53 P4 2	3 HK-0502-0 0 60 F1	3 HK-460Z-0 Z5 LOW SIG. F4 1//U	3 11 12 5032-6 13 10 10 38: F4 1460	3 KR-3402-8 17 Low Sig. P4 3300	.3 KR-7608-2 17 Low Sig. P4 3300 Triode No.	.3 JR-4760-3 37 P4 3350	.1 DX -6218-5 35 P4 315 Pent.	5 P4 315	3 JR-3562-0 10 Low Sig. P4 2750	.5 JR-0300-0 0 70 P3	.5 JR-0200-0 0 70 P3	.0 JR-3200-0 79 P4	.0 JR-3200-0 57 P4	0 JR-3200-0 79 P4	0 JR-3204-0 3/ F4	0 JR-3204-0 3/ F+	0 JR-3204-0 43 P4	3 JR-5367-0 # 55 P3 Strikes at approx.	5 JR-3204-0 $\#$ 25 P3 Strikes at approx.	3 JR-4763-0 0 P4 2	5 JR-3200-0 0 P4 950	3 JR-3024-0 33 P4 2400	3 JR-3000-0 0 P4 1050	3 JR-3000-0 0 P4 900	3 JR-3000-0 0 P4 1400	.0 JR-3024-0 0 P4 1900	.6 HS -8043-0 40 P4 2500	6 HS -1043-0 35 P4 2500	JR-0000-0 0 P4 1140	P4 1140

_	T																TV	-3/	U														O	'EK	AT	ION
	Notations	Triode No. 2 Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2 Strikes at annua 77			Junoy Cool	Lower Cap = P	Cap=P						Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Triode No. 2	Triode Sect.	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2															
	Mut. Cond.	1000 1250	1250	1500	1500	1400	530	4400	1900	:	700	950) :) :	:	1400	700	700	1575	630	:	1900))														
	Bias Shunt Press	11 Low Sig. P4 29 P4		Low Sig.		<u>8</u>		8 P4	0 P4	09	21 P4	:	55	0 0 0 0 0 D1	† 7	;	low Sig	13 Low Sig. P4	Low Sig.	61	Low Sig.															
	Fil Selectors Volts	6.3 JX -2103-5 6.3 JX -4506-1	6.3 JX- 2103-5 6.3 JR- 4765-3	6.3 JR -4302-0	6.3 JR-5607-0	6.3 JR-4306-0	4.3 JR-3200-0	6.3 EV- 9167-3	6.3 JR-0007-0		6.3 JR-3567-0	ב מ	6.3 JR -0304-0	4.3 JR -0403-0	7.5 JR-3200-0	2.5 BY- 5600-0	2.5 JR-4 300-0			6.3 JR -0504-0	6.3 JR-6207-0															
(collinged)	Tube	5691 5692	5692	5694	5694	5731	5742	5763	7193	8016	9001	9002		9005			2 C X X X X	OXX XX	XXFM	∑ ∑ Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z																
C-+ 310WI	Notations	Cap= P Cap= P	Cap=P	Eye Open	Eye Closed		Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 2	Triode No 2 Can — D	1	Pentode No. 2	Reads 500 on Meter, Short on 3	(Cap = P)	J - 20	Caplo			Can=P Shorton	Cap=P, Choice	-					Pentode Sect.	Diode No. 1	2	Strikes at approx. 76	Triodo No. 1	Diode No. 1	Diode No. 2	Triode No. 1	Triode No. 1
	Mut. Cond.	1400 2500	2000	2		5000	1650	650	650 650				350	1350			570	2850	2200	:	2500	2007	625	2650	3350 1900		1900		:	1250	: 0	3200			4800 4800	1000
	nt Press	P4 P4	0' 0 4 4	Р	Д 6	T	Sig. P4		Т О 4 4	P4	Ф. 4	Ţ 0	- A	P4	Ъ			98. F4 P4	P4				į	26. 74 4. C	т С	50 P5					_ ;	<u>ن دو</u>	<u>.</u>	_;	<u>ج</u> و: فظ	Sig.
	Bias Shunt	0	33	1 :		18	3 Low	3 Lo w)) (0	0 !	17	10	10	0			Š	0		4	0 35	•	₹	3, 24	0 50	_	: :	00	;	• :‰.1	17 LOW	, 0	4.	26 Low	
	Fil Selectors Volts	20	7 =	2.6 4	9.0	0.0	5.0	5.0	2.6	6.3 JE	30.00	2 2 2 6	200	-WL 9.	1 5 DX -0000-0	Š	.0 JR -3200	6.3 JR-4765-3	3 JR -4765	S. J. P.	ان الحال الحال	 AP -()	3 JR-	د. جاز	6.3 JR- 4760-3 6.3 DX- 6218-0	AP-0307-0) 	6 JR-(6 JR-(9 2 2	3 JR-	7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	3 JR-	6 E	6.3 JX-4506-1
																												0999								9687 9691

TABLE 4-4. TEST DATA FOR SUB-MINIATURE TUBES

Notes	Triode Sec.	Diode Sec.								
Min. Mut. Cond.	200	OK over 400 on 3000 scale	410	2000	2500	1500	1825	950	950	1380
Press	P4	P1	P4							
Shunt	Low Sig.	0	Low Sig.	Low Sig.	High Sig.	Low Sig.	Low Sig.	Low Sig.	Low Sig.	Low Sig.
Bias	30	0	27	31	49	15	17	17	16	29
Selectors	EV-2780-0	EV-0600-0	EV-2780-0	DU-2105-0	DW-1574-0	EW-3051-2	EW-3051-2	DU-2105-0	FT-4102-0	FT-4102-0
Basing	ш	ΪΉ	щ	၁	ĽΨ	щ	Ħ	ပ	D	Q
Fil.	1.1	1.1	1.1	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Tube	10%	10%	1W5	6K4	SN976C	5633	5634	5637	5644	5645

- (29) TESTING BALLAST TUBES.
 - (a) Turn the tester ON.
 - (b) Set FILAMENT voltage switch \$101 to BLST.
 - (c) Set SHORTS test switch on position 1.
 - (d) Refer to TABLE 4-5. Set first SELECTOR switch S103 (lettered A to K) to letter in column headed "First Selector." Set all numbered SELECTORS on zero.
 - (e) Rotate second SELECTOR switch S104 (lettered P to Z) from P to Z. Neon lamp, E103, should light on positions noted.

TABLE 4-5. BALLAST TUBE TEST CHART

TUBE TYPE	First Selector	1	Noon in	lamı thes	she	ould osit	ligi lons.	nt
lAl-lBl-lCl-lEl-lFl-lGl-lJl-lKl-lLl-lNl- lPl-lQl-lRlG-lSlG-lTlG-lUlG-lVl-lYl-lZl-2	J	R						
2UR224	J			T				X
2LR212	Н	R	ន		U			
3	J	R						
033	J			T				
4-5	J	R						
6-133	J			T				
6-6AA	J	R						
7-8-9	J	R						
10A-10AG	J			T				

NAVSHIPS 91254 TV-3/U BALLAST TUBE TEST CHART (Continued)

BALLAST TUBE TEST	CHART (Contin	ued)						
TUBE TYPE	First Selector	N	eon in	lamp thes	shore pos	uld :	ligh ons.	t
10AB	J			Т				
K17B-M17C-BM17C	J			Т]
	J		S]
M17HG-M17H	D	R					ļ	
K23B-K23C-KX23B-KX30C	J	<u> </u>		T] :
мзон	J	<u> </u>	3					<u> </u>
rison	D	R				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	igspace
30A-K30A	J	 		T	ļ			_
K30D	J	R		T	ļ		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
33A-33AG	J			Т				
K34B	J			T				
36A	J			T				
K36B-BK36B-L36B-BM-L36C-KX36C	J			T				
KX36A	J	R						Γ
36D-L36D	J	R		Т				T:
L36DJ	J	R		Т	U			
	J		s					
КЗ6Н-МЗ6Н-МЗ6НО	D	R						
L40S1-L40S2	J	R		Т		v		
42A	J			Т				Γ
42A1	Н				υ			
42A2-42B2	Н		ន		Ū			Γ
K42B-L42B-M42B-K X42B-LX4 2B-L42B X -K42C- L42C-M42C	J			Т				:
KB42D-K42D-L42D	J	R		Т				;
LX42D-L42DX	J	R	S	Т				
K42E-L42E	J			Т				;
	IJ				,			:
L42F	D	R						
42HA-K42HJ-M42H-M42HG	J		S					
ONAPIT THEOLOGICAL CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR	E	R		T				L
KX42C	J			T]
		اا					<u> </u>	

NAVSHIPS 91254 TV-3/U BALLAST TUBE TEST CHART (Continued)

BALLAST TUBE TEST C	HART (Contin	ued)						
TUBE TYPE	First Selector	N€	on l	lamp these	shou pos	ild]	light ons.	;
K55D-L55D	J	R		T				X
L55E-M55E	J			T	<u> </u>			X
TELD WEED DIEED	J			ļ				Х
L55F-M55F-BL55F	D	R			<u> </u>			
	J		S				<u> </u>	X
K55H-M55H-M55HG	D	R]
L55\$1-L55\$2	J	R		Т		V		Х
60R30G	J	R		Т				
64.23	J			Т				
67A	J			Т				
K67B-L67B	J			Т				Х
L73B-K74B-L74B-CX74C	J			Т				Х
80A	J			Т				
K79B-K80B-M80B-K80C-KX80B-L80B	J			T				Х
	J		1		1		1	Х
K80F	D	R	Ī					
KX87B-LX87B-L90B	J			Т	1			х
	J							Х
K90F-M90F-K92F-M92F	D	R	 	1			<u> </u>	
92A	J			T		<u> </u>		
L92B-95K2	J		<u> </u>	T	 		 	х
L99D	J	R	 	T		•		X
100R8	J	1		T	-		 	X
120R	J	R	 	 		_	ļ	<u> </u>
120R 120RS-135K1	J		 	т		-	<u> </u>	х
135K1A	J	 		T	U	 		X
140L4-140L8-140R4-140R8	J	R		T		 	 	 ^- -
140R	J	$\frac{R}{R}$		 - -	 	 	-	
140L44-140R44	J	R	S	ጥ	 		<u> </u>	
165L4-165R4-165R8	J	R	<u>-</u>	T			<u> </u>	
165R	J	R	 	 				
165L44~165R44	J	R	B	Т			•	
185L4-185L8-185R4-185R8	J	R		T	<u> </u>			
185R	J	R		<u> </u>				
185L44-185R44	J	R	s	Т				
200R-250R	J	R	Ť	-	-			
250R8-290L4	J			Т				Х
300R4-320R4	J			T	<u> </u>			X
340	J	R		<u> </u>				
808-1	J		 	Т	U			Х
E14980-W43357-W4588-3613	J			Т				X
3334-3334A	J	R		T	 			X
8593-8598-8601-8664	J	1		T				X
3ER248	J	R		T	U			X
3CR241	J	R		T	-			X
OOUVAT	U			1				^

NAVSHIPS 91254 TV-3/U BALLAST TUBE TEST CHART (Continued)

BALLAST TUBE TEST	CHARI (CONTIL	ivea)						
TUBE TYPE	First Selector		Neon in	lam the	p sh se p	ould osit	lig ions	ht •
L42S1	J	R		T		V		T
49A-49AJ-K49AJ	J			T				T
KX49A	J			Т				T
49A1	Н				U			T
49A2-49B2	Н		S		U			T
K49B-L49B-M49B-BM49B-K49C-M49C-BM49C- BK49C-K49E-L49E	J			Т				
K49D-BK49D-L49D	J			T				
7.40D	J							
L49F	D	R				<u> </u>		
M49H-M49HG	J		S			ļ		L
	D	R	-			ļ	-	╀
KZ49B-KZ49C	J	R				V	ļ	$oldsymbol{\perp}$
K49BJ-L49BJ	J	 		T	U			
L49S2	J	R		Т		V		
49AJ-K49AJ	J			Т				
KX49B-LX49B-LX49C	J			Т				
L49DJ	J	R		Т	U			
L49S3	J	R		Т		V		Γ
50A2	J	R		Т				Γ
50A2MG-50B2	J	R				٧		
50 x 3	J	R						Γ
VEOU MEOU	J		3					1
К52н-м52н	D	R						
K54B	J			Т				
55A-K55A	J			T				
55A1	Н				U			
KX55A	J	R						
55B-K55B-M55B-BM55B-L55BG-L X 55B	J			Т				:
55A2-55B2	Н		ន		U			
K55C-L55C-KX55C	J			Т				,
K55CP	J			Т		V		,

b. When the Tube Tester TV-3 U is used as a Multimeter to measure VOLTS, A.C. or D.C., OHMS, D.C. MILLIAMPERES, AND MICROFARADS, the eleven position MASTER SWITCH, S112, in the upper right of the main panel is used to select the range used in making measurements. It switches the indicating meter into different circuits. The METER, M101, has a sensitivity of 200 microamperes and an internal resistance of 2365 ohms.

Toggle switch S114 connects the copper oxide rectifier CR101 in the meter circuit for A.C. and CAPAC-ITY and disconnects it for D.C.

The two jacks J103 and J104 just above the meter are used when measuring VOLTS, OHMS, MILLIAM-PERES or CAPACITY. The RED jack J104 is positive when do measurements are made.

The different scales on the meter dial are shown in distinctive colors. The points on the MASTER SWITCH are shown in corresponding colors. Thus OHMS are shown in ORANGE, VOLTS and MILS are shown in RED and CAPACITY is shown in GREEN. This makes it easy to select the meter scale to be read when making measurements.

- (1) VOLTS D.C. When measuring volts the circuit has a sensitivity of 1000 ohms per volt. Ranges are 0 to 20, 0 to 200, 0 to 500, and 0 to 1000.
- (a) Set the MASTER SWITCH S112 to the appropriate range.
- (b) Set the toggle switch S114 at the left of the meter to D.C.
- (c) Insert the test leads W104 and W105 into the jacks J103 and J104 at the upper right hand corner of the main panel. The RED jack and the RED lead are
- (2) VOLTS A.C. The sensitivity of the circuit is 1000 ohms per volt. Ranges are the same as for D.C. VOLTS.
- (a) Set the MASTER SWITCH, S112, to the appropriate range the same as for dc volts.
- (b) Set the toggle switch, S114, to A.C. and CAP.
- (c) Insert the test leads W104 and W105 into the jacks, J103 and J104, at the upper right hand corner of the main panel. In measuring ac the polarity does not matter.
- (3) OHMS. Ohms are measured in two overlapping ranges, the center scale readings of which are respectively 2,000 and 200,000 ohms. No batteries are used as the power is obtained from the built-in power supply. Therefore, when measuring ohms the power

switch, \$106, must be turned on.

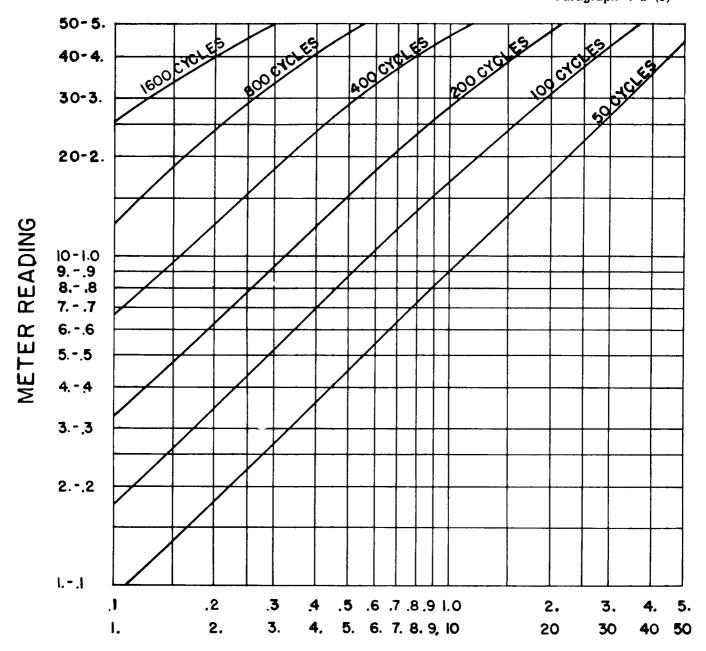
When the MASTER SWITCH is set on OHMS X1 the ohms scale reads direct. The center of the scale is 2,000 ohms and may be read from 10 ohms to 1 megohm.

When the MASTER SWITCH is set on OHMS X100 the scale is multiplied by 100. The center of the scale is 200,000 and may be read from 1000 ohms to 100 megohms.

TO OPERATE:

- (a) Set the MASTER SWITCH S112 on the appropriate point. (OHMS X1 or OHMS X100)
- (b) Plug the line cord of the tester into a 115 volt ac outlet and turn the power switch, \$106, ON.
- (c) The pointer of the meter will move to the top of the scale.
- (d) Turn the knob of LINE ADJUST R113 until the meter pointer rests exactly over the end of the scale marked INF. (infinity).
- (e) Insert the test leads, W104 and W105, in the two jacks, J103 and J104, in the upper right hand corner of the panel marked VOLTS, OHMS, MILS, CAP.
- (f) Touch the prods of the test leads to the terminals of the resistance to be measured. The meter pointer will indicate the resistance in ohms. The resistance being measured should not be shunted by any other resistance, capacitance, or inductance.
- (4) CAPACITY—.05 Mfd. or higher. Capacity is measured in two ranges, 0-5 and 0-50 microfarads. It is necessary to apply a standard voltage to the capacitor being measured, therefore:
- (a) Turn the MASTER SWITCH, S112, to OHMS X100 and turn knob of LINE ADJUST R113 to bring the meter pointer to the INF. mark. This establishes standard voltage across the capacitor.
- (b) Turn the MASTER SWITCH, S112, to the appropriate point (5 MFD. or 50 MFD.).
 - (c) Set the toggle switch S114 to CAP.-A.C.
- (d) Insert the test leads, W104 and W105, in the two jacks, J103 and J104, marked VOLTS, OHMS, MILS, CAP.
- (e) Touch the prods of the test leads to the terminals of the capacitor being measured. The pointer of the meter will indicate the value of the capacitance in microfarads. The capacitor being measured should not be shunted by other capacitance, resistance, or inductance.
- (f) The capacity scale is calibrated for use on 60 cycles. For other power line frequencies consult the conversion chart, Figure 4-5.

4-24 ORIGINAL



TRUE CAPACITY

Fig. 4-5. Conversion Chart for Capacity Measurements at Frequencies Other Than 60 Cycles

- (5) TO CHECK SMALL CAPACITORS. Capacitors from .0001 to .05 M.F. may be checked as follows:
- (a) Make line adjustment the same as for tube testing. See paragraphs 4a(4) and 4a(5), page 4-3.
- (b) Set the master switch S112 to CAPS on Volts 200. Set toggle switch S114 to A.C.-CAP.
 - (c) Set SELECTORS to JR-0204-0.
- (d) Furnished with the TV-3 U is a special capacity test cable, W102. One end of this cable is
- equipped with a 5 pin plug. The black wire terminates in a pin tip. The red wire terminates in an alligator clip.
- (e) Insert the 5 pin plug of W102 in the 5 pin tube test socket. Insert the pin tip in the black pin jack J103 in the upper right corner of the panel.
- (f) Connect the alligator clip of W102 to one terminal of the capacitor to be measured. Insert the red test lead W104 in the red pin jack J104, and hold the prod on the other terminal of the capacitor.

(g) Press button marked P5 and note the reading of the voltmeter. The value of the capacitor is found in Table 4-6 below.

TABLE 4-6. CAPACITY TO VOLTAGE CONVERSION TABLE FOR SMALL CAPACITORS

CAPACITY IN M.F.	VOLTMETER READIN ON 200 VOLT SCAI
.0001	1.5 Volts
.0002	3. "
.00025	3.5 "
.0005	7. "
.001	13. "
.002	25. "
.003	37. "
.004	49. "
.005	59. "
.006	70. "
.007	79. "
.008	85. "
.009	92. "
.01	99. "
.015	125. "
.02	139. "
.025	147. "
.03	153. "
.035	156. "
.04	160. "
.05	162. "

- (6) MILLIAMPERES, D.C. Milliamperes D.C. are measured in two ranges, 0-20 and 0-200.
 - (a) Turn the power switch \$106 to OFF position.
- (b) Turn the MASTER SWITCH S112 to the appropriate MILS range.
- (c) Connect the current being measured to the jacks, J103 and J104, marked VOLTS, OHMS, MILS, CAP., by means of test leads W104 and W105.
 - (d) The RED jack is positive.
- (7) INDUCTANCE. In measuring inductance of choke coils make switch settings exactly as for measuring capacity. (See paragraph 4b(4) of this section.)
- (a) Set the MASTER SWITCH, S112, on CAP. 5 MFD.
- (b) Connect the prods to the terminals of the choke being measured and read the microfarad scale of the meter.
- (c) Divide the reading in microfarads into 7.04, which will give the results in henries.
- (d) The following is a conversion table for inductance values:

TABLE 4-7. CONVERSION FROM CAPACITY READING
TO INDUCTANCE

CAPACITY READING M.F.	INDUCTANCE HENRIES
.1	70.4
.2	35.2
.3	23.4
.4	17.6
.5	14.1
.6	11.7
.7	10.1
.8	8.8
.9	7.8
1.0	7.0

SECTION 5 OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

1. LINE CORD AND PLUG.

- a. Inspect cord for cuts or breaks in the insulation. Minor damage to the outer jacket may be repaired with friction tape. If, however, the break or cut is deep enough to expose either of the conductors, the cord should be replaced.
- b. If the panel indicator I110 does not light when the Tube Tester TV-3/U is connected to a live 105-125 volt ac 50-1600 cycle outlet (see paragraph c below), check the FUSE lamp E102 for possible burn out or loose socket connection. If FUSE lamp is OK unscrew the red jewel of indicator I110 and check pilot lamp E101 for loose socket connection, or burn out.
- c. To check ac voltage source use the 200 volt ac range of the Multimeter section.

2. TEST LEADS.

a. Inspect test leads for worn or broken insulation, also check all leads for continuity, using the OHMS X1 range of the Multimeter section. If leads are badly damaged or open they should be replaced.

3. FUSE LAMP.

a. E102, a type 81, Mazda lamp, is used as a fuse and overload indicator. Two spare lamps are supplied as operating spares, and are kept in the lead compartment.

4. PILOT LAMP.

a. A number 47 lamp 6.3 volts at .15 amps., E101, serves as a pilot lamp in panel indicator I110. A spare lamp is supplied with the operating spares kept in the lead compartment.

5. NEON LAMP.

- a. The neon lamp E103 used as a short indicator should be checked as follows:
 - (1) Be sure lamp is firmly screwed into its socket.
- (2) With the tester plugged in, and the power switch ON, but with no tube in test sockets, set the MASTER switch S112 to TUBE TEST.
 - (3) Set SELECTORS to JR-1111-1.
 - (4) Turn the SHORTS test switch S113 through

positions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. The neon lamp should glow in positions 2 and 3.

b. If the neon lamp is defective replace it from the operating spares in the lead compartment.

Note

Do not deplete the supply of operating spares furnished with the tester without taking the necessary steps to secure replacements.

6. TUBES.

- a. Two full wave rectifier tubes are used in the TV-3/U. One type 83 V101 used in the mutual conductance test circuit to supply dc plate voltage for the tube under test and dc voltage for the ohmmeter portion of the Multimeter. The type 5Y3, V102, supplies screen and bias voltages to the tube under test.
- b. Failure of the 83 tube V101 is indicated if, with no tube in the test sockets but the controls set for tube test, the pointer of the METER M101 moves sharply off scale to the right when the $G_{\rm in}$ push button P4 is pressed.
- c. Failure of the type 5Y3GT tube would result in lack of voltage on the screen, and bias circuits of the tube under test. To check plate and screen voltages refer to Section 7, paragraph 7.
- d. To remove rectifier tubes V101 and V102 for test or replacement:
- (1) Remove the ten mounting screws around the edge of the panel.
- (2) Carefully lift the entire unit out of its case and turn face down on the test bench or other flat surface.
- (3) Slide the spring clamps holding the tubes in place away from the top of the tube, and to one side.

Note

After tubes are replaced in their sockets, BE SURE THE TUBE CLAMPS ARE IN PLACE BEFORE THE EQUIPMENT IS RETURNED TO ITS CASE.

ORIGINAL 5-1

SECTION 6 PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Note

"THE ATTENTION OF MAINTENANCE PERSONNEL IS INVITED TO THE RE-QUIREMENTS OF CHAPTER 67 OF THE 'BUREAU OF SHIPS MANUAL' OF THE LATEST ISSUE."

1. PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

- a. The following precautions should be observed when operating the Tube Tester TV-3/U:
 - (1) DON'T connect the TV-3/U into a dc power supply line. Be sure the power line to be used supplies 105 to 125 volts ac at a frequency between 50 and 1600 cycles.
 - (2) DON'T insert a tube in any of the test sockets without first properly adjusting the controls.
 - (3) DON'T attempt to test tubes for emission, or mutual conductance, without first checking for shorted elements.
 - (4) DON'T press the mutual conductance G_m push button P4 when testing rectifier tubes.
 - (5) DON'T fail to turn off the equipment and return all leads and adapters to the lead compartment when through using it.

FAILURE REPORTS

A FAILURE REPORT must be filled out for the failure of any part of the equipment whether caused by defective or worn parts, improper operation, or external influences. It should be made on Failure Report, form NBS-383, which has been designed to simplify this requirement. The card must be filled out and forwarded to BUSHIPS in the franked envelope which is provided. Full instructions are to be found on each card.

Use great care in filling the card out to make certain it carries adequate information. For example, under "Circuit Symbol" use the proper circuit identification taken from the schematic drawings, such as T-803, in the case of a transformer, or R-207, for a resistor. Do not substitute brevity for clarity. Use the back of the card to completely describe the cause

of failure and attach an extra piece of paper if necessary.

The purpose of this report is to inform BU-SHIPS of the cause and rate of failures. The information is used by the Bureau in the design of future equipment and in the maintenance of adequate supplies to keep the present equipment going. The cards you send in, together with those from hundreds of other ships, furnish a store of information permitting the Bureau to keep in touch with the performance of the equipment of your ship and all other ships of the Navy.

This report is not a requisition. You must request the replacement of parts through your Officer-in-Charge in the usual manner.

Make certain you have a supply of Failure Report cards and envelopes on board. They may be obtained from any Electronics Officer.

REPORT ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT	NOTICE Bosel for tros sec	Read Moles of me and extending BMO.		DATE DATE			\		
NO NAME ON NAVSHIPS (NBS)	EQUIPMENT FA		PORT (SI	G) NOTIC	CE—Read no fo preparing		DATE		·· ····
DESIGNATION DESIGNATION DESIGNATION DESIGNATION DESIGNATION DESIGNATION LOUIPMENT MODEL I	Army	USMC Senar	JAN	Commercial Total	Tool Pe	ther Sound		Specify) Other	(Speculy)
TYPE NUMBER AND I	NAME OF NAJOR UNIT			SER OF UNIT	CONTRACT OR	O DATA OF UNIT		DATE EQUIP	PMENT RECEIVED
				ITEM WHIC	H FAILED				
TITEMS		DE FOR TU	·	!	i	THIS SIDE			
TUBE TYPE, INCLUDIT	NG PREFIX LETTERS		SERIAL N	IO (MOTES)	MAME OF PART		CIRCUIT (eg # 1)		HALY TYPE NO.
TUBE MANUFACTURE	R		CONTRAC	T HO. (NOTE II)	SERIAL NO	*CONTRACT DATA	*DATE RE	CD.	PARMY STOCK NO
FAILUTE OCCURRED		GUARANTEED (NOTE B)	HOURS	DATE OF ACCEPTANCE (NOTE 8)		TAG DATA (NOTE 1)		ICTURER S DA	
Storage	Operation	ACTUAL HOUR	ıs	DATE OF FAILURE	BRIEF DESCRIP	TION AND CAUSE OF FAIR	URE, MCLL	DING APPROX	HATE LIFE (CONTINU
Installing	(Specify in remorbs)	TYPE OF FAIL!		TUBE CIRCUIT SYMBOL					
Installing MATURE OF FAILURE	AND REMARKS (MOTE I) (CONTINUE ON	BACK)						
CONCLUSION Mormal replacement *Isof (EQ.))	Shortage	SUBMITTED B	lon	Fellure	Transportation breakage	Olher	16 40441	(Spec	rfy)

SECTION 7 CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

1. FUSE LAMP.

- a. The Tube Tester TV-3 U is protected by a combination FUSE lamp and overload indicator, E102, in the primary circuit of power transformer, T101. If the pilot light 1102 does not glow when the tester is connected to a live ac line of proper voltage, remove FUSE lamp E101 from its socket, and check for continuity, using a low range ohmmeter. If FUSE is open replace from spares found in the lead compartment.
- b. Line voltage of the power source may be checked by using the 200 volt ac range of the Model TV-3 U Multimeter section.

2. PILOT LAMP.

- a. The type 47, 6.3 volt bayonet base pilot lamp E101 should glow when the TV-3 U is plugged into a live 115 volt ac outlet, and the power switch S106 is turned ON. If the lamp does not glow, but FUSE lamp E102 checks OK, unscrew the red jewel cover of the indicator I110 and check the lamp for continuity and looseness in the socket.
- b. A burned out pilot lamp should be replaced with one from the operating spares found in the lead compartment.

3. NEON LAMP.

- a. The neon lamp E103 used as a short indicator should be checked as follows:
 - (1) Be sure lamp is firmly screwed into its socket.
- (2) With the tester plugged in and the power switch ON, but with no tube in test sockets, set the MASTER switch S112 to TUBE TEST.
 - (3) Set SELECTORS to JR-1111-1.
- (4) Turn the SHORTS test switch S113 through positions 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. The neon lamp should glow in positions 2 and 3.
- b. If the neon lamp is defective replace it from the operating spares in the lead compartment.

Note

Do not deplete the supply of operating spares furnished with the equipment without taking the necessary steps to secure replacements.

4. TUBES.

- a. Two full wave rectifier tubes are used in the TV-3 U. One type 83 V101 used in the mutual conductance test circuit to supply plate voltage and to supply dc voltage for the ohmmeter circuit of the Multimeter section. The 5Y3GT, V102 supplies dc screen and bias voltages for the tube under test.
- b. Failure of the 83 tube V101 is indicated if, with no tube in the test sockets but the controls set for tube test, the pointer of the METER M101 moves sharply off scale to the right when the G_m push button P4 is pressed.
- c. Failure of the type 5Y3GT tube would result in lack of voltage on the screen and plate circuits of the tube under test. To check plate and screen voltages refer to paragraph 7 of this section.
- d. To remove rectifier tubes V101 and V102 for test, or replacement:
- (1) Remove the ten mounting screws around the edge of the panel.
- (2) Carefully lift the entire unit out of its case, and turn face down on the test bench or other flat surface.
- (3) Slide the spring clamps holding the tubes in place, away from the top of the tube and to one side.

Note

After tubes are replaced in their sockets BE SURE THE TUBE CLAMPS ARE IN PLACE BEFORE THE EQUIPMENT IS RETURNED TO ITS CASE.

5. TEST LEADS.

a. Inspect all test leads for defective insulation and test for continuity. Make any minor repairs necessary, but if leads are in poor condition, or beyond repair, requisition replacements immediately.

6. SCHEMATIC WIRING DIAGRAM.

a. Refer to schematic diagram Figure 7-6 and internal views Figure 7-2, 7-3, 7-4, and 7-5 for correct wiring and placement of parts in the TV-3/U.

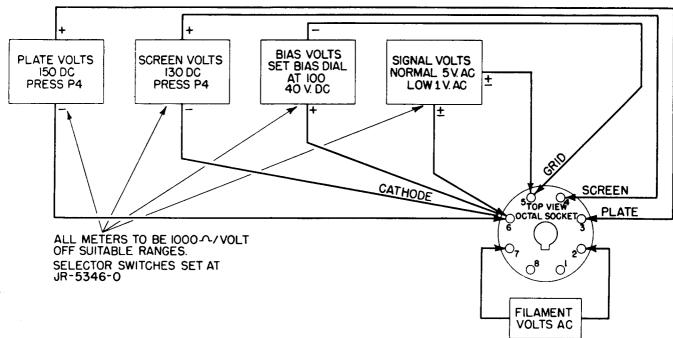


Fig. 7-1. Voltage Calibration Check Diagram

7. VOLTAGE AND CALIBRATION CHECK.

- a. The Tube Tester section of the TV-3/U may be checked for proper voltages and for correct calibration of the SHUNT and BIAS control dials as outlined in the following steps:
- (1) Set the MASTER switch, S112, and the SHORTS switch, S113, to TUBE TEST. Set the SELECTORS, S103, S104, S105, S108, S109, S110, and S115 to JR-5346-0. Turn power switch, S106, ON. Press LINE ADJ. push button P7 and turn LINE ADJUST control R113 until the METER pointer is set at LINE TEST.

Note

Voltage tests must be made with a multimeter, or individual meters of 1000 ohms per volt sensitivity having suitable ranges of ac and dc.

The Multimeter section of the TV-3/U cannot be used for these tests.

(2) PLATE VOLTAGE CHECK (150 vdc).

- (a) Connect the positive (-|-) terminal of the voltmeter to contact No. 3 (RMA) of the octal test socket, X107, and the negative (—) terminal to contact No. 6 of the same socket. (See Figure 7-1)
- (b) Press G_m push button P4. The voltmeter should read approximately 150 volts dc, \perp 2 volts.
 - (3) SCREEN VOLTAGE CHECK (130 vdc).

- (a) Connect the positive (+) terminal of the voltmeter to contact No. 4 (RMA) of the octal test socket X107, and the negative (—) terminal to contact No. 6. (See Figure 7-1)
- (b) Press G_m push button P4. The voltmeter should read approximately 130 volts dc, \pm 2 volts.

(4) BIAS VOLTAGE CHECK (40 vdc).

- (a) Set the BIAS dial, I101 of bias control R116, at 100.
- (b) Connect the positive (+) terminal of the voltmeter to contact No. 6 (RMA) of the octal test socket X107 and the negative (—) terminal to the No. 5 contact. (See Figure 7-1)
- (c) The voltmeter should read approximately 40 volts dc, \pm 0.8 volts.
 - (5) SIGNAL VOLTAGE CHECK (1 and 5 vac).
- (a) Set BIAS dial II01 of bias control R116 at zero.
- (b) Connect the terminals of the ac voltmeter to contacts 5 and 6 (RMA) of the octal test socket X107. (See Figure 7-1)
- (c) With the SIGNAL switch S107 set at NOR-MAL the meter should read approximately 5 volts ac, + 0.2 volts.

ORIGINAL 7-3

- (d) With the SIGNAL switch S107 set at LOW the meter should read approximately 1 volt ac, ± 0.04 volts.
- (6) FILAMENT VOLTAGE CHECK (1.1 to 117 vac).
- (a) Set FILAMENT voltage switch S101 to the desired voltage.
- (b) Connect the terminals of an ac voltmeter or a multimeter of suitable range between contacts 2 and 7 (RMA) of octal test socket X107.
- (c) The meter should read within the limits indicated in Table 7-1 for the various nominal setting of the FILAMENT voltage switch \$101.

TABLE 7-1. FILAMENT VOLTAGE CHART FOR TUBE TESTER TV-3/U

NOMINAL	MIN.	MAX
1.1	1.1	1.2
1.5	1.5	1.7
2.0	2.0	2.2
2.5	2.7	2.9
3.0	3.3	3.5
4.3	4.4	4.7
5.0	5.4	5.6
6.3	6.4	6.7
7.5	7.6	8.0
10.0	10.1	11.0
12.6	12.5	13.2
20.0	19.0	21.0
25.0	26.0	28.0
35.0	34.0	39.0
50.0	50.0	56.0
75.0	73.0	83.0
117.0	118.0	128.0

- (7) BIAS dial 1101 and SHUNT dial 1102 should indicate zero when they are in full counter clockwise positions.
- b. If a tube shows defective in one TV-3 /U tester and it checks good in other TV-3 /U checkers, make a comparison check of voltages and resistances between socket connections with the selector switches and other controls set at the same settings on both the good and defective testers.
- c. This comparison check will help to localize the trouble.

8. RESISTANCE CHECK FOR MULTIMETER SECTION.

- a. TABLE 7-2 is intended as an aid in localizing trouble in the Multimeter section of the TV-3/U.
- b. An ohmmeter or multimeter having suitable ranges should be connected to the VOLTS, MILS, OHMS, CAPACITY jacks J103 and J104.

CAUTION: Disconnect power cord before starting resistance measurements.

9. COPPER OXIDE RECTIFIER.

- a. Failure of meter rectifiers of the type used in the Model TV-3/U seldom occurs in normal use.
- b. A defective rectifier CR101 will cause a considerable drop in sensitivity on the ac ranges only. If the dc voltage circuits check out properly, but an appreciable error is found when measuring ac voltages, it is a definite indication that the rectifier CR101 is defective and should be replaced.

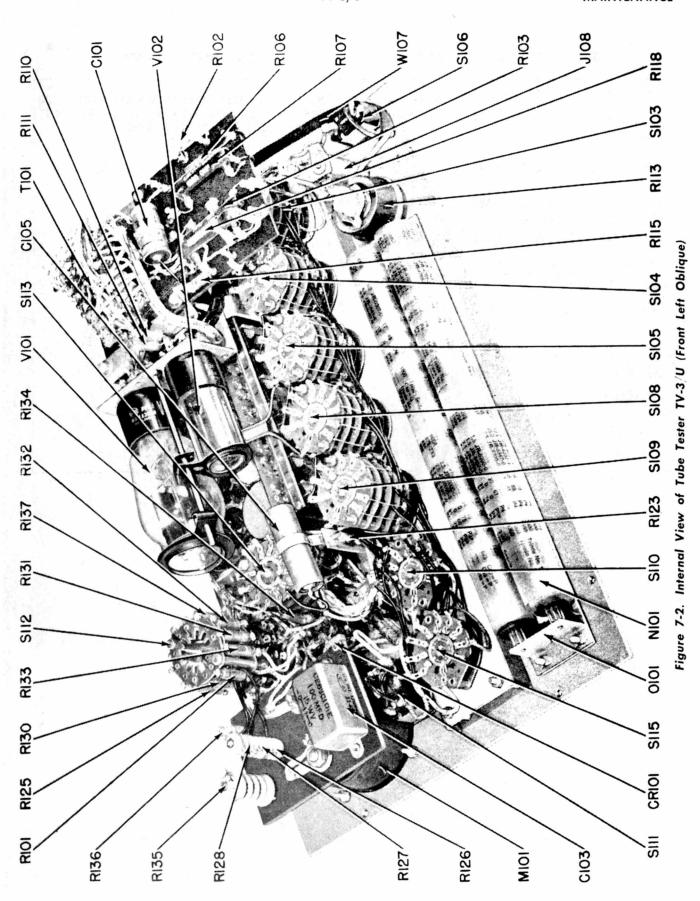
Caution

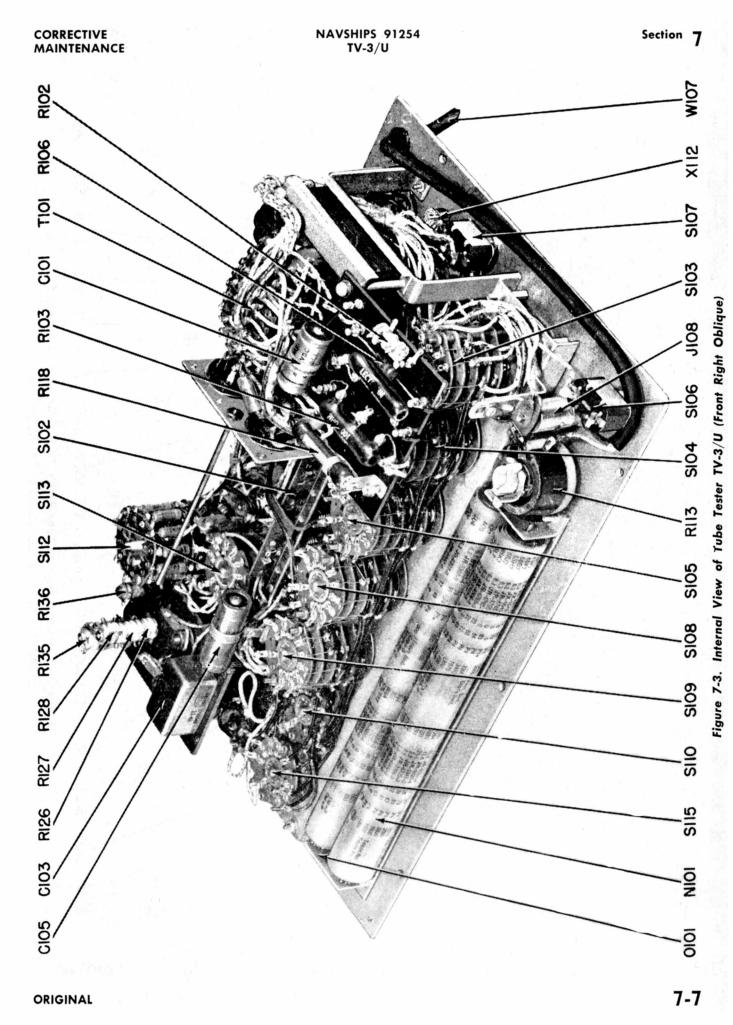
DURING FUNGUS PROOFING OPERATIONS BE SURE THAT NONE OF THE COATING COMPOUND IS USED ON OR PERMITTED TO COME IN CONTACT WITH THE COPPER OXIDE RECTIFIER. CHEMICALS USED IN THESE COATING COMPOUNDS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO METALLIC RECTIFIER ELEMENTS.

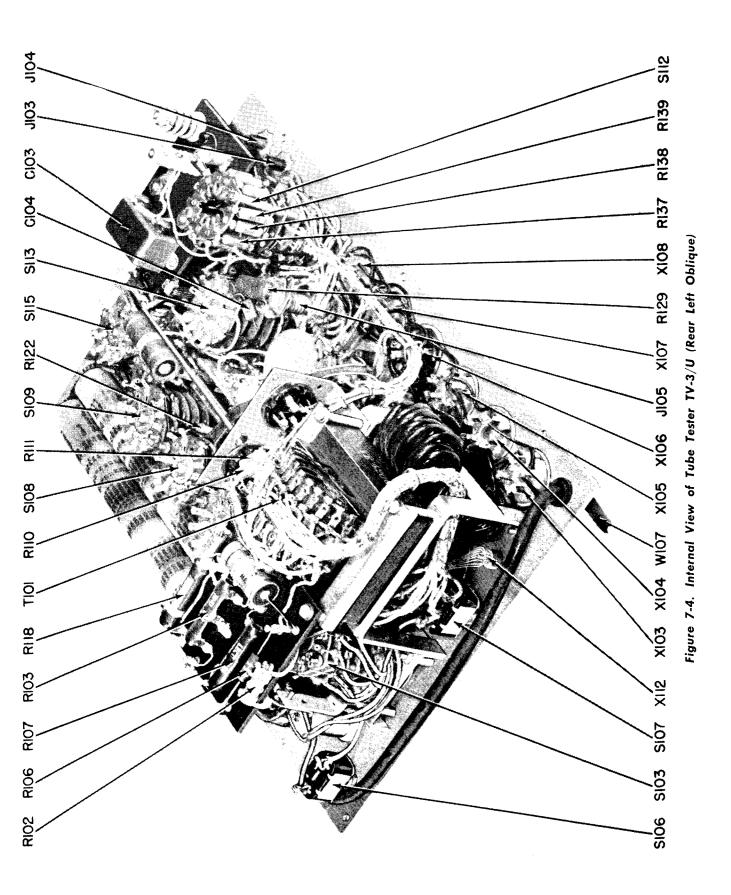
TABLE 7-2. POINT TO POINT RESISTANCE CHECK FOR MULTIMETER SECTION

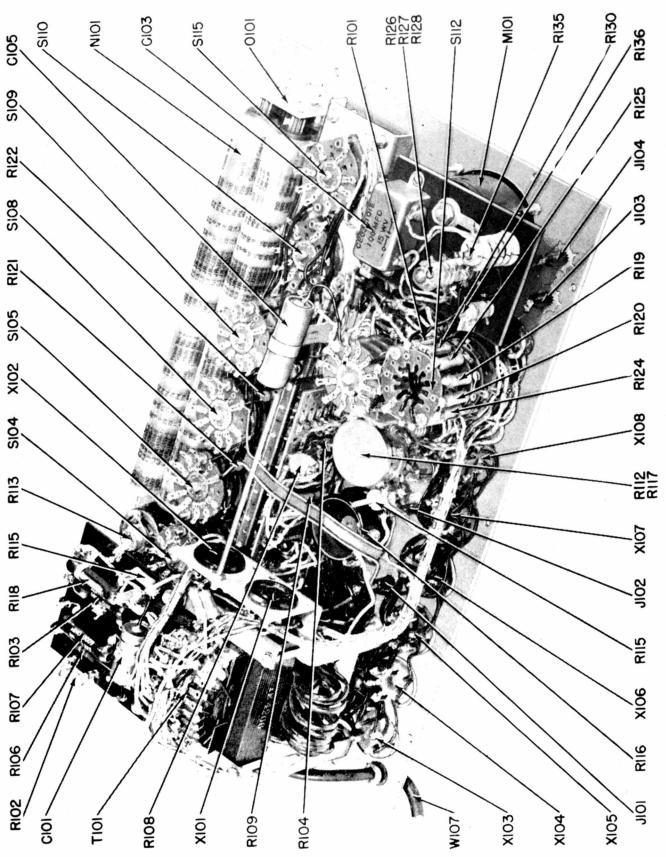
POSITION OF MASTER SWITCH	RESISTANCE ACROSS PIN JACKS J 103 AND J 104	COMPONENT PARTS BY SYMBOL DESIGNATION WHICH SHOULD BE CHECKED FOR POSSIBLE FAILURE IF PROPER RESISTANCE READING ACROSS PIN JACKS IS NOT OBTAINED
OHMS X 1	1920 OHMS	R124, R125, R126, R127, R128, R130
OHMS X 100	205,000 OHMS	R119, R120, R124, R126, R127, R128, R130
VOLTS 20	20,000 OHMS	R131, R132, R133
VOLTS 200	200,000 OHMS	R131, R132, R133, R137
VOLTS 500	500,000 OHMS	R131, R132, R133, R137, R138
VOLTS 1000	1 MEGOHM	R131, R132, R133, R137, R138, R139
		NOTE: FOR A.C. VOLTAGE RANGES CR101 SHOULD ALSO BE CHECKED
CAPACITY 5	580 OHMS	R136
CAPACITY 50	65	R135
MILS 20	38	R125, R126, R127, R128
MILS 200	3	R125, R126, R127, R128

ORIGINAL 7-5









NOTES

7 Section

CORRECTIVE

MAINTENANCE

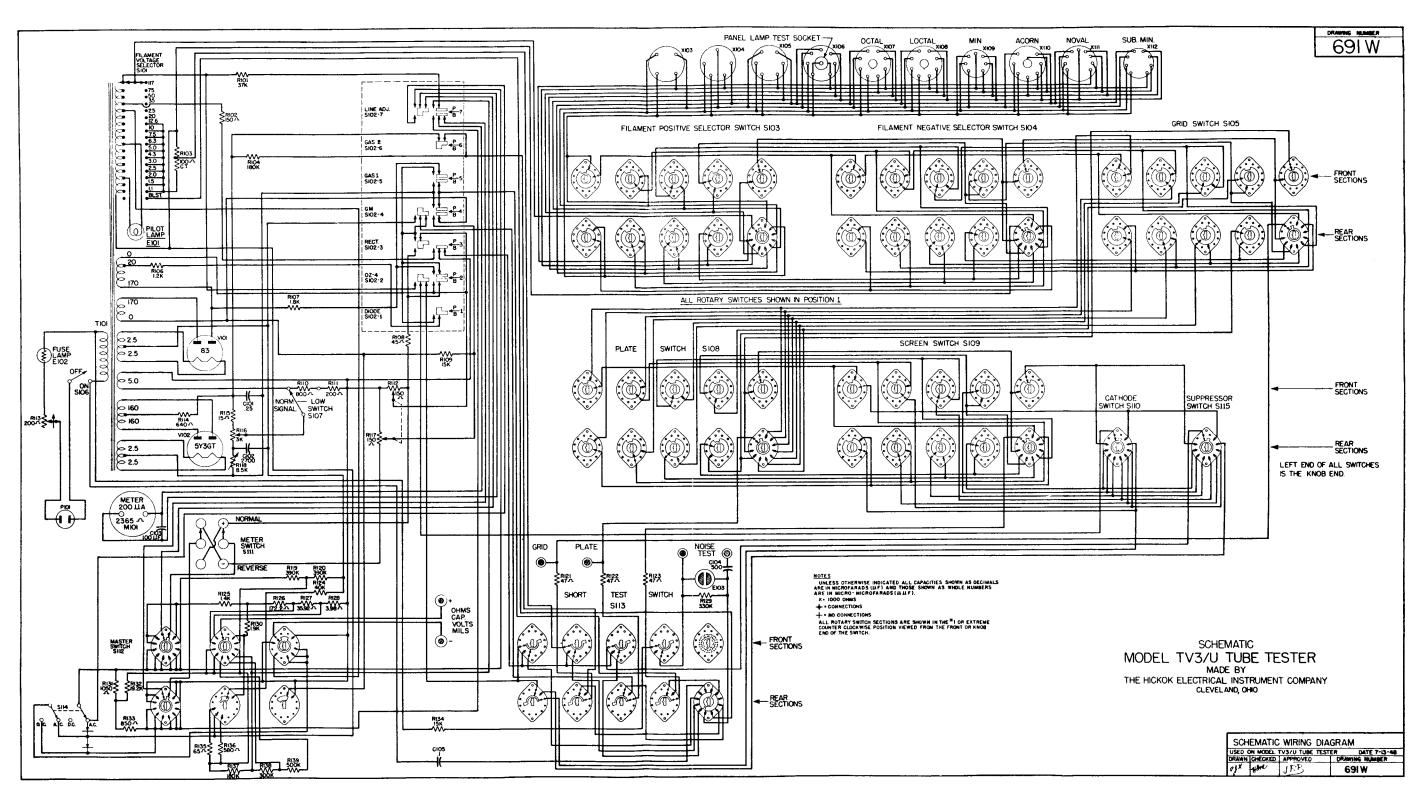


Figure 7-6. Schematic Diagram for Tube Tester TV-3/U

7 Section

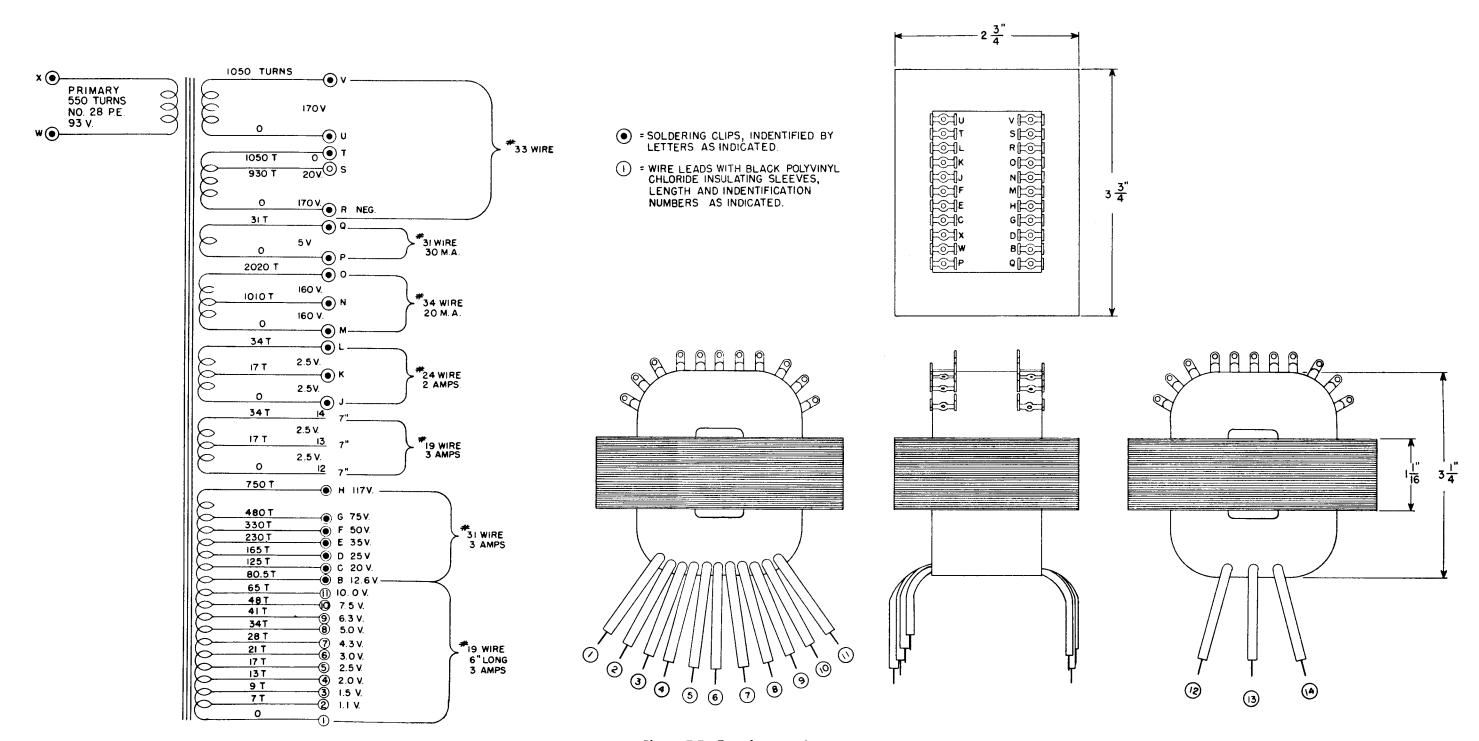
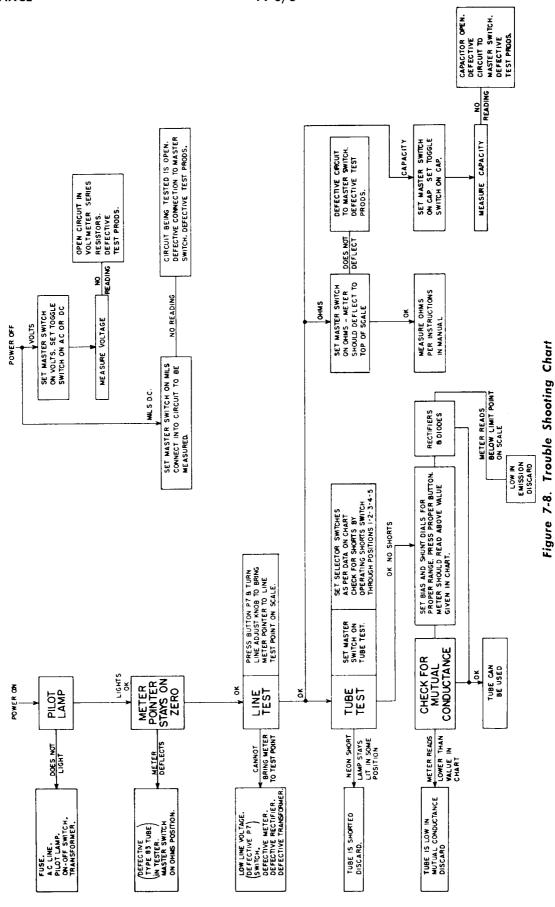


Figure 7-7. Transformer Diagram



NOTES

TABLE 8-1. WEIGHT AND DIMENSIONS OF SPARE PARTS BOX

EQUIPMENT SPARES							
Spare Parts Box	C	Overall Dimension	Volume	Weight			
	Height	Width	Depth				
1	61/8"	9/4''	18½″	1040 cu in	$rac{2614}{ ext{lbs}}$		

TABLE 8-2. SHIPPING WEIGHT DIMENSIONS OF SPARE PARTS BOX

	EQUIPMENT SPARES							
Spare Parts Box		Overall Dimension	Volume	Weight				
DOX	Height	Width	Depth	Volume	vv eight			
1	9″	22″	11/2"	2280 cu in	42 lbs			

TABLE 8-3. LIST OF MAJOR UNITS

Symbol Group	Quantity	Name of Major Unit	Navy Type	Designation
	ı	Tube Tester	TV-3/U	

TABLE 8-4. COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

	TOTAL NO.	-			-				
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	C-101	C-102	C-103	C-104	C-105	CR-101	E-101	E-102
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG. AND PART NO.	3105-120	X3095-41	3085-35	X3095-8	3105-114	Part/Dwg #18150-14	12270-12	X-1227O-2
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Sollar XT1LW0	Cornell Dubilier	Cornell Dubilier	Cornell Dubilier	Hickok Part #3105-114	Bradley Type #CX2E2D	Sylvania Prod type #S-47	Tungsol #81
	ARMY STOCK NO.	3D.A250-479	3K3027221	3DB100-45	3K2047121	3DA100-730	3H4838-15.3	2Z5952	6Z6806.14
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N16-C-46343-	N16-C-32145- 5164	N16-C-20179- 5441	N16-C-30114-	N16-C-45777-	X17-R-50882-2338	N17-L-6297	N17-L-6686
a.	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.		CM30B272K	CE63C101E	CM20B471K	CP26A1EF- 104K			
	FUNCTION	Filter Capacitor Bias Network	Neutralizing Capacitor	Filter Capacitor across Meter	Isolating Capacitor Noise Test	Isolating Capacitor Short Test	Meter Rectifier	Pilot Lamp	Fuse
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	CAPACITOR, fixed: paper; single section; 250,000 mmf p/m 10%; 400 VDCW; herm sealed metal case, 13% lg. x 1/6" diam; mineral oil impreg; two axial wire leads; no internal ground; radial mtg. bracket.	CAPACITOR, fixed: mica; JAN type CM30B272K; 2700 mmf p/m 10%; Spec #JAN- C-5	CAPACITOR, fixed: electro-lytic; JAN type CE63C101E; 100 mfd. = 10%, +250, 15 VDCW; Spec JAN-C-62	CAPACITOR, fixed: mica; JAN type CM20B471K; 470 mmf p/m 10%; Spec #JAN- C-5	CAPACITOR, fixed: paper; JAN type CP26AIEF104K; 100,000 mmf p/m 10%; 600 VDCW; Spec #JAN-C-25	RECTIFIER, metallic; copper oxide; input 4.5 V.A.C.; output 3 V.D.C. @ 5 ma; 7/6" g x 3/2" wd x 1/4" h o/a excluding \$\frac{2}{2}\tilde{x}\tildex	LAMP, incandescent; 6 to 8 volts @ .15 amps; bulb T 314 clear; 118" Ig overall; miniature bayonet base; C-2 filament; burn any position;	LAMP, incandescent: 6 to 8 V 6 cp; type G6 clear; 17,6"; miniature bayonet base; C-2R filament; burn any position.
	SYMBOL DESIG.	C-101	C-102	C-103	C-104	C-105	CR-101	E-101	E-102

NAVSHIPS 91254 TV-3/U

=	_		Ħ		, m d	-
E-103	E-104	E-105	E-106	E-107	E-108	H-101
X-12270-1	#3075-13	#9720-12	#9720-11	#16975-13	#16975-1	Part/Dwg. #23800-19
G.E. Catalogue #NE 17	Ucinite #J-1348-1-2	Mueller #87 Black	Mueller #87 Red	American Radio Hd'ware part #145 Black	American Radio Hd'ware part #145 Red	Hickok Part #23800-19
2Z5889-16						2Z7091-225
N17-L-6793						N16-P-403561-
Shórt Test Indicator	Replacement Tube	Replacement Test clip insulator; part of W-103	Replacement Test Clip Insulator: part of W-102	Replacement Prod; part of W-105	Replacement Prod; part of W-104	Protection and Guide Line for Roll Chart
LAMP, glow: 115 V J4 W, striking voltage AC55 DC70; T 41, 2 clear; I 12" overall length; Candelabra screw base; PW 27 Electrode; burn any position; Neon gas.	CLIP ASSEMBLY, tube contact: grid and plate connector for lighthouse tubes; used with Tube Tester TY3. I; one 14 diam plate clip and one silver plated phosphor bronze grid clip mounted in and insulated from a cylindrical metal shell; blued steel shell, phenolic insulation; cylindrical shape; 118 diam x 1." Ig excluding contact clips; friction it mtg over plate and grid connections of tube; replacement part, supplied less leads.	INSULATOR, clip: conical shape; black polyvinyl acetate; 15,8" k; 9,16" OD x, 1,2" ID max.	INSULATOR, clip: conical shape; red polyvinyl acetate; 15,8" k; 9.6" OD x. 1.2" ID max.	PROD, test: nickel plated tip with black plastic handle; wire secured in tip by knurled sleeve nut; will accommodate #18 AWG wire, handle 1 ₁₆ TD; 57 lg x 3,2 diam approx overall.	PROD, test: nickel plated brass tip with red plastic insulating handle; wire secured in tip by knurled sleeve nut; will accommodate #18, AWG wire; handle 16, TD; 5, k x 3," diam approx over-all.	PLATE, indicator: Cellulose acetate clear; $11^5 s''$ lg x $1^2 x''$ wd x .020 thk; four $^3 s''$ diam mtg holes on $11^4 \times 1''$ mtg c; single red indicator line $^{1} s''$ wd printed lengthwise on center line; $^3 s'' \times 1^4 x''$ cut out at one end to clear roller index knob.
E-103	E-104	E-105	E-106	E-107	E-108	H-101

	TOTAL NO.		_	_	-	10
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	1-101	701-1	[·103	1-10+	1-105 1-106 1-108 1-108
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG AND PART NO.	Part #4160-57 Dwg. #4160-12	Part #4160-60 Dwg, #4160-12	Part # X-4150-65 Dwg. #4150-16	Part # X-4150-66 Dwg. #4150-16	Part # X-4150-64 Dwg. #4150-16
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Hickok Part #4160-57	Hickok Part #1160-60	Hickok Part #X4150-65	Hickok Part #X-4150-66	Hickok Part #X-4150-64
	ARMY STOCK NO.	223718.142	223718.138	223718.137	223718.136	223718.135
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N16-D-46346- 6726	N16-D-46346-	N16-S-117101- 262	N16-S-117101- 260	N16-S-117101- 261
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.					
	FUNCTION	Adjustment of Bias Voltage Applied to Tube under Test	Adjustment of Shunt and Micromho Range Selector	For Indication of Proper Setting of Selector Switches	Same as 1-103	Same as I-103
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	DIAL: bias control; etched aluminum dial filled in black attached to black phenolic barknob; approx dimen 11½6 dam x ½8 high o/a; mounts on ¼4 diam shaft by means of once #8-32 set screw; filled black numerals 0,10,20, through 100, 100 scale divisions on 300° arc, non uniform spacing.	DIAL: SHUNT control; etched aluminum dial filled in black attached to black phenolic barkings and special propers, dimen 115,6 diam x 48" high object nounts on 14" diam shaft by means of one #8-32 set screw; filled black numerals 0,10,20 etc. through 100, 100 scale divisions:	DIAL: brass, temper ½H with etched letters enamelled black, satin chrome background; alphabetical range: BCDEFGH-JK: 11½ man, center hole 253" dia with 190" flat; mounts on 14" dia flatted shaft behind panel.	DIAL: brass, temper 12 H with etched letters enamelled black, satin chrome background; alphabetical range: RST(VWX-YZ; 115 ns diam, center hole .253" dia with .190" flat side; mounts on 14" diam flatted shaft behind panel.	DIAL: brass, temper ¹ 2 H with etched numbers enamelled black, satin chrome background; numerical range 0 to 9 inclusive; 1 ¹⁵ ls diam, center hole .253" dia with .190" flat; mounts on ½" diam flatted shaft behind panel.
	SYMBOL DESIG.	1-101	1-102	1-103	1-104	1-105

NAVSHIPS 91254 TV-3/U

		red.	1	61			M
		0	7. 7. 7.	75 74)5 -
		F-110	J-101 J-103 J-106 J-107	J-102			J-105
		19350-112	10300-2	10300-1			X-19350-2
		Drake type #40	Eby type #52 black	Eby type #52 Red			Drake type #414-14Ľ-LT
		2Z5991-3	2.75581-5	225581-4			2Z5956.16
		3998 3998	N17-C-73108- 1999	N17-C-73108- 2000			N17-L-50844- 4672
Same as I-103 Same as I-103	Same as I-103 Same as I-103	Used with E-101	For insertion of Grid Cap Lead	For Insertion of Plate Cap Lead	For Insertion of Black Test Lead	For Insertion of Red Test Lead	Used with E-103
DIAL: Same as C-105 DIAL: Same as C-105	DIAL: Same as C-105 DIAL: Same as C-105	LIGHT, indicator: with lens; ½" clear red jewel lens; for miniature bayonet base T-3 ¼ lamp; open frame; brass nickel plate; 1½" x ½" x 1½" H o/a, behind mit sur jewel extends approx ½" in front of mtg sur, mounts in 1½" mtg hole, ½" max panel thickness; lamp mountedhoriz, removable from front; threaded jewel; two solder lug terminals.	CONNECTOR, receptacle: single contact, phosphor bronze; straight: ½" diam x ¾" Ig o'a excluding term; cylindrical black phenolic body; opening for .080" to ¾½" diam pin plug mounts in 1½%" diam panel hole; supplied with speed nut for mtg.	connections, receptacle: single contact, phosphor bronze; straight; ½" diam x ¾" Ig o/a excluding tern; cylindrical red phenolic body; opening for .080" to ¾" diam pin plug; mounts in ½" diam panel hole; supplied with speed nut for mtg.	CONNECTOR, receptacle: Same as J-101	CONNECTOR, receptacle: Same as J-102	LAMPHOLDER: candalabra screw; brass shell body; 115 V, 10 W; ½" diam x ½" lg excluding terminals and mtg bracket; one elongated mtg hole ¾" x ¼" in bracket; mtg bracket extends 1¼" behind base of socket, two solder lug term on opposite sides.
I-106 I-107	I-108 I-109	I-110	J-101	J-102	J-103	J-104	J-105

TABLE 8-4 (Cont.) COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

	רבת בעוטוף.			
	TOTAL NO. PER EQUIP.			
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED		J-108	M-101
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG AND PART NO.		X-19350-1	Part #460-6+11 Dwg. #A-478 S-46
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.		Drake type #614L-CH-LT	Hickok Part #460-641
	ARMY STOCK NO.		628332	3F3299-9.2
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.		N17-L-51678- 3452	5596 5596
	AWS JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.			
	FUNCTION	For Insertion of Noise Test Lead Same as J-106	Used with E-102	For Indications of Line Test Micromhos Volts Ohms Mils Capacity
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	CONNECTOR, female contact; Same as J-101 CONNECTOR, female contact; Same as L-101	LAMPHOLDER: candalabra bayonet; steel shell body: 115 bayonet; steel shell body: 115 candaling terminals and mtg bracket; one clongated mtg botas [s, x, s, x] in bracket; mtg bracket extends 114" behind base of socket, two solder lug term on opposite sides.	METER, multi-scale: DC; scale ranges 0 / 3000 / 6000 / 15000 micrombos, 0 1 Meg / 1000 volts and mils, 0/5/50 microfarads; square phenolic, flush mtg case; barrel diam 234", depth behind flange 11½", excluding terminals; accuracy 2 (c. 10 'Arsonval movement; 200 Microamps basic movement sensitivity, resistance 2365 ohms p/m 50 ohms; calibrated for non-magnetic panel; micromho scale 60 divisions, black on pastel orange; volts and mils scale 50 divisions, black on pastel orange; volts and mils scale 50 divisions, black on pastel ed; microfarad (MF) scale 40 divisions, black on pastel ed; microfarad (MF) scale 40 divisions, black on pastel ed; microfarad (MF) scale 40 divisions, black on pastel ed; microfarad (MF) scale 40 divisions, black on pastel green; meter designed only for use in Navy Model TV-3/U. Tube Tester which contains all associated circuit components; four 4-36 mtg studs 76" lg on 214" mtg/c; two stud terminals 14"-28 th'd 16" lg spaced 112" c to c; check points for diodes, rectificar and line test; Hickok Model S46.
	SYMBOL DESIG.	J-106 J-107	J-108	M-101

NAVSHIPS 91254 TV-3/U

	part .		8	ro.	a
N-101-N	0-101	0.102	0-103	P-101	P-102
-	ñĿ			φ:	0
#X3200-32	Part/1)wg #X-9600-7	#3075-12	#3300-3	#16526-29	#16525-40
Hickok Part #N3200-32	#X-9600-7	Amphenol #63-1 black	Mueller #45 Pec Wee	Amphenol part #71-1S Red	Amphenol part #71-1S Black
H.#			<u> </u>	Amp part Red	Ar Dad Bl
N16-S-290001- 61)10124-2	2Z3876.108				
-10006	N16-1)-900201-				
N16-S-2 102	N16-1)- 101				
Settings	_ ==	Tube X-106	Test V-102	Plug: 3. -106	Plug: Land
Tube Test Settin and Instructions	Mounting and Rotation of Roll Chart	Replacement Tube Cap: part of W-106	Replacement Test Clip; part of W-102 and W-103	Replacement Plug: part of W-101. W-102, W-103. W-105 and W-106	Replacement Plug: Part of W-101 and W-104
Tube and In	Mount Rotati Chart	Repla Cap: 1		Repla part c W-10; W-10.	Repla Part o W-10
st data; 3" thick ox 90" translu- id; p o	cy Tube Tube mount- plated Tubes 1158 1168 ounting	contact; r plate; spring " lg x l; black e solder	I plate: h over- or solder ss max- supplied der con- note: original pped for d Muel- al screw	one r'nd plated traight; diam x m 254″ commo-	one r'nd plated plated is lg; ic head overall s lg lg; g AWG to wire.
Tube te istic .000 Nappi int on lickgroun	p o Nav TW-3 (TW-3 (TW-3 (Miam on cad, assemble wide N wide N ep: 4 m	n tube oggrid o grid o v" diam ited: 11 h overall tion: on	teel cac vd x 12" 1 hole fo e note) 3 ening; s rew. sole d; (see 1 sed on not tap Scandar h termin	ک, plug: م nickel دراهٔ الان وها گواهٔ الا dime : will ac G wire.	k, plug: nickel nickel nickel x in phenol 3 x lg; iam x iam x iam x iam x iam x iam x inection
CHART, roll: Tube test data; Tube Test Sc Translucent plastic .003" thick and Instructi x 10.25" wide x approx 90" long: Black print on translu- cent white background; p o Navy Tube Tester Model TV- 3 U	DRIVE, chart; p o Navy Tube Tester Model TV-3 C. Dual fiber rollers, 34" diam mount- ed and geared on cad, plated welded panel assembly; Rec- tangular; 112" wide x 115% long x 112" deep; 4 mounting holes 36" d on 1" x 1114" mtg	CLIP: electron tube contact; connector for grid or plate (cnps 14" to 3," diam; spring brass, cad plated; 114" lg x 116" wd x 56" h overall; black phenolic insulation; one solder connection.	CLIP: test; steel cad plate; 11.2" lg x 516" wd x 1.2" h overall; one pierced hole for solder connection; (see note) 3 %" maximum jaw opening; supplied less terminal serew, solder connection required; (see note). Note: Clips used on original equipment are not tapped for terminal serew. Standard Muelterminal serew. Standard Muelterminal serew. Standard Muelterminal serew. Standard Muelter #45 clip with terminal serew is suitable replacement part.	CONNECTOR, plug; one r'nd male contact, nickel plated brass 5g," diam x' 16," gi; straight; red phenolic head 25d," diam x 3," lg; overall dimen 25d," diam x 18," kg, will accommodate #18_AWG wire; solder connection to wire.	CONNECTOR, plug: one r'nd male contact, nickel plated brass, ½g" diam x ¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬¬
CHAR Transl x 10.2 long; 1 cent v Navy 3	DRIV Tester fiber re ed and welded tangula long N holes 3	CLIP: election connector connector caps 14 to brass, cad 11 kg wd x 7 phenolic ins connection.	CLIP 11.2" I, all; on control in the control is suite.	CONNumale brass? red ph 3 " It diam N date # connec	CONNuale brass, straights, control of the straights will accompany will accompany with the straights of the straights accompany to the straights of the s
N-101	0-101	0-102	0.103	P-101	P-102
4	C)	<u> </u>	-	

	TOTAL NO.	-	_		p-of	_	-	_
PARTS	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	P-103	P-104		R-101	R-102	R-103	R-104
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG AND PART NO.	#16525-1	#16525-58		Part #N-18525 -378 Dwg #A-592	Part #18673- 218 (150) Dwg #19430-32	Part # N-18575-19	X-18414-182
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Amphenol part #71-5	Bryant type HRB		Wilkor Prod. Carbotilm #CP 1 ₂	Hickok Part #18673-218 (150)	Hickok Part #X-18575-19	Hickok Part #X-18414-182
	ARMY STOCK NO.				326637	326015-102	3RW18326	3RC20BF184K
	NAVY STOCK NO.				N16-R-73135- 6901	N16-R-81199- 9849	N16-R-67303- 2596	N16-R-50696- 811
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.						RW31F101T	RC20BF184K
	FUNCTION	Replacement Socket Connection: part of W-102	Replacement Plug for W-107		Dropping Resistor Line Test Circuit	Load Resistor Rectifier Test	Provides Center Top for Filament in Filament Type Tubes	Series Resistor Gas Test Circuit
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	CONNECTOR, plug: 5 round male contacts, nickel plated brass, .125" diam x ¾" lg, to lit standard 5 pin tube socket; straight; overall dimensions 1½" diam x ¾" lg excluding contacts; round phenolic body.	CONNECTOR, plug: two flat parallel blades; straight; 13.8. diam x 15.6. Ig overall excluding terminals; 15 amps 125 volts 10 amps 250 volts; round rubber body; modded rubber insert; cable opening 260" to 312."	Note: P-104 is listed as a replacement part only and is not used on original equipment.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 37,000 ohms p/m 1°C; 12 watt; F characteristic; 5% fong x 17G" diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed; wire w'nd; 150 ohms p/m 1%, ½ watt; body dimen 34" lg x 3s" diam eveluding term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub terminals; cramic body; Davy Model TV-3/U Tube Tester.	RESISTOR, fixed; wire w'nd; JAN type RW31F101T; 100 ohms p/m 5% C/T; 10 watts; Spec #JAN-R-26A	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; JAN type RC20BF184K; 180,000 ohms p/m 10°7; 12 watt; Spec. # JAN-R-11
	SYMBOL DESIG.	P-103	P. 10 t		R-101	K-102	R-103	R-104

RESISTOR, fixed: Composi- Limiting Retion; JAN type RC30BF122K; Diode Test 1200 ohms p=m=10%; 1 watt; Spec #JAN-R-11	Limiting Resistor ; Diode Test Circuit	RC30BF122K	N16-R-49941-	3RC30BF122. K	Hickok Part #X-18422-122	X-18422-122	R-106	
RESISTOR, fixed; wire w'nd; JAN type RW31F182; 1800 ohms p.m 5%; 10 watts, Spec #JAN R-26A	Limiting Resistor	RW31F182	N16-R-66094- 5706	3RW25819	Hickok Part #X-18575-12	X-18575-12	R-107	
RESISTOR, fixed; wire w'nd; 45 ohms p.m. 1 \(^{\infty}_{\infty}, \frac{1}{2}\) watt body dimen \(^{\infty}_{\infty}, \frac{1}{2}\) with eveluding term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub humidity; two radial wire stub promises \(^{\infty}_{\infty}, \frac{1}{2}\) g; ceramic body; p.o. Navy Model TV-3. (Tube Tester	Meter Shunt Recti-		N16-R-81081-	3Z6004E5-12	Hickok Part #18673-312 (45)	Part #18673- 312 (45) Dwg #19430-33	R-108	
RESISTOR, fixed: Composition JAN type RC30BF153J; 15000 ohms p·m 5%: I watt: Spec #JAN-R-11	Limiting Resistor Tube Test, Plate : Circuit	RC30BF153J	N16-R-50335- 751	3RC30BF153J	Hickok Part #X-18423-151	X-18423-151	R-109 R-134	6
KESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 800 ohms p/m 17.8 12 w; "F" characteristic; §%" lg x 15a" diam, insulated; moisture resistant; two axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	Part of Voltage Divider Signal Volts		N16-R-72978- 7158	3Z6080-66	Wilkor Prod Type CP1 ₂	Part #18525-402 Dwg. A-502	R-110	
RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 200 ohms p. m. I' i; 12 w; "F" characteristic: 5%" lg. x. I' i; "diam; insulated; moisture resistant; two axial wire leads; polyviny! chloride insulating sleeve.	Same as R-110		N16-R-72919- 2958	3Z6020-260	Wilkor Prod. Type CP12	Part #18525- 401 Dwg #A592		-
RESISTOR, variable: wire wound; dual section 150 ohms each section; p/m 57::4 watts max; 3 solder lug term cach section; metal case 134" diam x 15ti deep including both section: enclosed; round metal shaft 14" diam x 34" lg from mug surface; linear; contact arms insulated from case; normal torque; 3x-32 mtg bushing 14" lg from mug surface; both sections must be within 5% of 150 ohms but each section must also be within 1% of the total resistance of the other section; adjusted at contractors factory; p/o Navy Tuber Tester model TV-3/U	Shunt Potentiometer Control of Meter Sensitivity		-1291 -1291	3.77150-9	#16926-1	Part #16025-4	· 소 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

TABLE 8-4 (Cont.) COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

:	TOTAL NO.	-	_	-			_
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- ESTIONS INVOLVED	R-113	R-114	R-115	R-116		
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG. AND PART NO.	X-18750-13	Part #18550-99 Dwg A-623	Part #X-18550- 98, Dwg #A-592	Part / Dwg #16927-1		Part #18575- 89
PARTS	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Hickok Part #X-18750-13	Continental Carbon Type X-1	Wilkor Prod. Carboilm #CP 1	Hickok Part #16927-1		Mallory-Part # LAV8500
	ARMY STOCK NO.	3RP6007	3Z6001E18-3	3Z6064-3	327330-23		326585-10
	NAVY STOCK NO.	N16-R-90301- 2675	N16-R-73454- 3176	N16-R-72964- 8201	N16-R-90901- 1305		N16-R-43688- 3689
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.	RP101FD201- KK					
	FUNCTION	Line Adjust Rheo- stat	Part of Voltage Divider Bas and Screen Volts	Dropping Resistor for 5V3 Plate Voltages	Bias Potentiometer Controls Bias Volt- age Divider Screen and Bias Volts	Part of R-112	Part of Voltage Divider Used for Calibrating Bias Voltage
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	RESISTOR, variable: wire wound JAN type RP10HFD-201KK; 200 ohms p/m 10%; Spec JAN-R-22	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 15 ohms p/m 1/z; 1 w; "F" characteristic; 1" lg x 9/2" diam; non-insulated; resistant to humidity; two radial wire leads.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 640 ohms p/m 1/z;1 watt; fire, characteristic; fix p x 2/6," diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, variable: wire wound 3000 ohms p/m 10%. I watt; 3 terminal nuts with solderlugs; phenolic case 12%. diam x ½8″ deep; open; round shaft ½1″ diam x ¾2″ lg from ntg surface; special taper, 35% rotation 882.2 ohms, 55% rotation 1583 ohms; 65% rotation phy hyby ling; normal torque; 3,32 bushing; normal torque; 3,32 bushing; normal torque; 3,32 bushing; 3,3% lg from mtg surface; p/o Navy Tube Tester model	RESISTOR, Same as R-112	RESISTOR, adjustable: wire wound; 8500 ohms p/m 10%; watts; one adjustable sliding contact; 5/6" diam x 13/4" lg; two mtg brackets supplied; vitreous enamel; two radial tab terminals, one sliding tab terminal
	SYMBOL DESIG.	R-113	R-11.4	R-115	R-116	R-117	R-J18

8		ಣ			H		H	para 1
R-119	R-121	R-123			R-124	R-125	R-126	R-127
Part #X-18525- R-119 368 R-120 Dwg #A-592		X-18410-472			Part #X-18525- 373 Dwg #A-592	Part #X-18525- 370 Dwg. #A-592	Part #18673- 319 (172.2) Dwg #19430-33	Part #18673- 311 (35.92) Dwg #19430-33
Wilkor Prod. Carbotilm #CP ½		Hickok Part # X-18410-472			Wilkor Prod. Carbofilm #CP ½	Wilkor Prod. Carbofilm #CP ½	Hickok Part #18673-319 (172.2)	Hickok Part #18673-311 (35.93)
3Z6739-12		3RC20BF470K			326640-93	326140-12	3Z6017 B2-2	3Z6003E5-24
N16-R-73258- 7057		N16-R-49427- 811			N 16-R-73139- 7657	N16-R-73000- 9867	N16-R-81205- 5279	N16-R-81073- 5099
		RC20BF470K						
Part of Ohmmeter Voltage Divider	Same as R-119	Neutralizing Resistor	Same as R-121	Same as R-121	Part of Ohmmeter Voltage Divider	Part of Meter Shunt Mils Ranges	Part of Meter Shunt Mils Ranges	Part of Meter Shunt Mils Ranges
RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 380,000 ohms p. m. 17 i., aut.; F. characteristic; 5 g. long x. 15 at., diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, Same as R-119	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; JAN type RC20BF470K; 47 ohms p.m. 10%; 12 watt: Spec. #JAN-R-11	RESISTOR, Same as #R-121	RESISTOR, Same as R-121	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition: 40,000 ohms p m 1%; 12 watt: F characteristic: 5% long x 174, diam: insulated, moisture resistant: 2 axial wire leads: polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition: 1400 ohms p. m. 1'c: 1 ₂ watt: F. characteristic: 5'g long x. 1'a," diam; insulated, moisture resistant: 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating skevye.	RESISTOR, fixed; wire w'nd; 172.2 ohms p m 1'7; 12 watt; body dimen 152 "ft 12" diam excluding term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub terminals 18" k; ceramic body; p o Navy Model TV-3; U Tube Tester	RESISTOR, fixed; wire w'nd; 35.92 ohms p. m. 1' e: 1'g watt; body dinten $\log \ y\ x_{12}^{-1}$ diam excluding term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub terminals $\mathcal{V}_8^{\prime\prime}$ [g; ceramic body; p. o. Navy Model TV-3; Ube Tester
R-119	R-120	R-121	R-122	R-123	K-124	R-125	尺-126	R-127

TABLE 8-4 (Cont.) COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

	TOTAL NO.	_	-	-	П	1	-
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	R-128	R-129	R-130	R-131	R-132	R-133
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG AND PART NO.	Part #18673- 303 (3.98) Dwg #19430-33	X-18414-332	Part #X-18525- 377 Dwg #A-502	Part #X-18525- 375 Dwg #A-592	Part #X-18525- 374 Dwg #.A-592	Part #X-18525- 376 Dwg #A-592
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Hickok Part #18673-303 (3.98)	Hickok Part #X-18414-332	Wilkor Prod. Carbofilm #CP 1.2	Wilkor Prod. Carboilm #CP ½	Wilkor Prod. Carbofilm #CP ½	Wilkor Prod. Carbofilm #CP 12
	ARMY STOCK NO.	3Z5993J9-1	3RC20BF334K	3Z6190-15	3Z6105-2	3Z6619B2-2	3Z6085-6
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N16-R-80907- 8699	N16-R-50759- 811	N16-R-73009- 4101	N16-R-72994- 4551	N16-R-73110- 9701	N16-R-72983 6757
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.		RC20BF334K				
	FUNCTION	Part of Meter Shunt Mils Ranges	Shunt for Neon Lamp	Part of Ohmmeter Voltage Divider	Part of Meter Shunt Voltmeter	Part of Voltmeter Multiplier Network	Part of Meter Shunt Voltmeter
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	RESISTOR, fixed: wire w'nd; 3.98 ohms p/m 1%; ½ watt; body dimen ½ ½ lg x ½ diam excluding term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub terminals; ceramic body; p/o Navy Model TV-3/U Tube Tester	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; JAN type RC20BF334K; 330,000 ohms p/m 10%; ½ watt; Spec. #JAN-R-11	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 1900 ohms p/m 1%; ½ watt; F characteristic; 5%" long x 1¼," diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 1050 ohms p/m 1%: ½ watt; F characteristic; 5% long x 1½, diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyviny! chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 19,200 ohms p/m 1%; 1½ watt; F characteristic; 3% long x 1%; diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 850 ohms p/m 1/c; 1/g watt; F characteristic; 5/8" long x 1/4," diam; insulated, moist-ure resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvunyl chloride insulating sleeve.
	SYMBOL DESIG.	R-128	R-129	R-130	R-131	R-132	R-133

-	_	-	-		
R-135	R-136	R-137	K-138	R-139	S-101
Part #18673- 414 (65) Dwg #19430-34	Part #18673- 224 (580) Dwg #19430-32	Part #X-18525- 345 Dwg #A-592	Part #X-18525- 393 Dwg #A-592	Part # X-18525-302 Dwg #A-502	Part/Dwg #X-19912-160
Hickok Part #18673-414 (65)	Hickok Part #18673-224 (580)	Wilkor Prod. Carboilm #CP, 12	Wilkor Prod. Carboilm #CP 13	Wilkor Prod. Carboilm #CP J ₂	Oak #30641-1.2
3Z6006E5-8	3Z6058-3	326718-27	3Z6730-48	326750-107	37.9825-62. 37.9
N16-R-81195- 1049	N16-R-81283- 8699	N16-R-73216- 3857	N16-R-73243- 8257	N16-R-73271- 1558	N17-S-63709.
Limiting Resistor Short Check Capacity Calibration 0-50MF	Capacity Calibra- tion 0-5MF	Part of Voltmeter Multiplier Network	Part of Voltmeter Multiplier Network	Part of Voltmeter Multiplier Network	Filament Voltage Selector
RESISTOR, fixed: Same as R-100 RESISTOR, fixed: wire w'nd; 65 ohms p. m. 1°C; I watt; body dinnen 11, "lg. x 34," diam eveluling term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub terminals 1/8" lg; eeramic body; p. o. Navy. Model TV-3 UTube Tester	RESISTOR, fixed: wire w'nd; 580 ohms p m 1°C; 1°2 watt; body dimen 34" lg x 3," diam excluding term; resistant to humidity; two radial wire stub terminals ½" lg; evramic body; p o Navy Model TV:3 UTube Tester	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 180,000 ohms p.m. P.c.; 12 watt; F. characteristic: 5.s. long x. F.d., diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition; 300,000 ohms p in 1%; 12 watt; F characteristic; 5 s long x 15 d, diam; insulated moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	RESISTOR, fixed: Composition: 500,000 ohms pm 1%: 12 W; F characteristic: 58% lg x 154% diam; insulated, moisture resistant; 2 axial wire leads; polyvinyl chloride insulating sleeve.	SWITCH, rotary: 18 position 1 section: silver brass cout Phenolic insulation: Body dim 23 is x 15 is d behind mtg surface; non shorting; solder lug term: Single hole mtg bushing ing 3 x 32 x 14 ig from mtg surface; 14 idiam shaft 34 ig from mtg surface; 14 idiam shaft 34 ig from mtg surface; fatted shaft; p o Navy Model TV-3 Ube Tester
R-134 R-135	R-136	R-137	R-138	R-139	S-101

TABLE 8-4 (Cont.) COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

<u> </u>	TOTAL NO.	
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	S-103
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG. AND PART NO.	Part Dwg #X-19910-50
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Oak #39644-130
	ARMY STOCK NO.	320824-38.3
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N17-S-58845-
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.	
	FUNCTION	Apply proper voltages for Various Tests
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	SWITCH, push: seven sections each of which is operated by a separate push button independently of the other sections; #1 section, one SPST switch normally open, operated by push button P 1; #2 section, one DPST shorting type switch hoperated by push button P 2; #3 section, one SPDT non shorting type switch normally open, both operated by push button P 2; #3 section, one DPST switch normally open, both operated by push button P 3; #4 section, one DPST switch normally open, operated by push button P 5; #6 section, one SPST switch normally open, operated by push button P 6; #7 section, one SPST switch normally open, one SPST switch on shorting switch, all three operated by push button P 7; for contact arrangement refer to Hickok, dwg. #X-19910-50); metal frame with bakelite insulation; o/a body dimensions 661½" g x 5½" hg x
	SYMBOL DESIG.	S-102

ic							, - 1	77	-
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			S-106	S-107			S-110	S-111 S-114	S-112
Part/Dwg #X-19912-150			X-19911-31	X-19911-30			Part/dwg #X-19912-158	X-19911-29	Part/dwg X-19912-161
Oak #38646-H5			Hickok Part #X-19911-31	Hickok Part #X-19911-30			Oak #30642-H1	Hickok Part #X-19911-29	Oak #39645-H5
329825-62. 378			3Z9863-42A	329863-421)			37.0825-62. 377	3Z9863-52N	3Z9825-62. 376
N17-S-66623-			N17-S-70412- 4406	N17-S-71894- 1544			N17-S-(0522-	N17-S-73959- 1059	N17-S-66623- 6814
			ST42A	ST42D				ST52N	
Connects one side of Filament to Selected Socket Contact	Connects one side of Filament to selected Socket contact	Connects Grid to Selected Socket Contact	Power, ON-OFF, Switch	High, Low Signal Switch	Connects Plate to Selected Socket Contact	Connects Screen to Selected Socket Contact	Connects Cathode to Selected Socket Contact	Meter Reversing Switch	Master Switch Selects Functions and Ranges
SWITCH, rotary: 10 position: 6 section; silver brass cont; Bakelite insulation; Body dim 17.8" x 21/8" overall d behind mig surface; non-shorting solder lig term. Single hole mig; bushing 38, "32 x 3", ig from mig surface; 14" diam shaft 13.6" ig from mig surface; 14" diam shaft ted shaft; p o Navy Model IV-3 U Tube Tester.	SWITCH, Same as \$-103	SWITCH, Same as S-103	SWITCH, toggle: SPST JAN type ST42A; Spec. JAN-S-23	SWITCH, toggle: SPDT JAN type ST42D; Spec. JAN-S-23	SWITCH, Same as S-103	SWITCH, Same as S-103	SWITCH, rotary: 10 position: 1 section; silver brass cont; bakelite insulation: Body dim. 17.8" x 18.6" overall d. behind mtg surface; non-shorting; sol- der lug term; Single hole mtg bushing 3.8"-32 x 3.8" lg from mtg surface; 14" diam shaft 13.6" lg from mtg surface; flat- ted shaft; p/o Navy Model TV-3 (Uube Tester	SWITCH, toggle: DPDT; JAN type ST52N; Spec. JAN-S-23	SWITCH, rotary: 11 position: 5 sections: silver brass cont: Bakelite insulation: Body dim. 1's" x 19's" oval, 31's" d; non-shorting solder lug term: Single hole mtg. bushing 3's" 32 x 1," Ig from mtg surface: 1," diam shaft 5's" Ig from mtg surface: flatted shaft; p.o Navy Model TV-3/U. Tube Tester.
S-103	S-101	S-10.5	S-106	S-107	S-108	S-109	ý. 10	S-111	S-112

	TOTAL NO.	-	
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	5-113	1-101
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG. AND PART NO.	Part/dwg #X-19912-157	Part/dwg #X-20800-85
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Oak #3:043-H5	Hickok Part #X-20800-85
	ARMY STOCK NO.	321825-62. 375	220619-220
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N17-S-66623- 5044	N17-T-73480- 5451
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.		
	FUNCTION	Short (Test Switch	Meter Reverse Switch Same as S-110 Power Transformer
		SWITCH, rotary; 6 position; 5 section; silver brass cont; Bakelite insulation; Body dim. 18% x 19% oval, 25% d; non-shorting; solder lug term. Sing 14" lg from mtg surface, 14," diam shaft 5%" lg from mtg surface, 14, diam shaft 5%" lg from mtg surface, 16, diam shaft 5%" lg from mtg surface, 16, diam shaft 5% lg from mtg	SWITCH, Same as S-111 SWITCH, Same as S-110 TRANSFORMER, power: filament and plate type; pri 93 V.A.C., .35 amps, 50 to 1600 cycles, single phase; seven secondary windings; seed #1, 117 V @ .3A tapped at 75 V @ .3A, 20 V @ .3A, 25 V @ .3A, 25 V @ .3A, 25 V @ .3A, 26 V @ .3A, 27 V @ .3A, 2
	SYMBOL DESIG.	S-113	S-114 S-115 T-101

-	-	-		-
V-101	V-102	W-101	W-102	W-103
X-20875-28	X-20875-6	1050-7	Part/dwg #X-12450-8	Part /dwg #X-12450-145
Hickok Part #X-20875-28	Hickok Part #X-20875-6	f.cinite #J-1348	Hickok Part #X-12450-8	Hickok Part #X-12450-145
2]83	2J5Y3GT	3E8000-5	3E8000-44	3E8000-7
N16-T-60830	N16-T-55735	N17-L-64608- 5801	N17-L-64604-	N17-L-63201- 4677
83	5Y3 GT/G			
Rectifier Plate Supply	Rectifier Screen and Bias Supply	Adapter for Making Contact to Grid and Plate of Light House Tubes	Adapter for Checking Low Value Capacitors	Connects Top Cap of Tubes to Plate Jack
TUBE, electron: JAN type 83; full wave mercury vapor recti- fier.	TUBE, election: JAN type 5Y3 GT/G full wave rectilier.	LEAD, grid and plate for lighthouse tubes; two #18 AWG stranded copper conductors; 16 #30 AWG strands; neoprene insulation, one red & one black; 5/5" g excluding term; both leads terminated one end in special grid and plate connector for lighthouse tubes Ucinite #1-1348-1 & 2, other end of red lead terminated in Amphenol #71-1S red tip plug, other end of black lead terminated in Amphenol #71-1S black tip plug; u/w Navy Tube Tester model TV-3/U.	LEAD, test: One each of #18 AWG stranded copper conduc- tor 41 #34 AWG strands ½ rubber jacket color coded black and red respectively; Red lead 44″ long excluding term; black lead 14″ long excluding term; One American Phenolic #71-5 speaker plug connects one end of each lead; opposite end black lead connected to American black lead connected to American Phenolic #71-1S black midget plug, opposite end red lead connected to Mueller Electric numbers 45 battery clip and #87 red insulator; p/o Navy Tube Tester Model fV- 3/U	LEAD, test: One #18 AWG stranded copper conductor, 41 #34 AWG strands ½" black rubber; 7½" long excluding term; American Phenolic #71-15 black midget tip plug on one end and Mueller Electric number 87 insulator and 45 battery clip on other end; p/o Navy Tube Tester Model TV-3/L
V-101	V-102	W-101	W-102	W-103

TABLE 8-4 (Cont.) COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

	TOTAL NO.	<u> </u>	н		F ■
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	W-104	- W-105	W-106	W-107
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG. AND PART NO.	Part /dwg #X-12450-152	Part #X-12450 153 Dwg #X-12450 152	Part/dwg #X-12450-180	Part #3675-11
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Hickok Part #X-12450-152	Hickok Part #X-12450-153	Amphenol #63-1W	Cornish Wire #5-108
	ARMY STOCK NO.	3E8000-48.1	3E8000-48	3E8000-10.5	3E7350.1-84.6
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N17-L-63205- 4185	N17-L-63205- 4190	N17-L-63201- 7851	N17-C-48234- 4017
	AWS, JANIOR NAVY TYPE DESIG.				
	FUNCTION	Positive Test Lead for Multimeter Section	Negative Test Lead for Multimeter Section	Connects Top Caps of Tubes to Grid Jack	AC Line Cable
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	LEAD, test: #18 AWG stranded copper conductor, 41 #34 AWG strands, paper wrap, 1/2, red rubber insulation; 4 the long including terminations; American Radio Hdwe #145 red test prod on one end and Amphenol #71-15 red tip plug on other end; p/o Navy Multimeter TV-3/U	LEAD, test: #18 AWG stranded copper conductor, 41 #34 AWG, strands, paper wrap, 1/2," black rubber insulation; 4f long including termination; American Radio Hdwre #145 black test prod on one end and Amphenol #71-1S black tip plug on other end; p/o Navy Multimeter TV-3/U	LEAD, test: One #18 AWG stranded tinned copper conductor, 7 #28 AWG strands 1/2, neoprene black; 10' ig excluding term; One American Phenolic #71-15 black midget tip plug at one end and one Amphenol #63-1 grid cap at other end; p/o Navy Tube Tester Model TV-3/U	CABLE ASSEMBLY, power: underwriters type SJ, two #18 AWG stranded conductors, 300 volts working; 7 ft lg excluding terminations Cornish Wire #52 R two contact male appliance plug on one end, other end stripped 34" and tinned; u/w Navy Tube Tester Model TV-3/U
	SYMBOL DESIG.	W:104	W-105	W-106	W-107

7 ft		9 ft	8 tt	—				
				·		·		
W-108		W-109	W-110	X-101	X-102	X-103	X-104	X-105
			.				9350-	
#23900-244		#23900-289	#23900-288	Part #X-19350- 80	Part #X-19350-	Part #X-19350-	Part #X-19350- 69	Part #X-19356-
						-		
Belden Mfg. Co. Code TINY		Belden Mfg. Co. Code TESTER Red	Belden Mfg. Co. Code TESTER Black	Amphenol Part #77M1P4T	Amphenol Part #77MIPST	Amphenol 78S4T	Amphenol 78S5T	Amphenol 78561
				2Z8674.159	228678.319	228674.158	2Z8675.92	2Z8676.96
				N16-S-60852-	N16-S-63316-	N16-S-60841-	N16-S-61703-	2626 2626
-				7.01	7.9	Z + +	<i>7.</i> 5	7.2
Replacement Wire for W-107		Replacement Test Lead Wire; part of W-101, W-102, and W-104	Replacement Test Lead Wire, part of W-101, W-102, W- 103, W-105 and W- 106	83 Rectifier Tube Socket	5V3 Rectifier Tube Socket	4 Pin Tube Test Socket	5 Pin Tube Test Socket	6 Pin Tube Test Socket
CABLE, power: type SV; two #18 AWG stranded conductors; rated 300 V working.	Note: W-108 is listed as a replacement part only. A molder cable and plug assembly W-107 is used on original equipment.	WIRE, electrical: insulated140" OD overall; one #18 AWG conductor; tinned copper; stranded, 65 strands #36 AWG; cotton wrap, rubber insulation .043" th'k; rated 5000 volts; red.	WIRE, electrical: insulated, 140 OD overall; one #18 AWG conductor; tinned copper; stranded 65 strands #36 AWG cotton wrap, rubber insulation 043" th'k; rated 5000 volts; black	SOCKET, tube: 4 contact; Molded in saddle mig: Iwo 52," mtg holes on 112," mtg/c; Round mica filled brown bakelite 1.172," dia x 15,22," h, excluding term; brass, cad plated.	SOCKET, tube: 8 contact octal: Molded in saddle mtg; Two \hat{s}_{22}^m mtg holes on 11_2^m mtg/c; Round mica tilled brown bakelite 1.172" dia $x \cdot \hat{s}_{22}^m$ h, excludching term; brass cad plated.	SOCKET, Tube: 4 contact; Retainer ring mounting; One 111,4" keyed mtg hole; Kound mica filled brown bakelite 1.172" dia x 716" h excluding tern; cad plated brass.	SOCKET, tube: 5 contact; Retainer ring mounting; One 111, a'' keyed mtg hole; Kound mica filled brown bakelite 1172" dia x 7, b' h excluding term; brass cad plated.	SOCKET, tube: 6 contact; Retainer ring mounting; One 114,4" keyed mtg hole; Round mica filled brown bakelite 1.172" dia x 7,6" h excluding term; Phos bronze cad plated.
W-108		W-109	W-110	X-101	X-102	X-103	X-104	X-105

TABLE 8-4 (Cont.) COMBINED PARTS AND SPARE PARTS LIST

	TOTAL NO.		_	_	-	
	. 0					
	ALL SYMBOL DESIGNA- TIONS INVOLVED	X-106	X-107	X-108	X-109	X-110
	CONTRAC- TOR'S DWG AND PART NO.	Part #X-19350- 71	Part #X-19350- 73	Part #X-19350-72	Part #X-19350- 76	Part /dwg #19350-74
	MFR AND MFR'S DESIG.	Amphenol 78-7CDT	Amphenol 78-58T	Amphenol 78-81,T	Amphenol #140-170-24	Aiden #457\-1
	ARMY STOCK NO.	27.8677.140	228678.318	228678.35	228677.142	228677.139
PARTS	NAVY STOCK NO.	N16-S-62762- 2635	N16-S-63462- 8245	N16-S-63579- 2635	N16-S-62603- 6198	N16-S-62646- 8291
	AWS, JAN OR NAVY TYPE DESIG.					
	FUNCTION	7 Pin Tube Test Socket	8 Pin (Octal) Tube Test Socket	8 Pin (Loktal) Tube Test Socket	7 Pin Miniature Tube Test Socket	Acorn Type Tube Socket
	NAME OF PART AND DESCRIPTION	SOCKET, tube: 7 contact; large and small; Retainer ring mounting; One 14/4" keyed mtg hole; Round mica filled brown bakelite 1.172" dia x 7/6" h excluding term; brass cad plated; pilot light test socket in center.	SOCKET, tube: 8 contact, octal; Retainer ring mounting; One 14% keyed ntg hole; Round mica filled brown bakelite 1.172" dia x 56" h, excluding term; brass cad plated.	SOCKET, tube: 8 contact, loktal: Retainer ring mounting; One 11/64" keyed mtg hole; lound mica filled brown bakelite 1.172" dia x ¼6" h, excluding term; brass cad plated.	SOCKET, tube: 7 contact miniature; Saddle mtg; Two .140" mtg holes on 78" mtg/c; Round mica filled brown bake-lite 136" lg x 476," wd x 196," h, excluding term; brass cad plated.	SOCKET, tube: 7 contact acorn type, special, for testing acorn tubes with either 5 or 7 radial pins; mounts under panel; five ½, diameter mtg holes in flange of shell, 13,6, diam fulled phenolic body 1½,6 diam x 1½,2 deep; phosphor bronze silver plated contacts; spring loaded round silver plated brass plunger contact in base for end pin connection; p/o Navy Tube Tester model TV-3/U.
	SYMBOL DESIG.	X-106	X-107	X-108	X-109	X-110

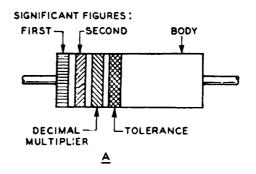
_		9	-	က	7	-
	X-112					
Part #X-19350- X-111 58	Part/dwg X #19350-101	Part #X-2920-7 Dwg. #2920-7	Part #X-2920-8 Dwg. #2920-7	Part/dwg #11500-11	Part/dwg #11500-12	Part #X-3122-6 and Part #X-3122-7
#53F12884	Cinch Míg. Corp. #8694	Friedman Co. #S-330-30	Friedman Co. #S-330-30	Hickok Part #11500-11	Hickok Part #11500-12	Hickok Part #X-3122-6 and X-3122-7
2Z8679.25		221480.47	2Z1480.48	225821-142	2Z5821-141	6D18100
N16-S-64063-		N17-B-840101	N17-B-840101- 2Z1480.48	N17-K-700073- 2Z5821-142 551	N17-K-700068- 701	N16-S-290001-
9 Pin (Miniature) Tube Test Socket	Test socket for subminiature fubes	Part of S-102	Part of S-102	Adjustment Knob for all Rotary Switches with Indexing Etched on Panel	Adjustment Knob for Selector Switches with Dials under Panel	Operating Data
SOCKET, tube: 9 contact 9 Pin (Miniature) miniature; Saddle mounting; Tube Test Socket Two .095" mig holes on 1½" mtg/c; Round mica filled brown bakelite [3," x 1,2," h excluding term; brass cadmium plated.	SOCKET, tube: 8 contact, The sub-miniature; one piece sadmidle mtg; two 1/8" diam mtg holes on 1/8" mtg/c; round mica filled phenolic body 1/8" diam x 1/94" h excluding terminals; flatted sides for locking in mtg saddle; phosphor bronze silver plated contacts; center shield 1/8" ID.	BUTTON, push: p/o Navy tube tester Model TV-3/L; Phenolic black; 15,2" length x 16" dia, push on type to lit 052" x 3,6" flat shaft, with spring; No dimension greater than 1"	BUTTON, Push: p/o Navy tube tester Model TV-3 U. Phenolic, red ½, long x ½, dia, push on type to fit .052" x ¼, dia, push on type to fit .052" x ½, fig. dia, push on type to fit .052" x ¾, fig. flat shaft, with spring; No dfmension larger than I."	KNOB: bar, black phenolic: for 14" diam shaft; single 8-32 set screw; filled white dot; 1 13.2" Ig x 7.8" wd x 13.6" h o.a; shaft hole 34" deep; small metal pointer on lower front edge.	KNOB: bar: black phenolic; for 14" diam shaft; single 8-32 set screw; filled white dot; 192" lg x is, wd x 1316" h o/a; shaft hole 34" deep.	SHEETS, instruction: operatting data; Navy Tube Tester Model TV-3/U; cardboard, white stock, black print; Rectangular 4/2" wide x 16" long; Slides under flanged edging
X-111	X-112					

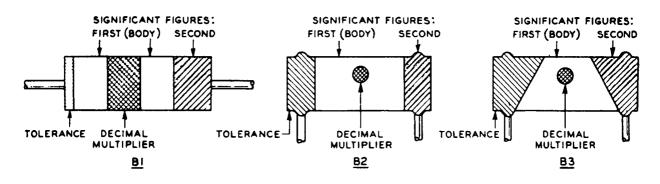
TABLE 8-5. CROSS REFERENCE PARTS LIST

	_													_																		_							
KEY SYMBOL	1103	Sheets, Ins.	N101	7.102	1101	Button, Push	Black	Button, Push	Red	W.107	1101	1102	Knob, bar	Knob, bar	E101	E102	E103	1105	1108	V.103	901.//	W10 4	W105	W102	W101	1110	M101	CR101	S102	S110	S101	S103	S113	S112	5015	5107	S111	T101	
STD. NAVY STOCK NO.	696-101211-8-91	16-S-290001-101	16-S-290001-102	16-T-55735	16-T-60830	17-B-840101-117		17-B-840101-118		17-C-48234-4017	17-C-73108-1999	17-C-73108-2000	17-K-700068-701	17-K-700073-551	17-L-6297	17-L-6686	17-L-6793	17-L-50844-4672	17-L-51678-3452	17-L-63201-4677	17-L-63201-7851	17-L-63205-4185	17-L-63205-4190	17-L-64604-3492	17-L-64608-5801	17-L-76850-3998	17-M-29380-5596	17-R-50882-2338	17-S-58845-3931	17-S-60522-7969	17-S-63709-5349	17-S-66623-4964	17-S-66623-5044	17-S-66623-6814	17-5-70412-4406	17-S-71894-1544	17-S-73959-1025	17-T-73489-5451	
KEY SYMBOL	R 103	R111	R115	R110	R133	R131	R125	R130	R132	R101	R124	R137	R138	R119	R139	R114	R128	R127	R108	R135	R102	R126	R136	R113	R116	R112	X103	X101	¥01X	X105	X109	X110	X106	X107	X102	X108	X111	1104	1105
STD. NAVY STOCK NO.	16-R-67393-2596	16-R-72919-2958	16-R-72964-8201	16-R-72978-7158	16-R-72983-6757	16-R-72994-4551	16-R-73000-9867	16-R-73009-4101	16-R-73110-9701	16-R-73135-6901	16-R-73139-7657	16-R-73216-5957	16-R-73243-8257	16-R-73258-7057	16-R-73271-1558	16-R-73454-3176	16-R-80907-8699	16-R-81073-5099	16-R-81081-6369	16-R-81195-1049	16-R-81199-9849	16-R-81205-5279	16-R-81283-8699	16-R-90301-2675	16-R-90901-1305	16-R-92231-4291	16-S-60841-4271	16-S-60852-2111	16-S-61703-9581	16-S-62152-2626	16-S-62603-6198	16-S-62646-8291	16-S-62762-2635	16-S-63462-8245	16-S-63516-6564	16-S-63579-2635	16-S-64063-6220	16-S-117101-260	10-2-11/11/-5-01
KEY SYMBOL	C103	C104	C102	C105	R104	R129	R121	R106	R109	R113	R103	R107	S106	S107	S-111	V102	V101				KEY SYMBOL			C103	C104	C102	C105	C101	1101	1102	0101	H101	R118	R121	R106	R109	R104	R129	K10/
JAN DESIGNATION	CE63C101E	CM20B471K	CM30B272K	CP26AIEF104K	RC20BF184K	RC20BF334K	RC20BF470K	RC30BF122K	RC30BF153J	RP101FD201KK	RW31F101T	RW31F182	ST42A	ST42D	ST52N	5Y3GT/G	83				STD. NAVY STOCK NO.			16-C-20179-5441	16-C-30114-4276	16-C-32145-5164	16-C-45777-4137	16-C-46343-7706	16-D-46346-6726	16-D-46346-6686	16-D-900201-101	16-P-403561-112	16-R-43688-3689	16-R-49427-811	16-R-49941-231	16-R-50335-751	16-R-50696-811	16-R-50759-811	10-K-00094-5700

TABLE 8-5. CROSS REFERENCE PARTS LIST (Cont.)

_																									,		-	i		
KEY SYMBOL	R111	RÍIS	RITO	K13:	R131	R125	K130	K118	K132	E 2	R124	R137	K138	8118	E130	R112	R116	S102	S113	SIIS	S110	8103	S101	2108	2018	SE	1017	Sheets, Ins.	E102	2010
SIGNAL CORPS STOCK NO.	326020-260	32606+3	3Z6080-66	3Z6085-6	326105-2	3Z6140-12	326190-15	326585-10	326619182-2	37,6637	326640-93	326718-27	326730-48	326739-12	326750-107	327150-9	327330-23	329824-38.3	329825-62.375	329825-62.376	329825-62.377	329825-62.378	329825-62.379	3Z9863-42.A	329863-421)	3Z9863-52N	61)10124-2	6018100	6Z6S06.14	628332
KEY SYMBOL	X111 X111 T101	1980	C101	C103	201.\\	101//	W.103	801	7102	W 105	#01./\	M101	CR101	C10 1	C102	K104	512	R121	R106	8108 8108	R113	R103	R107	⊼128	R114	R127	Z108	R135	R102	R126
SIGNAL CORPS STOCK NO.	228679.25	3DA100-730	3DA250-479	31)B100-45	3E7350.1-84.6	3E8000-5	3E8000-7	3E8000-10.5	3E8000-44	3E8000-48	3E8000-48.1	3F3299-9.2	3H4838-15.3	3K2047121	3K3027221	3RC 20BF184K	3RC20BF334K	3RC20BF470K	3RC30BF122K	3RC30BF153J	3R1'6007	3RW18326	3RW25819	325993[9-1	3Z6001E18-3	3Z6003E5-24	3Z6004E5-12	3Z6006E5-8	3Z6015-102	3Z6017B2-2
KEY SYMBOL	V101 V109	Button, push	black	Button, push	red	1105	1104	1103	1102	101	0101	J102	101	Knob, bar	Knob, bar	E103	E101	1105	1110	H101	X103	X101	X104	X105	X110	X106	X109	X108	X107	X102
SIGNAL CORPS STOCK NO.	2J83 915V3CT	22.1480.47		2Z1480.48		2Z3718.135	2Z3718.136	223718.137	223718.138	223718.142	2Z3876.108	2Z5581-4	225581-5	225821-141	225821-142	2Z5889-16	225952	2Z5956.16	225991-3	227091-225	2Z8674.158	2Z8674.159	228675.92	228676.96	228677.139	228677.140	228677.142	228678.35	2Z8678.318	228678.319





Color	First Significant Figure	Second Significant Figure	Decimal Multiplier	Tolerance
Black	0	0	1	
Brown	1	1	10	± 1%
Red	2	2	100	± 2%
Orange	3	3	1,000	± 3%
Yellow	4	4	10,000	± 4%
Green	5	5	100,000	± 5%
Blue	6	6	1,000,000	± 6%
Violet	7	7	10,000,000	± 7%
Gray	8	8	100,000,000	± 8%
White	9	9	1,000,000,000	± 9%
Gold			0.1	± 5%
Silver			0.01	±10%
No color				±20%

-Fixed Resistors: RMA and AWS Standard Color Codes

TABLE 8-6. APPLICABLE COLOR CODES - RESISTORS

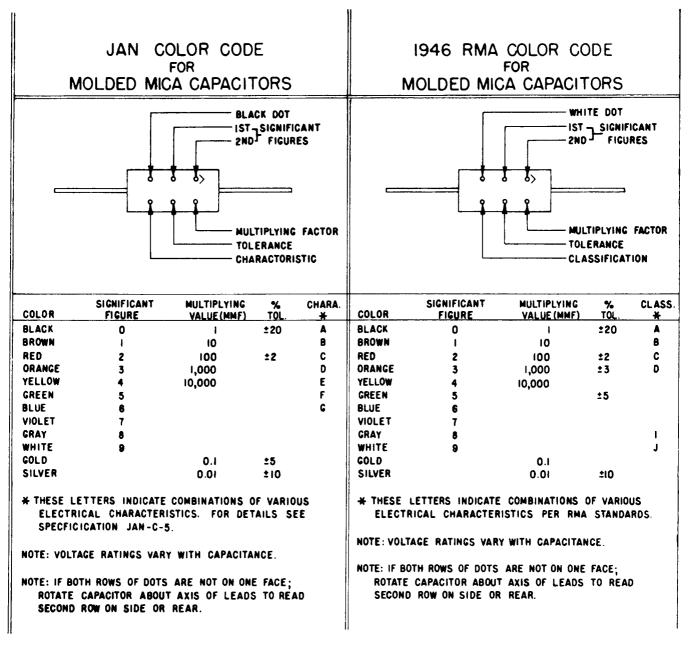


TABLE 8-7. APPLICABLE COLOR CODES - CAPACITORS

LIST OF MANUFACTURERS

	NAME	ADDRESS
Jo		
	Alden Products Co	117 N. Main St., Brockton 64, Mass.
	American Phenolic Corp	1830 S. 54th Ave., Chicago 50, III.
	Bradley Laboratories Inc	80 Meadow St., New Haven 10, Conn.
	Cinch Mfg. Corp	2335 W. Van Buren, Chicago 12, Ill.
Continental Carbon	Continental Carbon Co	13900 Lorain Ave., Cleveland, Ohio
Cornell Dubilier	Cornell Dubilier Elec. Corp	333 Hamilton Blvd., S. Plainfield, N. J.
Cornish	Cornish Wire Co	Room 1010, 15 Park Row, New York, N. Y.
Drake CAYS	Drake Mfg. Co	1713 W. Hubbard St., Chicago 22, III.
Eby CEB	Hugh H. Eby Inc	18 W. Chelten Ave., Phila. 44, Penna.
Friedman	Friedman Co	220 West 23rd St., New York, N. Y.
G. E	General Electric Co	1 River Road, Schenectady, N. Y.
Kurz-KaschCAUP	Kurz-Kasch Co. Inc	1417 S. Broadway, Dayton 1, Ohio
MalloryCMA	P. R. Mallory & Co	3029 E. Washington St., Indianapolis, Ind.
Oak Mfg. Co COC	Oak Míg. Co	1260 Clybourne Ave., Chicago 10, III.
Solar	Solar Mfg. Co	1445 Hudson Blvd., N. Bergen, N. J.
SylvaniaCHS	Sylvania Elec. Prod. Inc	500 Fifth Ave., New York 18, N. Y.
Tung-SolCTL	Tung-Sol Lamp Works Inc	100 8th Ave., Newark 4, N. J.
Ucinite CUF	The Ucinite Co	1 Nevada St., Newtonville, Mass.
Wilkor	Wilkor Products Co	3835 W. 150th St., Cleveland, Ohio